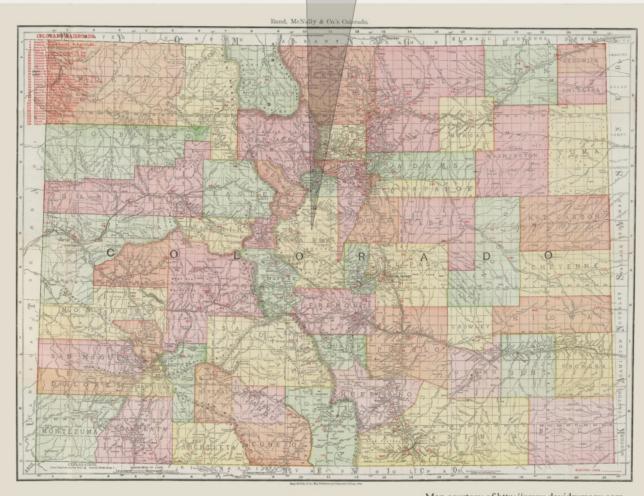
Park County



Map courtesy of http://www.davidrumsey.com

Established: November 1, 1861

County Seat: Fair Play



PARK COUNTY

By William H. Bauer

Park County was one of the original counties authorized by the 1861 Territorial Legislature. The boundaries of the county have remained unchanged since it was created. Tarryall was the first county seat but prior to 1868 it was moved from there to Buckskin. The final move of the county seat was to Fair Play in 1870.

On the east Jefferson and Teller Counties bound Park County. To the south Fremont County shares the boundary. On the west it is Chaffee, Lake and Summit Counties that border Park County. Clear Creek County forms the northern boundary. The county is very roughly rectangular in shape, measuring sixty miles in the north-south direction and about 45 miles maximum in the east-west direction. The north, east and south boundaries are essentially straight lines but the western boundary follows a portion of the Continental Divide, then the crest of the Mosquito Range that separates the South Platte River drainage from the Arkansas River. The southern portion of this irregular boundary is the divide between the Arkansas River and the tributaries that drain south to the Arkansas in Fremont County.

The northern two-thirds of the county is an intermontane basin that forms the famous South Park. Broken by some north south ridges, most of South Park is either gently rolling or nearly level. It lies at elevations that for the most part exceed 9,000 feet. The basin is rimed with mountain ranges that on the northwest include several peaks with crests over 14,000 feet. The southern portion of the county is lower in altitude but is more irregular in topography.

The majority of the county drains into the South Platte River. In addition to the branches of the South Platte, Tarryall Creek is the principal stream within the South Park. A small portion in the southwest corner of the county drains to the Arkansas River by way of Badger Creek and Currant Creek.

Because of its altitude early travel into South Park was often difficult. There were Indian trails from the southeast over Wilkerson Pass (9,525 feet) and from the south up Currant Creek. From the west another trail utilized Trout Creek Pass (9,346 feet). From the north the easiest access was to travel up the North Fork of the South Platte River and cross Kenosha Pass (10,001 feet). That was the route favored by the 1860 gold seekers coming from Denver and the mining districts to the west of Denver.

A route from Breckenridge was developed over Hoosier Pass (11,541 feet). More direct access to the upper Arkansas and to Leadville was by way of Weston Pass (11,900 feet) and Mosquito Pass (13,188 feet). All of these routes are still in use but the Weston Pass and Mosquito Pass routes are recommended as four-wheel drive, seasonal routes.

Wagon roads were followed by the railroads. The Denver, South Park, and Pacific was the first railroad to come to the South Park, entering by way of Kenosha Pass and departing by way of Trout Creek Pass. The Denver and South Park built a branch line from Garo to Fair Play and on to the London Mine near Alma. Another branch connected Fair Play with the mines at Leavick on Fourmile Creek. A main line was built from Como over Boreas Pass to Breckenridge and from there followed a circuitous route to Leadville. Today a Forest Service road utilizes that old railroad grade. The Colorado Midland was the second railroad to cross South Park. It came from Colorado Springs entering Park County near Lake George and, like the Denver and South Park, exited by way of Trout Creek Pass.

Today, US Highway 24 roughly follows the route of the Colorado Midland and US Highway 285 roughly parallels the route of the Denver and South Park. The other major highway in Park County is Colorado Highway 9. That road enters from the south by way of the Currant Creek Valley and goes north-northwest to Fair Play and then over Hoosier Pass to Breckenridge. Park County Road 77 begins near Lake George and for most of its route follows Tarryall Creek to Jefferson. There are other county roads that penetrate portions of the county but many are dead ends and there are large sections of the

county where only farm and ranch roads exist. Examination of some maps may lead you to think otherwise. There have been several attempts to subdivide large tracts of South Park. Most of these failed but the platted roads still decorate some maps.

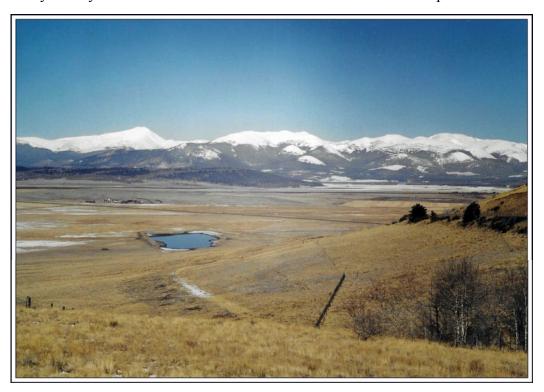
Initially mining was the key to the economy. At first mining was from placer deposits on the upper reaches of Tarryall Creek and at Fair Play. The placer mining was soon followed by the discovery of gold and silver lodes that were exploited by traditional shaft mining. Smelters and mills were built to process the ores. The 1893 repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase Act doomed all but the richest of the silver mines and gradually even the richest ores played out. The final stage of mining was the appearance of large dredges that scoured the gravels of the streams that originated in the mountains that had produced the gold ores. After a few years that mining activity also ended, leaving behind long, ugly tailings piles that still scar the landscape.

As mining faded, ranching grew in prominence. Although the season is short, South Park does produce good hay crops and summer grazing. Most of the livestock was brought in for the summer months, then taken out before the winter set in. Ranching is still a significant activity in the South Park region. The growing season is too short to support most agriculture.

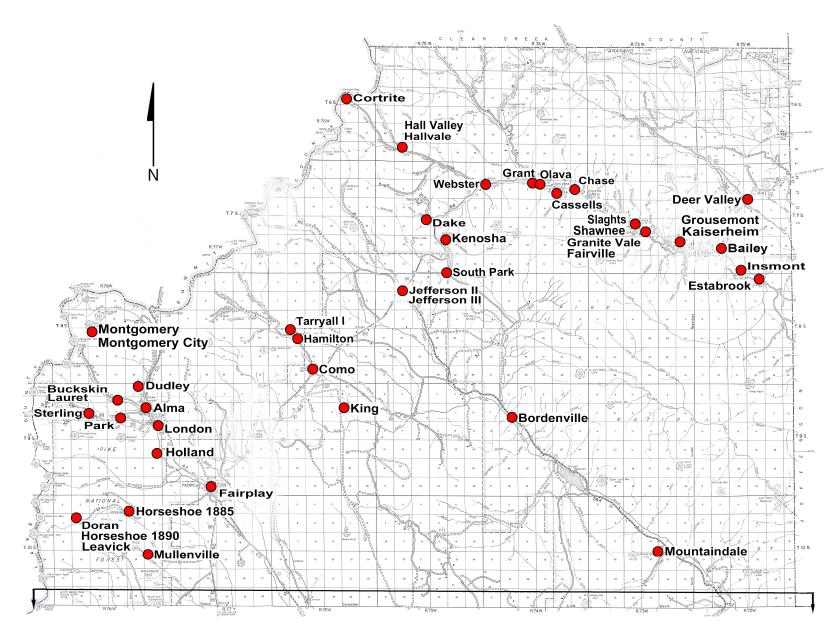
The manufacturing industry has played almost no part in the economy of Park County. The remote, high altitude location precludes most such development. In recent years the focus has shifted more towards tourism and outdoor recreation. There is abundant game and the streams are well stocked with fish. Hiking in the high country draws heavily from the Denver and Colorado Springs areas.

Many from the metropolitan areas have acquired land and built small, sometimes large, summer or weekend homes. However, they have to contend with the harsh climate of bitter cold winters and often high winds that sweep the park.

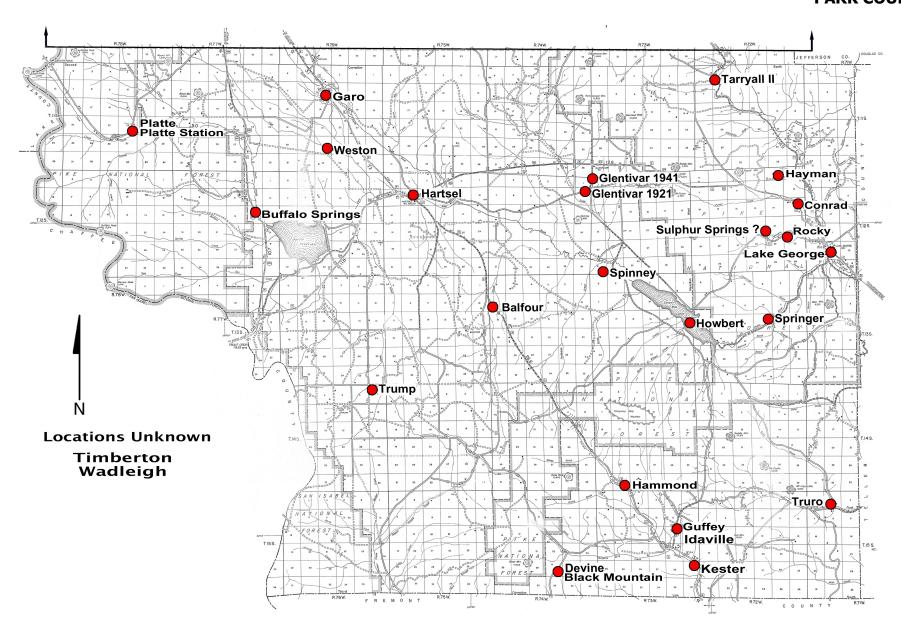
The mining is long gone but its relics remain to impress the visitor. The scenery is spectacular. From Kenosha Pass, the first view of the South Park is something no one forgets. Park County is deeply rooted in the early history of Colorado and has much of interest to visitors and permanent residents.



South Park from Kenosha Pass
Photograph by Jim Ozment May 20, 2008



Post Office Location Map – Northern Park County



Post Office Location Map - Southern Park County

ALMA

Placer mining on the Middle Fork of the South Platte River was the impetus for this community. That activity began in the late 1860's but it was a number of significant silver discoveries in the early 1870's that led to the establishment of the town of Alma.

The origin of the name is open to conjecture. There was Alma Graves whose husband ran the Alma Mine, Alma Trevor reportedly the first child born there, or Alma Jaynes, popular daughter of an unpopular early settler. The latter choice might be correct since the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report proposed the name of Janesville, which was rejected in favor of Alma. Of course, it could have been named collectively for the abundance of Almas.

In 1872 Alma was formally established at the junction of Buckskin Creek with the South Platte River. The town was incorporated the next year.

Alma grew as the principal source of supplies for the miners in the upper portion of the South Park along the South Platte River. With its proximity to good mines, Alma became an important concentrating and smelting center.

Alma has continued to exist as a town. There are a number of residences and the town provides limited services to residents scattered along Colorado Highway 9 between Fair Play and the ascent to Hoosier Pass.

A few years back the town made the headlines when a disgruntled ex-postal employee rammed his pickup truck into the post office.

Alma is five miles north of Fair Play on Colorado Highway 9.

Latitude = 39:17:02 North Longitude = 106:03:44 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 2 1872	NW/4 Sec 12 T9S R78W At the junct	tion of the South Platte River and Buckskin Creek
	West of the river, north of the creek	The sketch map shows it as Janesville.
Mar 7 1873	Established	
Mar 7 1873	Janes, Addison M.	
Oct 12 1873	Bozzell, George W.	
Sep 3 1874	Maynahan, James	
Oct 13 1876	Edgar, Charles E.	
Jun 18 1877	Harrison, Lisle R.	
Jan 13 1883	Parks, Maggie T.	P&S [Apptd. by President & confirmed by Senate]
Jul 1 1884	Parks, Maggie T.	
Dec 22 1885	Brooks, James G.	
May 23 1889	Maynahan, Katherine	
Dec 22 1894	Brooks, James G.	
Oct 27 1896	NW/4 SE/4 NW/4 Sec 12 T9S R78W	1000 feet west of the South Platte river
	500 feet north of Buckskin Creek	
Mar 21 1898	Maynahan, James	
May 31 1912	Maynahan, Ambrose E.	
May 1 1914	SW/4 Sec 12 T9S R78W	
Dec 22 1914	Hagman, Celia V.	
Apr 12 1918	Thomas, George M.	
May 31 1919	Grishaber, John R.	
Oct 14 1920	Clark, Margaret E	Confirmed
Oct 16 1933	Frazier, Thomas J.	Acting
Oct 24 1933	Frazier, Thomas J.	Assumed charge
May 23 1934	Frazier, Mrs. Ida S.	Nominated
May 31 1934	Frazier, Mrs. Ida S.	Confirmed
Jun 28 1934	Frazier, Mrs. Ida S.	Commissioned
Nov 13 1937	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Acting
Nov 21 1937	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Assumed charge

Al	LMA – Continued		
	Apr 25 1938	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Nominated
	May 2 1938	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Confirmed
	May 6 1938	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Appointed Presidential
	May 23 1938	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Commissioned
	Jun 1 1938	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Assumed charge
	Oct 22 1941	Sec 12 T9S R78W South Platte River is	1/4 mile east of post office
	Dec 11 1942	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Nominated
	Dec 16 1942	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Confirmed
	Dec 21 1942	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Appointed Presidential
	Jan 12 1943	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Commissioned
	Feb 1 1943	Parker, Mrs. Frances M.	Assumed charge
	Sep 21 1943	Leaf, Mrs. Eileene O.	Acting
	Jul 28 1944	Galloway, Mrs. Mary M.	Confirmed
	Jul 1 1944	•	Office relegated
	Jul 12 1944	Galloway, Mrs. Mary M.	Assumed charge
	May 17 1946	Galloway, Mrs. Mary M.	Confirmed
	Jun 11 1946	Galloway, Mrs. Mary M.	Commissioned
	Jun 20 1946	Galloway, Mrs. Mary M.	Assumed charge
	Mar 15 1951	Hornbacker, Cecil V.	Assumed charge
	Mar 27 1951	Hornbacker, Cecil V.	Acting
	Apr 8 1952	Brown, Mrs. Laurette J.	Confirmed
	May 2 1952	Brown, Mrs. Laurette J.	Commissioned
	Jun 15 1952	Brown, Mrs. Laurette J.	Assumed charge
	Aug 27 1953	Gracey, Mrs. Laurette J.	Name changed by marriage
	Jul 1 1956		Office made Presidential
	Jul 1 1958		Office relegated, 4th class
	Jul 1 1969		Office relegated
	Jul 23 1971	Burton, Mrs. Marjorie N.	Declined
	Jul 30 1971	Swartz, Raymond H.	Officer in charge
	Dec 11 1971	Swartz, Raymond H.	Appointed, Commissioned & Possession
	Oct 8 1977	Burton, Mrs. Marjorie	Officer in charge
	Feb 23 1980	Burton, Mrs. Marjorie	Appointed

Confirmed types of postal markings

1	ALMA / COL.	Feb 16 187- Jun 22 1874
	CI 10P 24.5	Hstp Target
2	Alma Colo	May 7 1875
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel
3	ALMA / COLO.	Jan 17 187- Jun 12 1884
	CI 10P 25.0	Hstp Cork, Negative X-roads
4	ALMA / COL.	May 7 1885 Dec 5 1893
	CI 10P 27.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge, Negative X-roads
5	ALMA, / COLO.	Mar 1 1888
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Not recorded
6	ALMA / COLO.	Aug 26 1889 Apr 12 1899
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge, Negative X-roads
7	ALMA / COLO.	Aug 20 1900 Apr 11 1912
	CI 10P 29.0	Cork, Smudge
8	ALMA, / COLO.	Aug 27 1914 Nov 26 1915
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x20mm
8.1	ALMA / COLO.	Aug 12 1907 Sep 11 1910
	CI 10P 30.0	Dplx Grid, 8-bar oval
9	ALMA / COLO.	Nov 26 1929 Jun 4 1935
	CI 10P 30.0	Dplx Grid, 9 bar oval

ALMA – Continued 10
JUN 22 COL. Slenge Goder 1875 FEB P FEB P COL. 1 2 COL. 4
MAR 1888 COLO: 5 DEC 18 9AM 1894 COLO: 6 PLMA APR 11 8AM 1912 COLO: 7 COLO: 8
SEP 11 1910 10AM COLO. 8.1
JUL 13 1970 A M 80420 11 NA, CO FEB 14 PM 1978 80420 12
JUN 24

ALMA – Continued

15 ALMA, CO / USPO Jun 24 1991

CI 11P 30.0/18.0 Hstp No killer

16 ALMA CO 80420-9998 / USPS Aug 31 1998 May 13 2002

CI 11P 28.5/19.0 Hstp No killer

AUXILIARY MARKINGS

A 1 alma, colorado Mar 10 1888

IR 00R 32.0x14.0 Hstp Pointing hand with "RETURN TO WRITER"

BAILEY

In 1864 Elizabeth Entriken and Ann Bailey with her husband William Bailey settled on the North Fork of the Platte River. The ladies, from Wisconsin, were the sisters of John L. Dyer, the famed Methodist circuit rider.

Legend has it that William Bailey was no fan of civilization and of railroads in particular. Hence he selected this rather remote location in the belief that it would never see a railroad. However, in 1878 the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad built up the South Platte and reached the present location of the town of Bailey. It is claimed that the railroad went through Bailey's ranch, right between his house and his barn! There is no escaping civilization.

In the years between Bailey's settlement on the North Fork and the arrival of the railroad, the ranch served as a stage station and way stop on the road from Denver to the South Park mining districts. It was known as Bailey's Ranch or Bailey's Station. With the arrival of the railroad the name was shortened to the simpler Bailey. The ranch was located on the river, about three-quarters of a mile southeast of the preset day town of Bailey.

With the arrival of the railroad, the post office at Deer Valley was closed and moved about three miles to the railroad and became the Bailey Post Office.

The arrival of the railroad did not diminish the importance of Bailey. It continued to be a rest stop and supply point on the route west to the South Park. With its location on US Highway 285, Bailey still fulfills that purpose. The area is also growing as a suburb to the Denver Metropolitan Area and has become even more of a business center with stores and restaurants.

Latitude = 39:24:20 North Longitude = 105:28:22 West

Chronology of the Post Office

mi unulugy ui	tiit i	OSt Office		
Oct 3 1877		NE/4 SW/4 Sec 29 T7S R72W [R	eport filed for Deer Valley]	
		6/32 miles (??) west of Crow Bran	nch Creek Site known as Bailey,	
		formerly Bailey's Ranch	•	
Nov 20 1878		Post Office moved from Deer Valley		
Nov 20 1878		Barnescino, Rufus D.		
Apr 28 1879		McGraw, Edward		
Nov 16 1880		McGraw, Blanche		
May 22 1889		Morrow, William A.		
Aug 27 1892		Morrow, Blanche		
Mar 23 1898		SE/4 SW/4 Sec 29 T7S R72W 350 feet north of the North Fork of		
		the South Platte River 3/4 miles	south of Deer Creek	
Jan 31 1900		Fitzsimmons, Charles L.	Declined	
Jun 14 1900		Barnett, Joseph	Case withdrawn	
Jun 18 1900		McFarland, Albert		
Oct 31 1901		McFarland, Albert	Appointment rescinded	
Sep 27 1892		Morrow, Blanche		
May 2 1914		SW/4 Sec 29 T7S R72W		
Dec 22 1914		McGraw, Alanson R.		

BAILEY – Continued

Sep 3 1925	Proctor, James S.	Acting
Dec 10 1925	Langhofer, Mrs. Adaleen	S
Jan 31 1927	Fleming, Mrs. Margarette	Acting
Mar 15 1927	McMillan, Mrs. Virginia M.	Confirmed
Mar 25 1927	McMillan, Mrs. Virginia M.	Commissioned
Apr 1 1927	McMillan, Mrs. Virginia M.	Assumed charge
Jun 15 1934	McGraw, Miss Helen	Assumed charge
Jun 26 1934	McGraw, Miss Helen	Acting
Apr 12 1935	McGraw, Miss Helen	Confirmed
Jul 20 1935	McGraw, Miss Helen	Confirmed
Aug 1 1935	McGraw, Miss Helen	Assumed charge
Sep 29 1937	McGraw, Alanson R.	Assumed charge
Oct 8 1937	McGraw, Alanson R.	Acting
Jan 20 1938	McGraw, Alanson R.	Confirmed
Feb 21 1938	McGraw, Alanson R.	Commissioned
Mar 1 1938	McGraw, Alanson R.	Assumed charge
Oct 21 1941	NE/4 Sec 29 T7S R72W	_
Jan 31 1945	Burgess, Mrs. Ruth M.	Assumed charge
Sep 14 1945	Burgess, Mrs. Ruth M.	Confirmed
Nov 6 1945	Burgess, Mrs. Ruth M.	Commissioned
Nov 15 1945	Burgess, Mrs. Ruth M.	Assumed charge
Jul 1 1950	_	Office made Presidential
Oct 28 1966	Bisgard, Carl F.	Acting
Oct 2 1968	Bisgard, Carl F.	Confirmed
Oct 4 1968	Bisgard, Carl F.	Acting
Oct 8 1968	Bisgard, Carl F.	Commissioned
Oct 18 1968	Bisgard, Carl F.	Assumed charge
	5	· ·



BAILEY, / COLO.

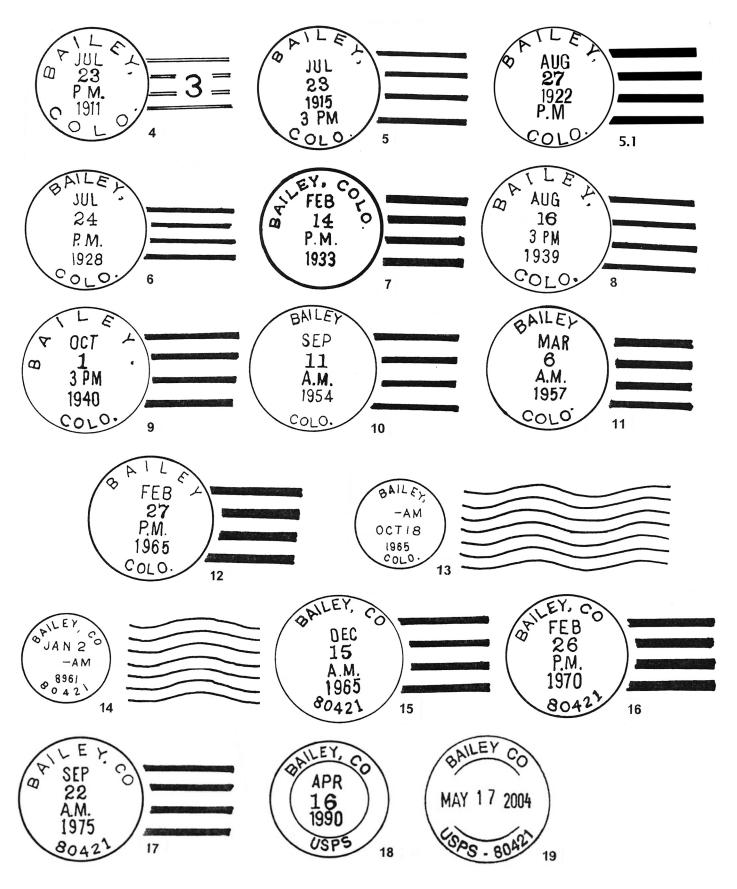
BAILEY – Continued

	DAILEY - Continued					
Confiri	ned types of postal markings					
1	Bailey Col		Feb 14 1880 Aug 12 1880			
	MS	Mscp Pen Cancel	C			
1.A	Bailey Colo	•	Jun 13 1881			
	MS	Mscp Pen Cancel				
2	BAILEY, / COLO.		Jul 23 1885 Nov 12 1886			
_	CI 10P 24.0	Dplx Grid, oval witl				
3	BAILEY / COLO.	Dpin Griu, ovar with	Mar 5 1900 Sep 1 1902			
Ü	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring	-			
4	BAILEY, / COLO.	ristp ranget, rring	Jul 26 1905 Dec 12 1911			
7	CI 10P 28.0	Doane Type 2, with 3				
5	BAILEY, / COLO.	Doane Type 2, with s	Jul 21 1912 Dec 30 1915			
3	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x19mm	Jul 21 1712 Dec 30 1713			
5.1	BAILEY, / COLO.	40a18 5-25x17111111	Aug 27 1922			
3.1		4bars S-25x20mm A				
	CI 10P 32.0	4Dars 5-25x20IIIII A				
6	BAILEY, / COLO.	41 C 25-14	Jul 24 1928			
-	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-25x14mm	E 1 14 1022			
7	BAILEY, COLO.	41 0 00 40	Feb 14 1933			
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-??x19mm	T 100 100 T 1 1 (1000			
8	BAILEY, / COLO.	47	Jul 28 1935 Aug 16 1939			
	CI 10P 33.5	4bars S-25x20mm				
9	BAILEY. / COLO.		Aug 14 1940 Apr 10 1943			
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm				
10	BAILEY / COLO.		Jul 19 1951 Sep 11 1954			
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm				
11	BAILEY / COLO.		Mar 6 1957 Jul 6 1959			
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-??x19mm				
11.1	BAILEY, / COLO.		1950s			
	RC 10P 37.0x17.0	Hstp No killer, Parc	cel Post Box style			
		[NOT AVA	ILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION]			
12	BAILEY / COLO.		Feb 27 1965			
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-24x20mm				
13	BAILEY, / COLO.		Oct 18 1965			
	CI 10P 23.0	Mach 7 wavy lines				
14	BAILEY, CO / 80421		Aug 4 1966 Sep 27 1968			
	CI 10P 23.0	Mach 7 wavy lines				
15	BAILEY, CO / 80421	•	Dec 15 1965 Sep 8 1970			
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x20mm	•			
16	BAILEY, CO / 80421		Feb 26 1970 Nov 15 1973			
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-24x19mm				
17	BAILEY, CO / 80421		Sep 22 1975 May 17 1979			
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-24x19mm	·			
18	BAILEY, CO / USPS		Apr 16 1990			
-	CI 11P 30.0/20.0	Hstp No killer				
19	BAILEY CO / USPS-80421	1	Mar 24 1998 May 17 2004			
	CI 11P 33.0/21.5	Hstp No killer				
		- I				

Bailey Tog
2/4/8h 1 Bailey Ew 8
1.A



BAILEY - Continued



BALFOUR

Signs of gold were first observed here in the 1860's. However, it was not until 1893 that there was an attempt to develop the prospect. The town of Balfour began in November 1893 and developed into a small mining community. The boom lasted only a short while. The site was abandoned and the harsh winters of South Park soon leveled the hastily erected buildings.

The town served one last purpose; for a few years the old buildings were a source of lumber for others living in the area.

Balfour was located on the banks of Buffalo Creek (Slough) about eight miles south of Hartsel. From Hartsel, drive south on Colorado Highway 9 seven and one-half miles to some sort of a development on the west side of the highway. Balfour, according to the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report, was located in the vicinity of the entrance to this development. Nothing remains of the original town.

Latitude = 38:54:26 North Longitude = 105:43:26 West



BALFOUR / COLO.

March 1, 1899

Chronology of the Post Office

Jan 18 1894 ---SE/4 SW/4 Sec 7 T13S R74W Buffalo Slough 3 miles east Feb 6 1894 **Established** Feb 6 1894 King, Adolphe J. Dec 8 1896 Mores, Mary E. Dec 26 1905 **Ordered closed** Closing order rescinded Jan 31 1906 **Ordered closed** Dec 24 1906 Jan 31 1907 **Discontinued Mail to Hartsel**

BALFOUR - Continued

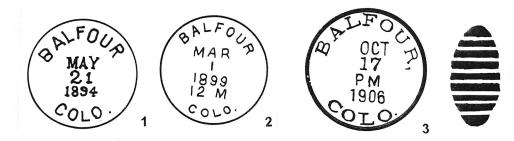
Confirmed types of postal markings

BALFOUR / COLO. May 21 1894

CI 10P 28.0 Hstp Cork smudge BALFOUR / COLO. Mar 1- 1899 CI 10P 27.5 Hstp Cork smudge

3 BALFOUR, / COLO. Oct 17 1906 CI 11P 31.0/29.0

Dplx Grid, 9-bar oval



BLACK MOUNTAIN

The Black Mountain Post Office was first called Devine. That office was established when Josiah Beeler came to the area from Kansas and opened a store.

I have found brief references to a town called Badger City and to Black Mountain City, both of which may have existed in the area prior to the arrival of Mr. Beeler.

Having visited the location it seems very unlikely that Black Mountain was ever more than a remote ranch post office and country store.

In May of 2002 Jim Ozment and I set out to visit the location of Black Mountain. According to my General Highway Map of Park County there were two ways to get to the site from Colorado Highway 9. We chose to come in from the north. I don't know what we did wrong but we wound up making a loop and coming back to where we started without ever having found Black Mountain. It was late in the day so we abandoned the chase.

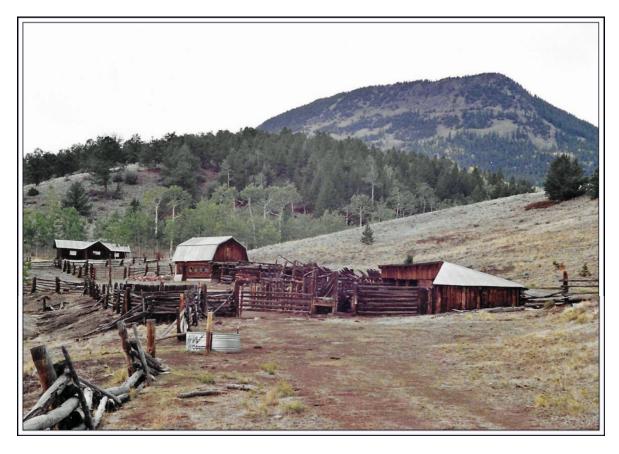
In September 2002, we returned to the area to make a second attempt to find Black Mountain. We chose to take the southern approach. We began on Colorado Highway 9 at the intersection with Park County Road 59 - the road to Guffey. From there go north one and a half miles to Park County Road 88. Go six miles west on Road 88 to the intersection with Road 107 and turn south. We went a mile and a half further, going through one gate but stopping at a second gate where we turned around thinking that we had passed the location.

As we came back over a ridge I saw a ranch a couple hundred yards up a side draw. It was hidden from our view when we first passed by. We drove in and found an old house, barn and corrals. On the return to Road 88 we found a large, square pit with evidence of a nearby structure. Both of these sites were near the base of Black Mountain and I believe that they were the location for the Black Mountain Post Office and store.

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 23 1897 ---SE/4 Sec 27 T15S R74W [Report filed for Devine] 1 mile south of 31 Mile Creek Jun 20 1899 Formerly named Devine Jun 20 1899 Beeler, Josiah S. Sep 29 1900 Smith, George W. Feb 6 1901 Beeler, Anna V. Oct 14 1911 **Discontinued Mail to Guffey**

BLACK MOUNTAIN - Continued



Ranch buildings at the location of the Black Mountain Post Office Black Mountain is in the background.

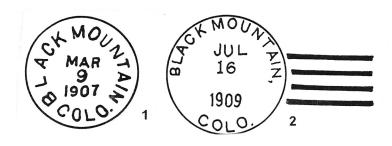
Photograph by William H. Bauer

September 11, 2002

Confirmed types of postal markings

- BLACK MOUNTAIN / COLO.
 CI 10P 29.0
- 2 BLACK MOUNTAIN, / COLO. CI 10P 31.0

Mar 9 1907 Nov 26 1907 Hstp Oval grid; This may be a duplex with oval Jul 16 1909 Oct 2 1909 4bars S-24x13mm grid, used separately



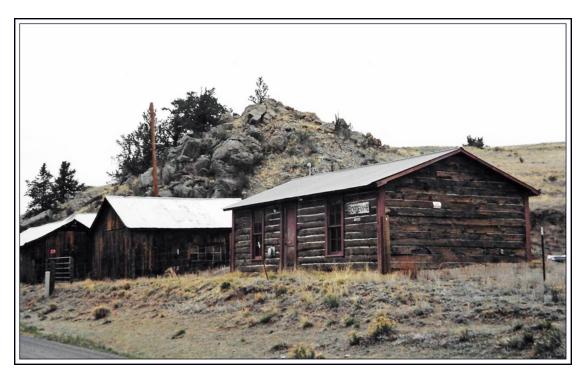
BORDENVILLE

In 1865 Timothy and Olney Borden settled on Tarryall Creek nine miles southeast of present day Jefferson. They established a ranch, engaged in logging and ran a general merchandise store. The location was on the road from Colorado City to the mines in northern South Park. At its peak the settlement had a population of about fifty. It was a stage stop and there was a blacksmith. The settlement became known as Bordenville and for five years Olney Borden operated the post office.

For many years Bordenville was an important stop on the wagon road but in 1879 with the arrival in South Park of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad much of the wagon traffic was diverted to the railroad. Bordenville declined but remained an active small community engaged in lumbering and stock raising.

Bordenville is located on Park County Road 77, thirty-two miles north from US Highway 24 and about nine miles from Jefferson and US 285. The site is easy to recognize. It is an active ranch, now raising bison. There are three old buildings on the north side of the road, one of which bears a sign Bordenville. The ranch house on the south side of the road is the original Borden ranch house and was where the post office was located. The Bordenville Cemetery is on the hillside a short distance south of the ranch and on the north side of the road. [SRM: the road runs NW-SE so this is possible.]

Latitude = 39:16:34 North Longitude = 105:40:59 West



Buildings at the site of the Bordenville Post Office Photograph by William H. Bauer May 17, 2004

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 5 1879 --- NE/4 Sec 8 T9S R74W Close to the Tariall

I believe this should have been the SE corner of Section 8

Proposed postmaster - Olney A. Borden

Sep 29 1879 Established

Sep 29 1879 Borden, Olney A.

Nov 28 1884 Discontinued Mail to Jefferson

BORDENVILLE – Continued Confirmed types of postal markings NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM BORDENVILLE

BUCKSKIN

In August 1859 a party of prospectors led by Joseph Higganbottom and including A. Fairchilds, D. Berger, W. H. K. Smith, David J. Griest and C. W. Darling made an important placer discovery on what became known as Buckskin Creek. Higganbottom, an old time mountaineer, had a penchant for wearing clothes made of Buckskin, hence his nickname Buckskin Joe. The new camp was quickly named Buckskin Diggings and at first the stream was Fairchilds Branch.

A year later the town that had grown as Buckskin was officially given a new name - Laurette or Lauret. It is believed that the new name combined the names of the daughters of Horace Dodge - Laura and Jeanette. A variant identifies the ladies as the wives of two brothers named Dodge.

There were numerous mines along Buckskin Creek and on the mountains bordering the stream. However, the community of Laurette/Buckskin never grew to any significance and it soon became little more than a scattering of cabins for the miners.

The residents preferred the name Buckskin and in December 1865 the name of the post office was changed to Buckskin. At the time Horace A. W. Tabor was the postmaster and operated a store at Buckskin.

From the south end of Alma turn west onto Forest Service Road 416. It is about one mile to an open, level area that was the location of the community. Almost nothing remains but there are signs of the mining activity and the Buckskin Cemetery is hidden in the trees to the north of Buckskin Creek.

It is difficult to separate the history of Buckskin and Laurette, hence the above comments will be repeated below for Laurette.

Latitude = 39:17:24 North Longitude = 106:05:42 West BUCKSKIN JOE MINE



BUCKSKIN / COL.

BUCKSKIN - Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Oct 14 1861 --- Not surveyed [Report filed for Laurette] There is a answer

to the question of nearest office on the other side:

Oro City California Gulch but merely a supply office but not in operation.

Dec 21 1865 Formerly named Laurette
Dec 21 1865 Tabor, Horace A. W.
Jun 26 1868 Bergh, Abraham
Dec 7 1869 Morse, Frederick C.

Feb 25 1871 --- Not surveyed 2 miles south of a branch of the South Platte

1/2 mile north of Fairchilds or Buckskin Creek

Dec 8 1871 Edmonds, Walter
Jan 9 1872 Bergh, Abraham
Jan 24 1873 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 BUCKSKIN / COL. Feb 17 186- Sep 9 1867 CI 10P 24.5 Hstp Target, 5-ring 19mm



BUFFALO SPRINGS

Buffalo Springs was a ranch and a small resort about two miles north of where Buffalo Creek crosses modern US Highway 285. There was a hotel to accommodate visitors and it was less than two miles from a station on the Denver South Park, and Pacific Railroad.

I have not found a report as to what the attraction was at Buffalo Springs. It is possible that the springs were mineralized and considered to be therapeutic.

There may have been a small community, as the 1884 population was reported to be twenty. Also there is a small cemetery on the west side of US 285.

The landmark for locating the site of Buffalo Springs is a large campground and RV Park at Buffalo Creek. A mile north of there, on the east side of US 285, is a good-sized modern house with some outbuildings. I believe that group of buildings is the site of Buffalo Springs. There is a small lake near the road.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 20 1875	SW/4 Sec 14 T12S R77W Two miles north of Buffalo Creek
May 28 1975	Established
May 28 1875	Green, George H.
Jan 20 1882	NE/4 Sec 14 T12S R77W 1-1/2 miles west of the Platte river
	3 miles northwest of Buffalo Creek
Jan 24 1882	Sweet, John L.
Sep 27 1892	Shoemaker, Emma A.
Jul 9 1908	Parmalee, Eva Y.
Mar 4 1910	Newitt, Ward M.
Dec 8 1910	De Yarman, Mary
May 15 1912	Discontinued Mail to Garo

BUFFALO SPRINGS – Continued Confirmed types of postal markings

1 BUFFALO SPRINGS / COLO. CI 10P 25.0

2 BUFFALO SPRINGS / COLO. CI 10P 27.0

3 BUFFALO SPRINGS, / COLO. CI 10P 30.5 Sep 9 1885

Hstp Cork, smudge

Dec 26 1886 Apr 20 1900

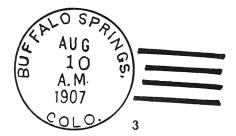
Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm

Jan 27 1907 Oct 1 1910

4bars S-24x14mm







CASSELLS

Cassells was a stop on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad at milepost 64.50, elevation 8,419 feet and one mile west of Chase.

In 1885 David N. Cassells was the station agent at the location and he became postmaster when the Cassells Post Office was authorized in 1899. Lulu Cassells, perhaps his wife, followed David.

A small community developed at Cassells, largely a summer resort providing outdoor activities and fishing in the North Fork of the South Platte River.

In 1930 John L. Dower and his wife Mary Mullen Dower purchased the resort from the Cassells estate. They opened the establishment to Catholic Charities to be used as a summer camp for underprivileged boys and girls between the ages of eight and fifteen. By 1931 the camp had been renamed Camp Santa Maria and was offering three-week summer sessions using the old hotel.

The old hotel and summer house have been demolished but Camp Santa Maria still hosts summer visitors. In the 1950's The Mary Mullen Dower Benevolent Corporation leased the camp to Catholic Community Services, which additionally offers retreats and autumn camping for senior citizens.

The complex of buildings is a short distance north of US Highway 285. The fifty-five foot statue of Christ the King, on the slope north of the river, identifies your approach to the site.

Chronology of the Post Office

Apr 30 1899 ---SE/4 Sec 11 T7S R74W 150 feet south of the South Platte 450 feet south of Brandy Creek South side of the Colorado and Southern, 100 feet from track Proposed postmaster - David Nelson Cassell Jun 19 1899 Established Jun 19 1899 Cassell, David N. Oct 22 1912 Cassell, Lulu P. Jul 10 1914 ---N/2 SE/4 SE/4 SE/4 NE/4 SW/4 Sec 11 T7S R74W 100 yards south of the North Fork of the South Platte River 2 miles east of Geneva Creek Sep 4 1929 Ordered closed Sep 30 1929 **Discontinued Mail to Shawnee**

CASSELLS – Continued

Confirmed	types	of	postal	markings
Committee	types	O1	postar	mai kings

> CASSELLS, / COLO. CI 10P 32.0

Sep 4 1905 Hstp Target 4-ring

Jul 21 1906 Sep 15 1908

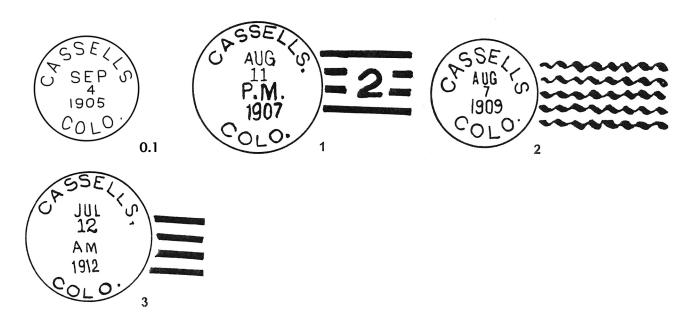
Doane Type 3, with 2; S-24x16mm

Aug 18 1908 May 3 1910

Hstp 4 wavy bars

Jun 1 1911 Sep 30 1929

4bars S-25x20mm



CHASE

3

Very little has been recorded about Chase. It was located at milepost 63.5 on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad, at an elevation of 8,353 feet. The same source states that the place was known by a number of names: Chase, Weller and Llangollan. The Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report adds two more: Washburn and Chaseville. The Post Office Department assigned the shorter version - Chase.

Although I have no information as to the source of the name, it was likely named for a local resident.

The precise location of Chase is difficult to pin down. The location is about four miles west of Shawnee, on the north side of US Highway 285. This is an area of a broad meadow along the North Fork of the South Platte River. There is a ranch complex on the north side of the river and at least two small homes just below the highway near the western end of the meadow.

The anomaly with Chase is that the post office lasted from 1892 to 1911. For much of that time there was another post office about a mile further west, at Cassells (1899-1929). And, the post offices at Grant and Shawnee were not far from the site of Chase.

From Bailey to the eastern foot of Kenosha Pass is about thirteen miles. During the last twenty years of the nineteenth century and the first twenty years of the twentieth century there were seven post offices (not counting changes in name) that operated in the area for all or a good portion of that time. This seems like overkill for a rather sparsely populated section. Perhaps the summer influx of visitors contributed to the need for the convenience of all these post offices.

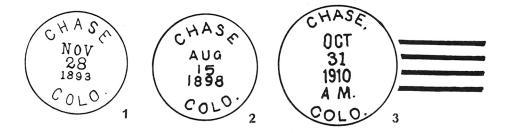
CHASE – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

May 21 1892 ---W/4 Sec 12 T7S R74W 150 feet south of the Platte River 100 feet south of the Denver & South Park RR Proposed postmaster - John Frank Hiltz **Established** Jul 15 1892 Jul 15 1892 Hiltz, John F. Sep 27 1892 Elder, Albin R. Oct 5 1905 McDonald, James R. Feb 19 1906 Bohannan, Edward P. Apr 21 1910 Miller, Benjamin A. Oct 31 1911 **Discontinued Mail to Cassells**

Confirmed types of postal markings

	V 1 1	0
1	CHASE / COLO.	Dec 2- 1892 Oct 28 1896
	CI 10P 27.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge, Target, 4-ring
2	CHASE / COLO.	Aug 15 1898 Jan 14 1906
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm, Cork, Smudge
3	CHASE, / COLO.	Dec 19 1910 Oct 31 1910
	CI 10P 31.5	4bars S-24x13mm



COMO

The Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad established Como. The town was laid out in 1879 on the old Stubbs Ranch and the railroad owned the entire townsite.

The discovery of coal deposits (see the discussion of King) south of Como helped to make it an important location for the railroad. Many of the workers at the coal mines were Italians and supposedly they named the railroad town for Lake Como in Italy.

There is evidence that the Como on the railroad was the second such named community in the area. The first was reportedly at the coal mines south of present day Como but that community was moved to the railroad when it arrived.

Como, at milepost 88.27 and elevation 9,976 feet, became a division point for the railroad. There were machine shops and a roundhouse. The hotel was an eating house serving travelers on the railroad. Como was also the point at which the railroad divided. One branch went on to the west and the Arkansas Valley. The second branch climbed over Boreas Pass to Breckenridge and from there took a circuitous route to Leadville.

The end of the railroad era nearly wiped Como from the map. It has survived, with a scattering of residences, a store and the hotel, which on a seasonal schedule still serves meals, most prominent a hearty breakfast. The round house is still standing and has been the object of restoration efforts and is being developed as a museum related to the railroad and the mining history of Como and the South Park.

Como lies about a half mile to the northwest of US Highway 285, on the road to Boreas Pass.

COMO – Continued



COMO, PARK CO., / COLORADO. October 15, 1883

Chronology of the Post Office

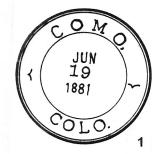
mi onology of the fost Office				
Jun 9 1879	NW/4 Sec 33 T8S R76W West of Denver South Park & Pacific RR			
	400 feet from RR Station			
	Proposed postmaster - Asher Blan	din		
Jul 23 1879	Established			
Jul 23 1879	Blandin, Asher			
Apr 16 1880	Forman, William F.			
Dec 21 1881	McFarlane, John			
Oct 28 1885	Bradley, William C.			
Nov 27 1885	Ash, Shirley P.			
Aug 28 1889	Slick, Josiah			
Sep 18 1890	Ballinger, Webster			
Dec 27 1894	Wallace, Mrs. Klem J.			
Jan 3 1899	Mecklenberg, Morris			
Mar 3 1906	Lord, Stella M.			
Nov 8 1911	Moffat, Patrick			
Apr 29 1914	Huhn, Samuel			
Jul 13 1914	NW/4 Sec 33 T8S R76W 60 yards	west of the Colorado & Southern tracks		
Jul 1 1919	Simmons, Ernest H.			
Aug 11 1922	Dunham, Lewis V.	Confirmed		
Aug 28 1922	Dunham, Lewis V.	Commissioned		
Sep 8 1922	Dunham, Lewis V.	Assumed charge		
Oct 27 1941	NE/4 Sec 33 T8S R76W			
Jul 1 1944	Dunham, Miss Esther M.	Assumed charge		
Jul 10 1944	Dunham, Miss Esther M.	Acting		
Nov 2 1944	Dunham, Miss Esther M.	Confirmed		
Jan 23 1945	Dunham, Miss Esther M.	Commissioned		
Jan 31 1945	Dunham, Miss Esther M.	Assumed charge		
Aug 10 1945	Ordered closed			
Aug 15 1945	Discontinued Mail to Jefferson			
Aug 30 1945	Rescinded			

COMO – Continued

Jun 30 1959	Wallace, Mrs. Vera L.	Assumed charge
Jul 6 1959	Wallace, Mrs. Vera L.	Acting
Nov 27 1959	Wallace, Mrs. Vera L.	Appointed
Aug 19 1963	Nelson, Edwin G.	Acting
Aug 30 1963	Discontinued Mail to Como Indep.	Sta., Fairplay
Aug 31 1963	Converted to a Rural Branch of Fairplay Now a C.P.O.	

Confirmed types of postal markings

Confirn	ned types of postal markings		
1	COMO, COLO.		Aug 10 1880 Jan 9 1882
	CI 21P 34.0/32.0/24.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring	18mm
2	COMO, / COLORADO.	1 0 / 0	May 25 1882
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Positive star	•
3	COMO, PARK CO., / COLORADO.		Sep 3 1883 Feb 3 1884
	CI 21P 33.0/30.0/17.5		e star, Cork, negative X-roads
		Outer circle toothed	, , ,
4	COMO, / COLO.		Sep 21 1884 Jan 31 1885
	CI 10P 24.0	Hstp Fancy, positive	
5	COMO, / COLO.	• • •	Apr 28 1885 Aug 18 1885
	CI 10P 33.0	Hstp Not recorded	•
6	COMO, / COLO.	•	Oct 18 1887 Jul 26 1888
	CI 20P 32.0/29.0	Hstp Target	
7	COMO / COLO.		Oct 21 1891
	CI 10P 26.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge	
8	COMO / COLO.		Sep 22 1894
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Not recorded	-
9	COMO / COLO.	•	Apr 27 1899 Oct 20 1903
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge	, 5-bar grid
10	COMO / COLO.		Jan 1 1908 Jun 17 1914
	CI 10P 30.0	Dplx Grid, 9 bar ova	al
11	COMO / COLO.		Sep 17 1914 May 26 1917
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x20mm	
12	COMO, COLO.		Jan 27 1931 Nov 11 1932
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars P-25x19mm	
13	COMO, / COMO.		Dec 21 1933 Jan 4 1941
	CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-25x20mm	
14	COMO / COLO.		Apr 14 1941 Sep 9 1949
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x20mm	
15	COMO, / COLO.		Aug 13 1953 Aug 15 1959
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x18mm	
16	COMO / COLO.		Aug 5 1960 Aug 31 1963
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-24x19mm. D	evice continued in use after
		conversion to a Rura	ll Branch of Fairplay



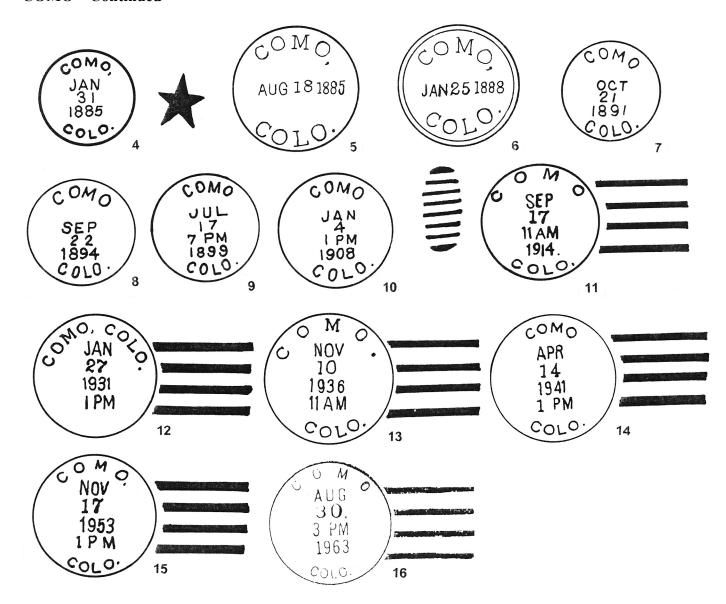








COMO - Continued



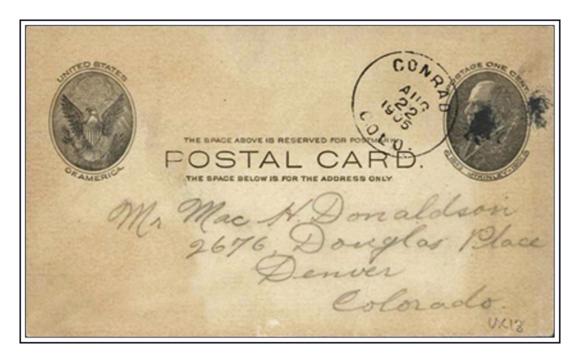
CONRAD

I have found no reference to this place in any of the Colorado history that I have read. Gold was the name proposed for the post office when the Geographical Site Location Report was filed. That name was rejected. Perhaps that original choice was an indication of some attempted gold mining in the area. Aside from that possibility, Conrad fits the criteria for a rural or ranch post office.

As to the name Conrad, Anna Conrad was the postmaster from 1990 to 1905 so it is a logical assumption that the name was for a local family.

From the intersection of US Highway 24 with Park County Road 77 (the road to Tarryall and on to Jefferson) go west two miles. On the north side of the highway are a large house and the remains of a barn. There is a smaller, old structure on the south side of the highway and another house, in better condition. This was the approximate location of the Conrad Post Office.

CONRAD - Continued



CONRAD / COLO.

August 22, 1905

Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 2 1897 ---NE/4 Sec 13 T12S R72W 2 miles northwest of the South Platte River

2-1/2 miles north of Adaman Creek

Proposed postmaster - James W. Slater

Jul 7 1897 **Established**

Slater, James W. Jul 7 1897 Nov 19 1897 Black, William Feb 5 1900 McCartley, Sarah A. Feb 27 1900 McCartley, Sarah A.

Order rescinded

Dec 22 1900 Conrad, Anna M.

Oct 5 1905 **Ordered closed**

Oct 14 1905 Discontinued Mail to Hayman

Confirmed types of postal markings

CONRAD / COLO. Aug 22 1905 CI 10P 27.5 Hstp Cork, Smudge



CORTRITE

I have found no historical reference to a place of this name in Park County. The sketchy information provided by the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report places it somewhere on the upper reaches of the North Fork of the South Platte River. It seems likely that it was near the group of mines that supported Hall Valley and which were located just below the Continental Divide.

The one and only postmaster was Barnard Cortrite who was the obvious source for the name of the post office.

If my assumed location for Cortrite is correct, then it would be at or near the end of Forest Service Road 120 that leaves US Highway 285 and follows the North Fork to and beyond the site of Hall Valley.

In 1996 Jim Ozment and I visited the site of Hall Valley. From there we started on up the valley in search of Cortrite. After only a couple tenths of a mile the road became extremely rough and we decided it was one we should not attempt on our own. I would expect you would find evidence of the mining activity when you reached the location.

Using Google Earth, an examination of the area at the head of Hall Valley, just below the Continental Divide, does show considerable evidence of mining activity and what appears to be a large structure of some sort.

Chronology of the Post Office

Nov 9 1889 --- NE/4 Sec 14 T6S R76W The crude sketch map places it along the South Platte Proposed postmaster - Barnard Cortrite

Nov 22 1889 Established

Nov 22 1889 Cortrite, Barnard

Mar 29 1892 Discontinued Mail to Hall Valley

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM CORTRITE

DAKE

Dake was at milepost 74.1 on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad. There was a siding and reportedly ten to twelve charcoal ovens. The place was named for L. H. Dake who owned and operated the Dake Charcoal Kilns. Hoosier Siding was another name that may have been applied to this location.

After returning to US 285 from a visit to Hall Valley go south on US 285 two and eight-tenths miles to Park County Road 65. Turn west on to Road 65. About one mile from US 285 you will find evidence of the old railroad grade. Dake was on the railroad but nothing of the settlement remains.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 11 1883 --- NE/4 Sec 21 T7S R75W On Denver South Park and Pacific RR
West side within 75 feet of track
Proposed postmaster - Charles L. Cheney
May 23 1883 Established

May 23 1883
Dec 11 1885
Apr 12 1886
Apr 15 1886
Apr 15 1886
Feb 18 1887
Jun 14 1889

Established
Dake, Charles L.
Dake, Mrs. Lottie E.
Morrison, O. B.
Cummins, Smith M.
Dake, Alvin C.
Dake, Lyman

Jun 14 1889 Dake, Lyman Oct 8 1892 Ordered closed

Oct 8 1892 Discontinued Mail to Kenosha

DAKE – Continued Confirmed types of postal markings

1 DAKE / COL. CI 10P 26.0 2 DAKE / COLO.

DAKE / COLO. CI 10P 28.0 Sep 21 1886 Apr -8 1888

Hstp Not recorded

Mar 28 1889 Sep 2 18--

Hstp Target, 4-ring







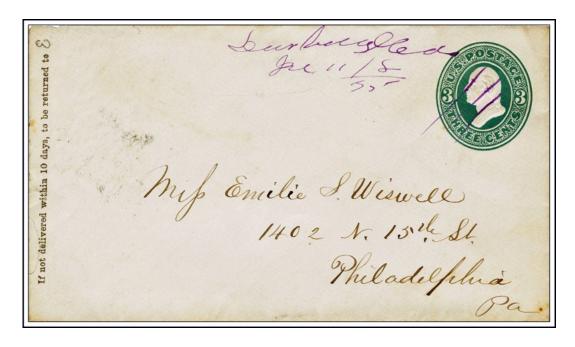
DEER VALLEY

By 1870 there was a ranch on Deer Creek that had acquired a post office and taken the name of Deer Valley. The location is at the foot of the steep climb up Crow Hill from the valley of the North Fork of the South Platte River.

I have found no historical descriptions of Deer Valley but from its location I suspect that it was a rest stop for travelers using the road over Crow Hill to Hutchinson and on to Denver.

In 1878 the arrival in the area of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad would have greatly reduced wagon travel through Deer Valley. The post office was closed and moved to the new town of Bailey on the railroad, three miles to the southwest. There is no evidence that there was an organized community at this location.

The location of Deer Valley is on the north side of US Highway 285 where that highway crosses Deer Creek near the western foot of the Crow Hill grade. The Deer Creek Ranch on the east side of Deer Creek, is a large, well-maintained operation.



Deer Valley Colo

DEER VALLEY - Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 6 1870 --- Not surveyed Deer Creek, it being situated on said Creek, east side

4 miles north of the Platte River

Aug 25 1871
Aug 25 1871
Apr 14 1874
Apr 30 1877
Jun 8 1877
Post office moved to Bailey
Parmalee, George S.
Alkire, Leonard
Fleming, William
Bailey, William L.

Oct 3 1877 --- NE/4 SW/4 Sec 29 T7S R72W 6/32 miles (??) west of Crow Branch Creek

Site known as Bailey, formerly Bailey's Ranch

Aug 19 1878 Hamer, S. A. D. Nov 20 1878 Moved to Bailey

Confirmed types of postal markings

burhaglese Jui 15

Deer Valley Col

Jun 11 1875

MS Mscp Pen Cancel

DEVINE

Joe Beeler came to this location from Kansas and opened a store. He acquired a post office which he named Devine. The application for a post office was made in the summer of 1897 but it was not until February 1898 that the post office opened.

The location was near the base of Black Mountain and there is some slight evidence that prior to Mr. Beeler's arrival there was a tiny community that the locals called Black Mountain. In little more than a year, the name of the post office was changed to Black Mountain.

Please refer to Black Mountain for directions to the location and a description of the site.

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 23 1897 --- SE/4 Sec 27 T15S R74W 1 mile south of 31 Mile Creek

Feb 17 1898 Established

Feb 17 1898 Beeler, Josiah S.

Jun 20 1899 Name changed to Black Mountain

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM DEVINE

DORAN

Please refer to Horse Shoe for an expanded discussion of the history and sequence of post offices at this location.

The silver mining camp named Doran was the third and final post office at this location on the headwaters of Fourmile Creek. It followed Leavick and the earlier Horse Shoe. I have no information as to the source of the name Doran.

Directions to Doran are included with the discussion of Horse Shoe.

DORAN – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 7 1901 --- NW/4 Sec 8 T10S R78W 8 miles west of the Platte

On the west side of Four Mile Creek Name probably proposed as Fowler

Proposed postmaster - Mrs. Susie M. Schlesinger

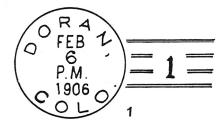
Nov 1 1901 Established

Nov 1 1901 Schlesinger, Mrs. Susie M.
Feb 13 1904 Auspach, Benjamin L.
Mar 13 1905 Cutler, Betsey S.
Nov 23 1906 Ordered closed

Jan 2 1907 Discontinued Mail to Fairplay

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 DORAN, / COLO. Feb 6 1906 CI 10P 28.5 Doane Type 2 with 1



DUDLEY

Dudley was established in 1871 at the headquarters of the Moose Mining Company. The community was named for Judson H. Dudley, the principal owner of the Moose Mine. The mine was located at 13,860 feet, high on the slopes of Mt. Bross.

Dudley was on the Hoosier Pass Wagon Road from Fairplay to Breckenridge and grew around the mill that served the mine and was the only reason for the town's existence.

Following the repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase Act in 1893 the Moose Mine closed and the remaining residents at Dudley moved on to greener pastures.

The site of Dudley is not easy to locate. It was a little more than a mile north of Alma and likely to the west of Colorado Highway 9 and the North Fork of the South Platte River, after the highway crosses to the east side of the South Platte. Coming north from Alma and before crossing the South Platte, turn left onto River Road and go a half-mile to Sawmill Creek. There are some recent homes along the road. Perhaps you will be luckier than was I and spot something that might date from the nineteenth century.

Latitude = 39:17:49 North Longitude = 106:04:16 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Feb 28 1871 --- Not surveyed [Report filed for Montgomery City]

1/16 mile north of the Platte River From the accompanying sketch map which shows Montgomery, Buckskin and Fairplay, Dudley is just north of the junction of Fairchilds Creek with the South Platte – this would be at or near later Alma.

Oct 31 1872 Oct 31 1872 Crumps, William D.

Dec 13 1872 --- Unsurveyed- NE/4 Sec 2 T9S R78W 1/4 mile west of the North Fork of the South Platte On the north side of Eureka Creek

Sep 5 1873 Vincenheller, William G.

DUDLEY – Continued

Nov 12 1873 Calhoun, James D. Sep 3 1874 Clark, Daniel C. May 17 1875 Dudley, George P. Bradford, Horace S. Jun 4 1877 Mar 25 1878 Rinehart, William H. Singleton, George F. Aug 27 1878

Oct 22 1880 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

Dudley Col Jun 18 (1873) MS Mscp Pen cancel

1

2 Apr 1 187-DUDLEY / COL. CI 10P 26.0

Hstp Cork, Smudge

ESTABROOK

In 1872 Joseph A. Estabrook settled in a widening of the valley of the North Fork of the South Platte River. Initially he operated a horse ranch. In the late 1870's, with the arrival of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad the ranch developed into a modest summer resort center. It was located in area of good fishing and hunting that attracted visitors. There were several sawmills in the area that supplied lumber to the Denver markets.

The community and post office were named for Joseph Estabrook. The place was also known as Estabrook Park. When the post office was requested, the Park was dropped, perhaps for fear of confusion with Estes Park.

To reach the site of Estabrook, I suggest starting from US Highway 285 on the east end of Bailey. Take the side road to the east along the north side of the South Platte. I believe this is Willing Park Lake Road and Park County Road 68. Stay with Road 68 as it crosses the river and then climbs up the side of the mountain before returning to the river a mile west of Estabrook. This road would eventually take you to Buffalo Creek and you could come from that direction. But from Buffalo Creek there are some turns and new roads that may not be shown on your map. About half way from Bailey to Estabrook you will pass a side road that would take you down to the site of Insmont.

My visit to Estabrook was in 1993. At that time there were a few scattered buildings, most likely weekend or summer homes. There was also one small frame building with a front overhang and a flagpole. Jim Ozment and I speculated that it might have been the Estabrook Post Office.

Latitude = 39:22:59 North Longitude = 105:25:44 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 29 1880 NE/4 Sec 3 T8S R72W 1 block north of the South Platte River 4 blocks south of Craig Creek

Proposed postmaster - Otto W. Miller

Aug 9 1880 **Established** Aug 9 1880 Miller, Otto W.

ESTABROOK – Continued				
Apr 16 1886	McFarland, J. W.			
Nov 30 1886	Dole, William A.			
Jun 11 1887	Sigle, Ferdinand			
Nov 9 1888	McFarland, John H.			
Apr 4 1890	Juneman, J. G.			
Apr 22 1895	Ordered closed Mail to Bailey			
Mar 22 1895	Closing order rescinded			
3.5 1.6 100.5	NIELLO A TEOC DEATH FOR			

May 16 1895 --- NE/4 Sec 3 T8S R72W 50 feet right hand bank of the North Fork

of the South Platte River 1/8 mile left bank of Craig Creek

Proposed postmaster - William Ganger

May 28 1895 Re-established May 28 1895 Ganger, William Jul 7 1904 Boegel, Fred Confirmed SE/4 Sec 3 T8S R72W 300 yards west of Craig Creek May 1 1914 ---100 feet south of the South Platte River Estabrook located in a small room of the station here Feb 29 1937 Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Assumed charge Mar 6 1937 Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Acting Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Confirmed Apr 28 1937 Jun 15 1937 Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Commissioned Jul 1 1937 Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Assumed charge

Nov 1 1937 Ordered closed

Nov 15 1937 Discontinued Mail to Bailey



ESTABROOK, / COL. September 19, 1880 Handcarved postmark

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 ESTABROOK. / COL. Sep 9 1880

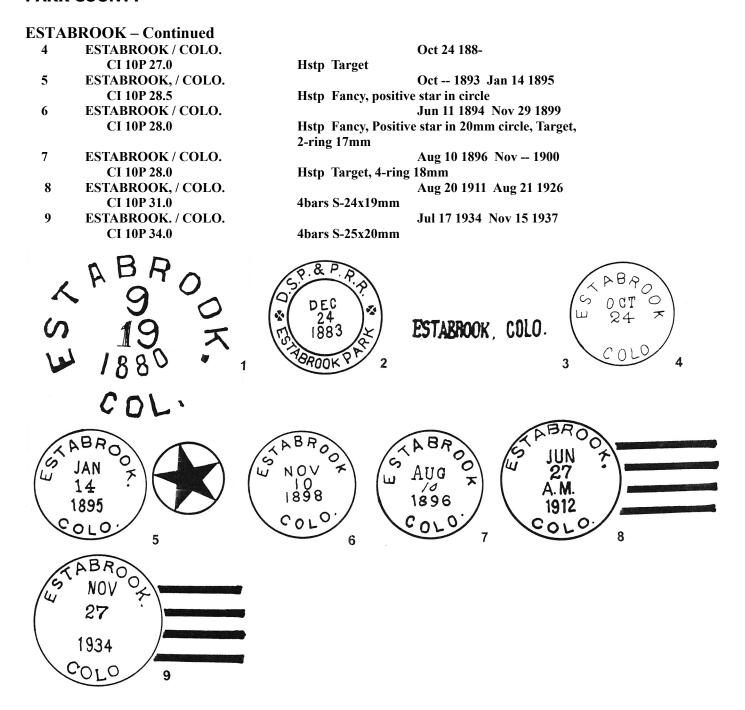
CI 00R 48.0 Hstp Fancy, Positive star

2 ESTABROOK PARK // D.S.P. & P.R.R. Dec 24 1883

CI 11P 29.0/19.0 Hstp Not recorded, Maltese cross at right and left of CDS

3 ESTABROOK, COLO. --- -- 188-

SL 00R 35.0x5.0 Hstp No killer, undated



FAIR PLAY/FAIRPLAY

On August 19, 1859 the gold deposits that led to the founding of Fairplay were discovered. Legend has it that the discoveries were made by prospectors that were denied decent placer claims at Tarryall. They moved on west and made the new and much more important discovery. The prospectors had referred to Tarryall as Grab All and thus decided to name their new camp Fair Play.

Fair Play, the community, has undergone a number of changes in name. It began in 1859 as Fair Play then shortly thereafter became Fairplay Diggings. In 1861 it was known as Platte City but soon again became Fair Play. On March 26, 1869 the name was officially changed to South Park City. On February 21, 1874 the name again reverted to Fair Play. Through all of these changes the post office name remained Fair Play. However, at times the postmarks have read as one word: Fairplay.

FAIR PLAY/FAIRPLAY - Continued

Fair Play quickly became the dominant town in the South Park basin. In 1870 the county seat was moved from Buckskin to Fair Play where it has remained. Fair Play was the central supply point and social center for the surrounding mining camps. As the placer and lode mining faded, the economy of Fair Play shifted more to supporting the ranches in the South Park. The short growing season precludes the development of agriculture other than raising hay.

There was a short but important revival of mining when large dredges were brought into the area to work the streambeds. The scars and tailings piles from the dredging are still visible in much of the area around Fair Play.

When the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad was built through South Park in 1879 it did not pass through Fairplay. The railroad stayed to the east of Red Hill; however, a branch line was built from Garo to Leadville and beyond to the mines at London. Another branch line, originating just south of Fairplay, went to the mines at Horseshoe.

Fair Play remains a viable community with many permanent residents and even more summer residents. The town has restaurants, stores and other businesses required to service the residents and visitors. Hunting, fishing and other outdoor activities contribute significantly to the survival of Fair Play.

Although perhaps not endeared to the residents, the television cartoon South Park has given the area considerable publicity.

Fairplay is located on Colorado Highway 9, immediately north of the intersection with US Highway 285.

One of the attractions at Fair Play is South Park City, an outdoor museum that recreates the early mining camp.

Latitude = 39:13:29 North Longitude = 106:00:05 West



Fairplay Col Tery Jan 9th '65 Pen cancel 3 / CWL Possibly a clerk's initials

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 2 1861 Established

Aug 2 1862 Winston, James J.

Apr 3 1862 --- Not surveyed On the north bank of the Platte River

EAID DI AV/EAI	IRPLAY – Continued			
Sep 15 1863	Hitchcock, Henry S.			
Dec 11 1865	Henson, Henry			
May 14 1866	Lowe, Charles W.			
Jul 5 1866	Hitchcock, Henry S.			
Mar 18 1868	Valiton, Louis F.			
Dec 7 1869		Safford, Sylvester A.		
Feb 25 1871		V/4? Sec 33 T9S R77W 1/16 mile north of the South Platte River		
	3/4 mile south of Beaver Cree	ek –		
Feb 18 1873	Finding, Charles A.			
Sep 22 1873	Crook, Albert B.			
Dec 21 1880	Crook, Albert B.	P&S		
Dec 31 1883	Crook, Albert B.			
Jan 15 1886	Fehringer, Adolph			
Jul 3 1889	Holliday, Mrs. Mary E.			
Feb 10 1892	SE/4 Sec 33 T9S R77W			
Dec 7 1893	Hill, Minnie			
Feb 14 1898	Carter, Florence			
Jul 11 1914	SE/4 Sec 33 T9S R77W 300 f	SE/4 Sec 33 T9S R77W 300 feet northeast of the South Platte River		
	3/4 mile SW of Beaver Creek	(
Jan 23 1915	Rudd, Edward G.			
Dec 29 1916	SE/4 Sec 33 T9S R77W			
Jun 13 1918	Steinfield, Ralph J.			
Feb 2 1923	Spurlock, Ida May	P		
Mar 3 1923	Spurlock, Ida May	P&S		
Oct 1 1924	Spelling changed to Fairplay			
Oct 1 1924	Spurlock, Ida May	P&S		
Jan 27 1928	Spurlock, Ida May	P&S		
Apr 1 1932	Spurlock, Ida May	Nominated		
Apr 27 1932	Spurlock, Ida May	Confirmed		
Jun 21 1932	Spurlock, Ida May	Commissioned		
Jun 30 1932	Spurlock, Ida May	Assumed charge		
May 31 1934	Lilley, Mrs. Nettie K.	Assumed charge		
May 11 1934	Lilley, Mrs. Nettie K.	Acting		
Jan 10 1935	Lilley, Mrs. Nettie K.	Nominated		
Jan 21 1935	Lilley, Mrs. Nettie K.	Confirmed		
Feb 19 1935	Lilley, Mrs. Nettie K.	Commissioned		
Nov 29 1940	Lilley, Frank E.	Nominated		
Dec 5 1940	Lilley, Frank E.	Confirmed		
Dec 11 1940	Lilley, Frank E.	Appointed Presidential		
Jan 3 1940	Lilley, Frank E.	Commissioned		
Jan 11 1941	Lilley, Frank E.	Assumed charge		
Oct 31 1941	Sec 33 T9S R77W	rissumed charge		
Nov 18 1942	Baker, Victor C.	Acting		
Nov 19 1942	Baker, Victor C.	Assumed charge		
Sep 28 1943	Baker, Victor C.	Nominated		
Oct 1 1943	Baker, Victor C.	Confirmed		
Oct 1 1943 Oct 2 1943	Baker, Victor C.	Appointed Presidential & Commissioned		
Jan 1 1944	Baker, Victor C.	Assumed charge		
Dec 31 1972	Gribble, Mrs. Clydia	Officer in charge		
May 12 1973	Gribble, Mrs. Clydia			
		Officer in charge		
Sep 9 1979 Jan 26 1980	Miller, Raymond F.	Officer in charge		
Jan 40 1980	Hart, Allen D.	Appointed		

FAIR PLAY/FAIRPLAY – Continued

Confirmed types of postal markings

1.A Fairplay Col Tery

MS

1.B Fair Play Col

MS

1.C Fairplay C T

MS

Mar 13 1863 Nov 27 1865

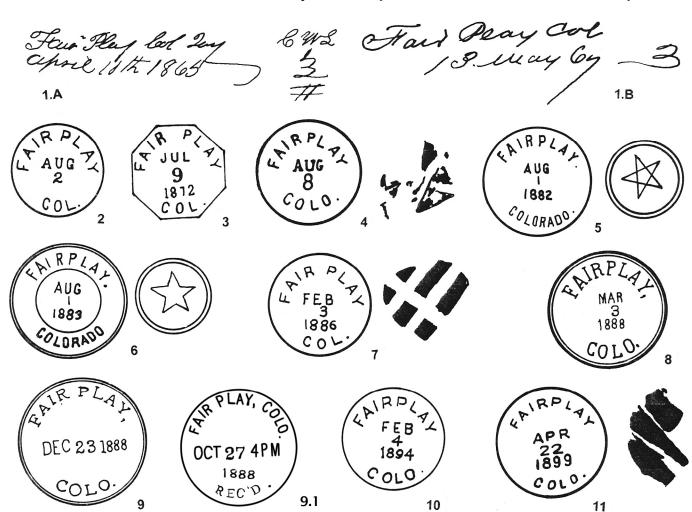
Mscp Pen cancel #/3, 3/CWL, CWL/3/#

Aug 3 1866 Sep 26 1867

Mscp Pen cancel 3

Apr 19 1868

Mscp Pen cancel [NOT AVAILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION]



2 FAIR PLAY / COL.

CI 10P 24.0

3 FAIR PLAY / COL. OC 10P 25.0

4 FAIRPLAY / COLO. CI 10P 26.5

5 FAIRPLAY. / COLORADO. CI 10P 28.0

6 FAIRPLAY, / COLORADO CI 21P 29.0/27.0/17.0

7 FAIR PLAY / COL.

CI 10P 27.0 8 FAIRPLAY, / COL

FAIRPLAY, / COLO. CI 20P 31.0/29.0 Jun 18 187- Dec 21 187-

Hstp Target; Cork, Smudge

Jul 9 1872

Hstp Target, smudged

Dec 29 187- Mar 22 1882

Hstp Cork, Negative X-roads

Jun 21 1882 Oct 12 1883

Hstp Fancy, Outline star in double circle

Jul 3 1883 Aug 1 1883

Hstp Target, Fancy, Outline star in double circle

Feb 3 1886

Hstp Cork, Double Grid

May 13 1886 Dec 23 1888

Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm; Cork, smudge, 4 double arrowheads

FAIR PLAY/FAIRPLAY - Continued

FAIR PLAY, / COLO.

Oct 5 1888 May 4 1889

CI 20P 34.0/32.0

Hstp Cork, smudge

Oct 27 1888

FAIR PLAY, COLO. / REC'D. CI 10P 31.0

9.1

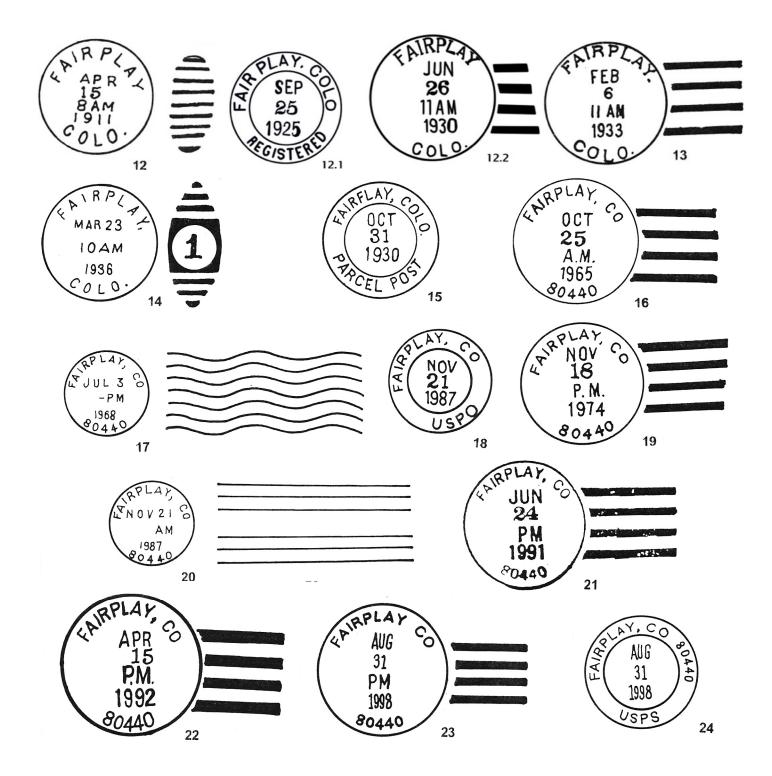
10

Hstp No killer

Feb 4 1894 May 30 1896

FAIRPLAY / COLO. CI 10P 28.0

Hstp Not recorded



Ŧ.	AIR PI	LAY/FAIRPLAY – Continued	
	11	FAIRPLAY / COLO.	Jul 19 1897 Jan 15 1902
		CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Cork, Negative x-roads, Smudge
	12	FAIR PLAY / COLO.	Sep 7 1906 Aug 20 1917
		CI 10P 30.0	Dplx Grid, 9-bar oval
	12.1	FAIRPLAY, COLO/REGISTERED	Sep 25 1925
		CI 11P 29.0/19.0?	Hstp No killer Size is estimate from Ebay image
	12.2	FAIRPLAY / COLO	Jun 26 1930
		CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-??x19mm
	13	FAIRPLAY, / COLO	Feb 6 1933 Mar 18 1933
		CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x19mm
	14	FAIRPLAY, / COLO.	Apr 20 1933 Oct 6 1964
		CI 10P 30.0	Dplx Grid, Oval without number, Seen with a 1 in oval
	15	FAIRPLAY, COLO. / PARCEL POS	•
		CI 11P 30.0/19.0	Hstp No killer
	16	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Oct 1 1965 Oct 10 1972
		CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-23x19mm
	17	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Jul 3 1968 Oct 23 1974
		CI 10P 22.0	Mach 7 wavy lines
	18	FAIRPLAY, CO / USPO	Nov 21 1987
		CI 11P 27.0/18.0	Hstp No killer
	19	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Nov 18 1974 Nov 21 1987
		CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x19mm
	20	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Nov 21 1987 Nov 21 1990
		CI 10P 22.0	Mach Two groups of 3 bars
	21	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Jun 3 1991 Jun 24 1991
		CI 10P 31.5	4bars S-24x19mm
	22	FAIRPLAY, CO / 80440	Apr 15 1992
		CI 10P 36.0	4bars S-26x21mm
	23	FAIRPLAY CO / 80440	Apr 24 1992 Aug 31 1998
		CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-20x16mm
	24	FAIRPLAY, CO 80440 / USPS	Aug 31 1998
		CI 11P 29.0/19.0	Hstp No killer

FAIRPLY STATIONS AND BRANCHES

BOREAS STATION

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 13 2003 Operated as a Special Commemorative Station

Confirmed types of postal markings

Fairplay, Colorado / 80440 // Boreas Station Sep 13 2003
IR 00R 57.0x22.0 Pict Scene - Reproduction of 1901 Boreas postmark;
Text - USPO / 1896 to 1905



FAIRPLY STATIONS AND BRANCHES - Continued

CENTENNIAL STATION

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 1 1991 Operated as a Special Commemorative Station

Confirmed types of postal markings

FAIRPLAY, CO // CENTENNIAL STATION (80440) Aug 1 1991

CI 10P 28.0 Pict Scene – Forest; Text - 100th Anniversary/ Wise Use of / Your Natural / Resources /

National Forest System



COMO RURAL BRANCH / COMMUNITY POST OFFICE

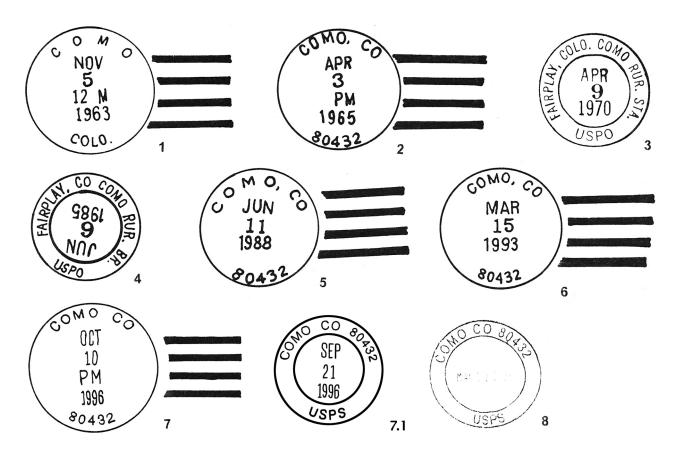
Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 31 1963 Converted to a Rural Station of Fairplay Feb 29 1966 Designated a Rural Branch of Fairplay

Mar 15 1989 Designated a Community Post Office of Fairplay

1 COMO / COLO. Nov 5 1963	Mar 4 1965
CI 10P 32.5 4bars S-24x19mm	
2 COMO, CO / 80432 Apr 3 1965	Oct 10 1972
CI 10P 32.0 4bars S-25x20mm	
3 FAIRPLAY, COLO. COMO RUR. STA. / USPO Feb 5 1966	Apr 9 1970
CI 11P 30.0/19.0 Hstp No killer	
,	Jun 11 1988
CI 11P 28.0/18.0 Hstp No killer	
,	4 Apr 19 1990
CI 10P 31.0 4bars S-24x18mm	
	3 Sep 17 1993
CI 10P 32.0 4bars S-24x19mm	
•	Jun 2 1998
CI 10P 34.0 4bars S-20x15mm	
7.1 COMO CO 80432 / USPS Sep 21 1996)
CI 11P 29.0/19.0 Hstp No killer	
8 COMO CO 80432 / USPS May 12, 200)8
CI 11p 29.0/20.5 Hstp No killer	

FAIRPLY STATIONS AND BRANCHES – Continued COMO RURAL BRANCH / COMMUNITY POST OFFICE – Continued



COMOPEX STATION

COMOPEX was held as a fundraiser for repairs to the roof of the old school building in Como. The postmark that was applied to covers appears to have been created locally and may not have been authorized by the Postal Service.

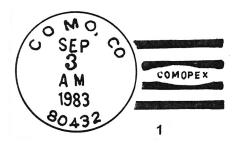
Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 3 1983 Operated as a Special Commemorative Station

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 COMO, CO / 80432 :: COMOPEX CI 10P 31.0

Sep 3 1983 4bars S-24x18mm, COMOPEX within bars



FAIRPLY STATIONS AND BRANCHES - Continued

JEFFERSON COMMUNITY POST OFFICE

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 31 1991 Converted to a Community Post Office of Fairplay

Confirmed types of postal markings

1	JEFFERSON, CO / 80456		Aug 1 1991 May 28 1993
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x19mm	
2	JEFFERSON, CO / USPO		Jun 2 1993
	CI 11P 29.0/19.0	Hstp No killer	
3	JEFFERSON CO / 80456	_	Sep 20 2000 May 17 2004
	CI 10P 42.0	4bars S-13x22mm	-







SOUTH PARK CITY STATION

The contract station at South Park City operated until about 2000. At first it was in the General Store as a part of the postal display in that building. When it was in that location it required payment of admission to the attraction in order to visit the post office. Later the station was moved to the Gift Shop and admission was no longer required.

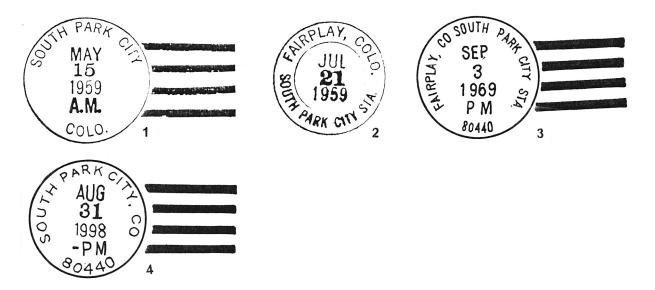
In 2000 the United States Postal Service introduced new rules. The station had operated without compensation and received their supplies from the Fairplay Post Office. Under the new rules they would be required to purchase stamps in advance and to deal directly with the regional office in Denver. Facing those difficulties, the operators decided to cease operating the contract station.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 15 1959 Established as a Contract Station of Fairplay Summer Only: May 15 to October 1

1	SOUTH PARK CITY / COLO.		May 15 1959 Aug 15 1964
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-25x20mm	
2	FAIRPLAY, COLO. / SOUTH PAR	K CITY STA.	Jul 21 1959
	CI 11P 30.0/19.0	Hstp No killer	
3	FAIRPLAY, CO SOUTH PARK CI	TY STA. / 80440	Sep 3 1969
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x18mm	-
4	SOUTH PARK CITY, CO / 80440		May 19 1976 Aug 31 1998
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x18mm	

SOUTH PARK CITY STATION – Continued



FAIRVILLE

Fairville was the first of three names to be applied to the post office that is today known as Shawnee. The Post Office Department Geographic Site Location Report that was filed for Fairville was altered to Slaghts and then altered again to Shawnee. However, it was reported that in 1900 the post office was moved one-half mile from Slaghts and was renamed Shawnee.

The settlement began as a Denver, South Park, and Pacific Station built on the ranch belonging to Azel Slaght. Mr. Slaght was the first postmaster but the post office took the name of the railroad station. In 1882 the post office name was changed to Slaghts.

Lumbering was a principal early occupation at Fairville and it is probable that much of the product was used for ties and other timber required by the railroad as it continued building westward over Kenosha Pass and into the South Park. There was also some ranching in the surrounding area.

From Bailey go four miles west on US Highway 285 to present day Shawnee. Fairville and Slaghts were in the open meadows along the river between Shawnee and the Platte Valley School located just east of Shawnee.

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 5 1878	SW/4 Sec 22 T7S R73W 1/8 mile south of the North Fork of the South Platte River Azel Slaght - P.M.
Sep 13 1878	Established
Sep 13 1878	Slaght, Azel
Jan 28 1879	Discontinued
Nov 7 1879	Re-established
Nov 7 1879	Whitney, E. P.
Apr 6 1880	Price, James W.
Feb 1 1881	Montelius, William W.
Jun 20 1881	Herrick, William P.
Feb 23 1882	Name changed to Slaghts

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM FAIRVILLE

GARO

Adolph Guiraud founded the settlement of Garo. The community name was a phonetic spelling of the French name Guiraud. Adolph Guiraud has been credited with being one of the first sheepmen in the state of Colorado.

Garo was located at milepost 104.57 on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad and was the junction point for the branch that ran northwest to Fair Play. The presence of the railroad junction made Garo an important community with stores, residences and a school. The principal businesses were ranching and raising hay.

In 1885 Chub Newett moved his store from the town of Newett (on the west side of Trout Creek Pass) to Garo. Newett became the postmaster at Garo, serving five years. Newett's store remained an active business until well into the twentieth century.

The abandonment of the railroad accelerated the decline of Garo. Eventually the store closed and now sits abandoned and decaying on the west side of Colorado Highway 9.

Garo is on Colorado Highway 9 and about halfway between Hartsel and Fairplay. Very little remains of the once active town. The old store building and a few scattered residences are all to be found. The school building was moved to the South Park City attraction in Fair Play.

Latitude = 39:06:28 North Longitude = 105:53:23 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Jun 14 1880	SE/4 Sec 9 T11S R76W 1/8 mile south of the South Platte River			
	1 mile south of Trout Creek			
	Proposed postmaster - Louis Guiraud			
Jun 29 1880 I	Established			
Jun 29 1880	Guiraud, Louis			
Apr 5 1882	Alden, Hiram J.			
Jul 26 1882	Harris, G. A.			
Oct 10 1882	Skinner, Darius J.			
Jul 10 1883	Smith, William H.			
Feb 7 1884	Stephens, Lawrence C.			
May 24 1886	Newitt, Robert B.			
Jun 10 1891	Newitt, Ellen R.			
Oct 24 1896	SE/4 Sec 9 T11S R76W 1/4 miles south	west of the South Platte		
	2 miles northeast of Four Mile Creek			
May 13 1898	Turner, Alfred S.			
Apr 15 1901	Ditmore, Mary M.			
Apr 4 1902	Galloway, Frederick			
Jun 13 1903	Bradshaw, Edgar P.			
Jan 13 1906	Johnson, John E.			
Aug 31 1906	Ricketts, George D.			
Aug 9 1907	Wilson, John R.			
Nov 15 1907	Turner, Mary A.			
May 1 1914	SE/4 Sec 9 T11S R76W 1-1/2 miles no	rth of Four Mile Creek		
	150 feet east of the C&S RR			
Feb 1 1915	Turner, Alfred S.	Confirmed		
Feb 18 1915	Turner, Alfred S.	Commissioned		
Mar 31 1915	Turner, Alfred S.	Assumed charge		
Jul 13 1939	Lilley, Mrs. Clara E.	Assumed charge		
Aug 9 1939	Lilley, Mrs. Clara E. Acting			
Jan 10 1940	Turner, Miss Anne L.	Confirmed		
Feb 20 1940	0 Turner, Miss Anne L. Commissioned			
Mar 1 1940	Turner, Miss Anne L. Assumed charge			

GARO – Continued

Oct 21 1941 --- SE/4 Sec 9 T11S R76W State highway 9 is 15 feet east of post office

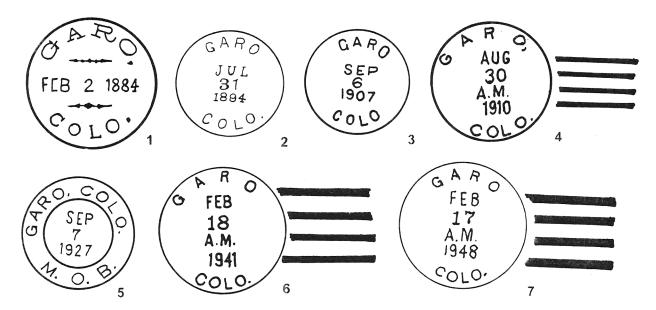
North Fork of the Platte River is 1/4 mile northwest

Jan 19 1955 Ordered closed

Feb 28 1955 Discontinued Mail to Fairplay

Confirmed types of postal markings

1	GARO, / COLO.	Feb 2 1884 Jul 1884
	CI 10P 34.0	Hstp Pen cancel
2	GARO / COLO.	Jun 22 1893 Jul 31 1894
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring 17mm
3	GARO / COLO.	Mar 5 1898 Sep 6 1907
	CI 10P 27.5	Hstp Target
4	GARO, / COLO.	Jul 1 1910 Jul 25 1912
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x13mm
5	GARO, COLO. / M.O.B.	Sep 7 1927
	CI 11P 30.0/19.0	Hstp No killer
6	GARO / COLO.	Feb 6 1933 Oct 15 1943
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm
7	GARO / COLO.	Feb 17 1948 Feb 28 1955
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x19mm



GLENTIVAR

Glentivar was a small, scattered crossroads settlement along US Highway 24 between Hartsel and Lake George. The main function of Glentivar was to serve as the post office for the ranches of the Wilkerson Pass and Sulphur Mountain regions.

The post office name was requested as Parkwood, which would have incorporated the name of the first postmaster - Benjamin R. Wood. That was rejected in favor of Glentivar but I have found no explanation for that name.

There was no organized community at Glentivar. The several different locations of the post office indicate that it was a ranch post office that moved with changes in the postmaster.

From Hartsel, drive east on US Highway 24 to the intersection with Park County Road 23. The locations of Glentivar were all along Road 23, in the first mile and a half south of US 24. There are some widely scattered farm buildings but nothing else.

GLENTIVAR – Continued

Sometime following World War II there was an attempt to subdivide a large tract of land north of US 24 for retirement/summer homes. The reality of winter in South Park soon killed that proposition.

One winter day I drove east on US 24 from Hartsel. Near the location of Glentivar the snow was blowing hard across the road making visibility only a few feet. I stopped, stood up on the doorsill so that my head was well above the roof of the car. From that vantage point I was above the snow and under a clear blue sky. Such is typical of the ground blizzards in the South Park.

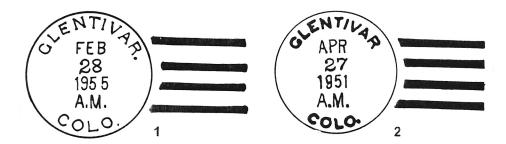
I have a vague recollection from my early travels across South Park, that there was a small building on the north side of the US 24 that might have been a service station-store or perhaps a land office for the failed subdivision of the lands north of the highway.

Chronology of the Post Office

ini unulugy ul tile	1 OST OTHER				
Jan 20 1921	NE/4 Sec 12 T12S R74W				
	Applicant for postmaster - Benjamin R. Wood				
Apr 13 1921	Established				
Apr 13 1921	Wood, Benjamin R.	Declined			
Jul 20 1922	Wood, Dove E.				
Jan 15 1924	Leman, William J.				
Oct 26 1926	Hardesty, Miss Eva May				
Oct 31 1927	Lang, Mrs. Martha E.				
Jul 3 1928	SW/4 Sec 6 T12S R74W				
Sep 11 1929	Walsh, Joseph J.				
Nov 4 1929	Ordered closed				
Nov 30 1929	Discontinued Mail to Hartsel				
Oct 22 1935	Jones, Clyde R.	Confirmed			
Nov 5 1935	Jones, Clyde R.	Commissioned			
Nov 15 1935	Jones, Clyde R.	Assumed charge			
Nov 30 1935	SW/4 Sec 6 T12S R73W				
Dec 1935	Re-established				
Dec 14 1937	Makings, Mrs. Elllen	Assumed charge			
Dec 31 1937	Makings, Mrs. Elllen	Acting			
Jan 14 1938	Makings, Mrs. Elllen	Confirmed			
Feb 1 1938	Makings, Mrs. Elllen	Commissioned			
Feb 5 1938	Makings, Mrs. Elllen	Assumed charge			
Feb 13 1938	NW/4 SW/4 Sec 31 T11S R73W				
Oct 31 1941	SW/4 Sec 11 T11S R73W US-24 is 54 fe	et north of the post office			
	A move 1/2 mile east of a previous locat	ion This is obviously the wrong			
	township and section. The sketch map	indicates a move from			
	Section 1 T12S R74W to Sec 6 T12S R7				
Jun 20 1946	Kranuth, Mrs. Martha	Confirmed			
Aug 6 1946	Kranuth, Mrs. Martha	Commissioned			
Aug 31 1946	Kranuth, Mrs. Martha	Assumed charge			
Jan 19 1955	Ordered closed	_			
Feb 28 1955	Discontinued Mail to Lake George				
	_				

1	GLENTIVAR, COLO.		Feb 11 1936 Feb 28 1955
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x19mm	
2	GLENTIVAR / COLO.		Aug 7 1939 Mar 1- 1954
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x19mm	

GLENTIVAR - Continued



GRANITE VALE

The Post Office Department Geographic Site Location Report does not provide a mapable location for the Granite Vale Post Office. Steve Morehead, writing in the March 1992 issue of *La Posta* discovered a contemporary account that makes it likely that the Granite Vale Post Office was connected to the ranch owned by Azel Slaght and was located at or near the later sites of the Fairville-Slaghts-Shawnee Post Offices. That location would at least fit the Site Location Report description that Granite Vale was on the south side of the Platte River [North Fork].

From this connection of Granite Vale with Slaghts Ranch it is reasonable to assume that Granite Vale was a way station on the road to the South Park from Denver via Hutchinson, the upper Platte Canyon and Kenosha Pass.

Please refer to the discussions of Fairville, Slaghts and Shawnee for more information relative to this location.

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 16 1861 --- Not reported On the south bank of the Platte River

Dec 19 1861 Established

Dec 19 1861 Pollock, John A.
Nov 12 1862 Slaght, Azel
Jan 31 1870 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 Granite Vale Col Ter

MS

Mscp Pen cancel

Mar 17 186-

frankte Trale lel Fr March /4

GRANT

The settlement of Grantville was established about 1870. The following year, when the post office opened, the name was shortened to Grant. [SRM: As detailed in the *La Posta* article cited above in the Granite Vale description, the only contemporary mention of Grantville that I was able to locate is a citation in a Denver newspaper reporting the arrival of Azel Slaght from Grantville, at one of the Denver hotels. This is most likely a transcription error for Granite Vale. In turn I believe this to be the source of the Rogers File listing for Grantville]. It is generally accepted that the place was named for President Ulysses S. Grant, who may have briefly visited the settlement.

GRANT - Continued

The arrival of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad established Grant as a shipping point for lumber from the surrounding forests and ore from the mines along Geneva Creek. This latter activity was brief and after a few years no longer contributed to the economy of Grant.

By 1918 activity at Grant had declined to a point where the post office was closed. In 1925 there was a brief attempt to reopen the Grant Post Office. In 1928 a new post office, Olava, did open a short distance east of the Grant community. In 1948 the Olava Post Office was renamed Grant.

In more recent years, the Grant Post Office has continued to struggle. In 1990 it was briefly closed and then reopened as a Community Post Office of Shawnee. Even that office was closed for a short period before reopening once again.

Located on US Highway 285, Grant is an easy location to visit. In 1972 the post office was in a large combination store and service station on the south side of the highway. In 1991 the Community Post Office was in a two-story building on the north side of the highway. By 2002 the post office was back to the 1972 location - the Grant Country Store.

Grant is a small community with a few residences and minimal services for the residents and travelers on US 285.

Latitude = 39:27:35 North Longitude = 105:39:40 West



The Grant Country Store and Community Post Office
Photograph by William H. Bauer September 13, 2002

Chronology of the Post Office

May 16 1871 Established

Apr 28 1870 --- Not reported On the north side of the North Fork of the South Platte River

Jun 24 1870 --- It is not surveyed 10 rods north of the North Fork of the South Platte River

GRANT – Continued

I	CANT – Continu	eu	
	Feb 22 1871		burns Ranch 75 links north of the North Platte River
		100 links north of Hand Cart Cr	eek
	May 16 1871	Hepburn, Charles L.	
	Apr 14 1874	Alkire, Leonard	
	Apr 30 1877	Fleming, William	
	Dec 18 1877	Pollitt, William S.	
	Nov 13 1878	Sharp, Granville	
	Jan 23 1880	Rowan, James	
	Dec 1 1884	Beach, Joseph M.	
	Sep 28 1886	Wood, Joshua W.	
	Feb 17 1887	Wilson, Campbell T.	
	Dec 13 1887	Crowdes, John W.	
	Oct 30 1888	Turner, Walter	
	Dec 7 1888	McDonald, James R.	
	May 19 1899		le of Colorado & Southern, 12 feet from track
	Oct 4 1907	McFarland, Mabel	
	Apr 17 1908	Lamping, Grant A.	
	Dec 2 1911	Lamping, Grant A.	
	Apr 30 1914		north of the Colorado and Southern RR
		150 feet north of the North Fork	of the South Platte River
		Discontinued	
	Oct 31 1918	Ordered closed Mail to Cassells	
	Jan 14 1925	Re-established	
	Jan 14 1925	Silberg, Nathan	Order rescinded
		Establishment rescinded	
		Re-established as a name change fro	
	Jan 29 1948	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Confirmed
	Feb 13 1948	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Commissioned
	Feb 18 1948	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Assumed charge
	Jun 21 1949	A move 1000 feet west of a previous	
	Aug 7 1949	A move 1000 feet east, back to ol	d site, US 285 is 40 feet
		north of the post office.	
	Oct 15 1952	La Rue, Geraldine H.	Assumed charge
	Oct 24 1952	La Rue, Geraldine H.	Acting
	Dec 22 1952	La Rue, Geraldine H.	Confirmed
	Jan 9 1953	La Rue, Geraldine H.	Commissioned
	Mar 31 1953	La Rue, Geraldine H.	Assumed charge
	Sep 30 1953	Wilcoxson, Mrs. Vida E.	Assumed charge
	Oct 19 1953	Wilcoxson, Mrs. Vida E.	Acting
	Mar 11 1954	Wilcoxson, Mrs. Vida E.	Confirmed
	Apr 28 1954	Wilcoxson, Mrs. Vida E.	Commissioned
	Jun 30 1954	Wilcoxson, Mrs. Vida E.	Assumed charge
	Jun 3 1955	Heintz, Mrs. Vida Effie	Name change by marriage
		Heintz, Mrs. Vida Effie	Removed for theft of letter mail and
	E 1 (40.55		embezzlement of postal funds
	Feb 6 1957	Christman, Mrs. Estella E.	Assumed charge
	Feb 19 1957	Christman, Mrs. Estella E.	Acting
	Apr 5 1957	Candlin, Thomas	Assumed charge
	Apr 8 1957	Candlin, Thomas	Appointed
	Aug 9 1958	Candlin, Thomas	Appointed
	Jul 1 1962		Office made Presidential
	Sep 19 1969	Rath, Mrs. Beeda G.	Officer in charge
	Sep 18 1970	Spykstra, Mrs. Nellie	Officer in charge
	Jul 17 1971	Spykstra, Mrs. Nellie	Appointed & Possession
	Jan 22 1972	Swann, Mrs. Ethel L.	Appointed

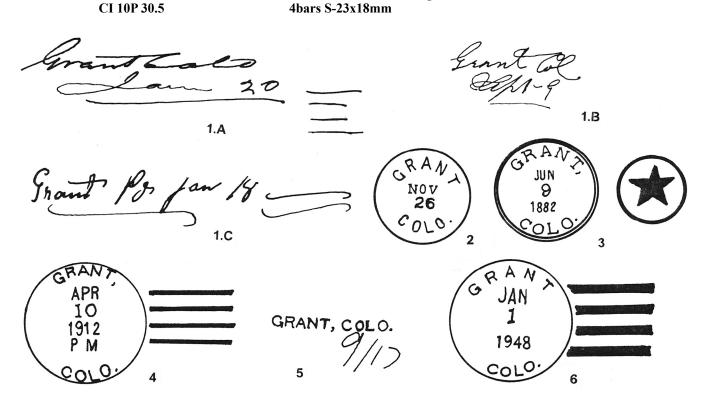
GRANT - Continued

Jan 22 1972Swann, Mrs. Ethel L.PossessionJan 11 1977Kilian, Ms Carolyn A.Officer in chargeFeb 23 1980Larkins, Mrs. Florence N.Appointed

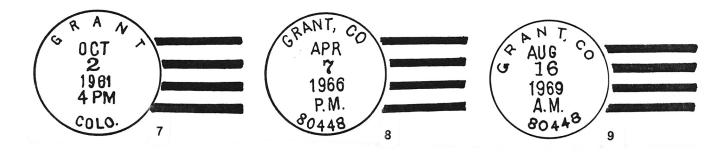
Aug 31 1990 Discontinued

Oct 18 1990 Re-established as a C.P.O. of Shawnee

		T A44054 T A44054
1.A	Grant Colo	Jun 24 1871 Jan 26 1876
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel
1.B	Grant Col	Sep 9 187- Sep 19 187-
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel
1.C	Grant P O	Jan 18 1875
	MS	Mscp Pen Cancel
2	GRANT / COLO.	Nov 26 188-
	CI 10P 25.0	Hstp Pen cancel
3	GRANT, / COLO.	Jun 9 1882
	CI 20P 27.0/26.0	Hstp Cork, Grid 4 bars
4	GRANT, / COLO.	Apr 16 1908 Aug 28 1917
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x13mm
5	GRANT, COLO.	Sep 17 191-
	MS	Mscp No killer, Manuscript date
6	GRANT / COLO.	Jan 1 1948 Aug 16 1954
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-23x18mm
7	GRANT / COLO.	8 1956 Aug 7 1964
	CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-??x20mm
8	GRANT, CO / 80448	Apr 7 1966 Oct 20 1983
	CI 10P 30.5	4bars S-23x18mm
9	GRANT, CO / 80448	Aug 16 1969 Nov 24 1972
	CI 10D 20 5	Ab and C 22-19



GRANT – Continued



GROUSEMONT

The Grousemont Post Office was the successor to the Kaiserheim Post Office. The name change took place during World War I when anti-German sentiment was virulent. Amandus Kaiser remained the postmaster until the office was closed in 1919.

The Post Office Department Geographic Site Location Report seems to suggest that Grousemont was the name first requested for the Post Office. For some unknown reason Kaiserheim was chosen, in spite of the fact that the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad Station was named Grousemont. Grouse Mountain, 10,144 feet, is north of the location of Grousemont.

Grousemont continued to survive as one of the small summer and weekend resorts along the upper reaches of the North Fork of the South Platte River. Towards the end of the twentieth century it was the location of several small residences and a combination motel and restaurant. The restaurant was decent. Jim Ozment and I stopped there for dinner a couple of times on our way back to Denver. However, a few years ago both the motel and the restaurant closed. Its rather distant location from Denver probably made it an unlikely place for people to stop while on their way to more populated destinations.

The last I knew the buildings were still there and perhaps they have recently reopened. The location is about three miles west of Bailey on the south side of the North Fork of the South Platte River.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 30 1914 --- NW/4 Sec 26 T7S R73W [Report filed for Kaiserheim]

1/4 mile south of the Platte River 1/4 mile east of Brookside Creek No town or village The station used to be named Grousemont

1/4 mile east of the Colorado and Southern RR

Feb 4 1918 Name changed from Kaiserheim

Feb 4 1918 Kaiser, Amandus

Jan 15 1919 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM GROUSEMONT

GUFFEY

It is most likely that organized settlement began here in the very early 1890's. However, it is possible that this was the early location of the Kester Post Office and if so, then there was activity as early as 1874.

Initially the community was known as Freshwater. However when a post office opened in 1895 it was with the name of Idaville. A year later the name was changed to Guffey in honor of James M. Guffey who had extensive mining interests in the area.

GUFFEY – Continued

Gold discoveries led to the formation of the town, which at its peak had several hundred residents. As was the case for many of the small gold camps on the outskirts of the Cripple Creek District, there was not enough high quality ore to support a mining industry. No large lodes were discovered and as a mining community Guffey declined.

In addition to the early mining activity, there was considerable lumbering in the surrounding area and there were also cattle ranches. Those two activities helped Guffey continue to exist. For many years Guffey was the supply and community center for the ranches and timber operations along Freshwater Creek.

Guffey is still an active community, on Park County Road 59 one and a half miles north of Colorado Highway 9. The community is a mixture of old residences and renovated homes with only minimal services available.

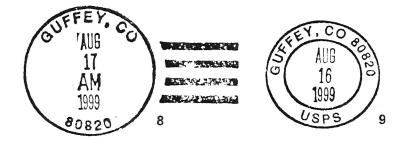
Latitude = 38:45:04 North Longitude = 105:31:15 West

Chronology of the Post Office

m onology of the	1 UST OTHER	
May 23 1896	Post office moved from Idaville	
May 23 1896	Cohen, Gustav	
Jun 24 1896	NE/4 Sec 14 T15S R73W	
Jun 13 1899	Smith, Jacob	
Jun 9 1900	Sylvis, George W.	
Aug 5 1909	Cohen, Gustave	
May 11 1914	NE/4 Sec 14 T15S R73W	
Feb 4 1915	Ratcliff, Lola	
May 29 1916	Cohen, Gustave	
Jan 3 1922	Cohen, Lillian	Acting
Apr 4 1922	Farrington, William S.	
Jan 19 1923	Collins, Elsie	Acting
Apr 23 1923	Collins, Elsie	Appointed
May 19 1928	Miller, George L.	Acting
Feb 19 1929	Miller, George L.	Appointed
Mar 20 1929	Miller, Mrs. Agnes	Confirmed
Apr 5 1929	Miller, Mrs. Agnes	Commissioned
Apr 13 1929	Miller, Mrs. Agnes	Assumed charge
Jul 4 1937	Jack, Mrs. Agnes	Name changed by marriage
Oct 22 1941	NE/4 Sec 14 T15S R73W Corner	4th and Main Streets
	Freshwater townsite 1 mile east of	of Currant Creek
Jan 1 1947	Day, Mrs. Agnes	Name changed by marriage
Oct 31 1954	Nunn, Mr. Jean Leslie	Assumed charge
Dec 7 1954	Nunn, Mr. Jean Leslie	Acting
May 6 1955	Nunn, Mr. Jean Leslie	Confirmed
Jun 17 1955	Nunn, Mr. Jean Leslie	Commissioned
Jun 30 1955	Nunn, Mr. Jean Leslie	Assumed charge
Apr 19 1957	White, Mrs. Geraldine F.	Assumed charge
Apr 19 1957	Larson, Geraldine F.	Possession, Acting
Jun 29 1957	Larson, Geraldine F.	Possession as postmaster
Dec 14 1957	White, Mrs. Geraldine F.	Name changed by marriage
Feb 21 1958	Long, Mrs. Velma I.	Assumed charge
Feb 24 1958	Long, Mrs. Velma I.	Acting
May 16 1958	Long, Mrs. Velma I.	Appointed
Jan 8 1960	West, Mrs. Charlene R.	Assumed charge
Jan 11 1960	West, Mrs. Charlene R.	Acting
Jan 6 1961	West, Mrs. Charlene R.	Confirmed & Assumed charge

				PARK COUNTY
CHEER	W C 4			
	Y – Continued			
	ned types of postal markings		7.5	
1	GUFFEY/COLO.	TT / NT /	May 5 1897	
•	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Not present	E 1 20 1000 1 12 1000	
2	GUFFEY, COLO. / REC'D.	Hatn Tangat 4 wing	Feb 28 1899 Aug 13 1908	
3	CI 10P 30.0 GUFFEY, / COLO.	Hstp Target, 4-ring	May 14 1910 Dec 22 1924	
3	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x13mm	Way 14 1910 Dec 22 1924	
4	GUFFEY, / COLO.	40a18 5-25x15111111	Feb 10 1934 Jun 21 1935	
7	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x20mm	1 cb 10 1/54 Jun 21 1/55	
5	GUFFEY/COLO.	iburs 5 25A20iiiii	Feb 3 1940 Mar 22 1950	
C	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x19mm	100 0 19 10 19111 22 1900	
5.1	Guffey, Colo.		Feb 19 1948	
	MŚ	Mscp Pen cancel		
5.2	Guffey Colorado / Emergency	•	Feb 16 1948	
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel		
6	GUFFEY / COLO.		Feb 4 1955 Apr 8 1959	
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x20mm		
7	GUFFEY, CO / 80820		Sep 17 1968 Nov 13 1975	
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-24x20mm		
7.1	GUFFEY, CO / 80820	41 0 0 4 40	Apr 16 1988	
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-24x19mm	0 . 4 4000 0 . 44 4004	
8	GUFFEY, CO / 80820	41 C 20-16	Oct 1 1990 Sep 11 2002	
9	CI 10P 34.0 GUFFEY, CO 80820 / USPS	4bars S-20x16mm	Aug 16 1000 San 11 2002	
9	CI 11P 29.0/19.5	Hstp No killer	Aug 16 1999 Sep 11 2002	
	FEP 1AY 5 897 0LO: 1	APR 19 A.M. 1911 COLO:	19 F	JN .1 .3 .5
	GUFFE) NOV 29 19 41 P.M. COLO.	Jef ; a. Le. Ennerg Study	Eme	ey Colarado Luary, 16-28 rgency 5.2
(G	JF F E JUL 29 1955 A.M. COLO. 6	SEP 17 A.M. 1968 80820		PM 88

GUFFEY – Continued

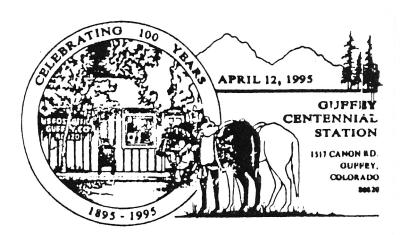


GUFFEY CENTENNIAL STATION

Chronology of the Post Office Apr 12 1995 Established

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 GUFFEY, / COLORADO / 80820 // GUFFEY / CENTENNIAL / STATION Apr 12 1995 IR 00R 92.0x52.0 Pict Scene - Horses, mountains, trees, post office in large double circle; Text - CELEBRATING 100 YEARS / 1895-1995



1

HALL VALLEY

In 1866, three prospectors from Georgetown entered the valley of the North Fork of the South Platte River. They made a promising silver discovery, staked a claim and eventually sold the claim to Colonel J. W. Hall. The Whale Mine, located above 12,500 feet began operation in 1869. The ore was a complex of silver and barite, difficult to refine.

The settlement that served the mine was located down the valley and came to be known variously as Halls Gulch, Hallville, Hall City and finally as Hall Valley. The community relied on mining only. With poor management of the Whale Mine, by Colonel Hall, and a successor English Mining Company, the mine failed and Hall Valley began to fade.

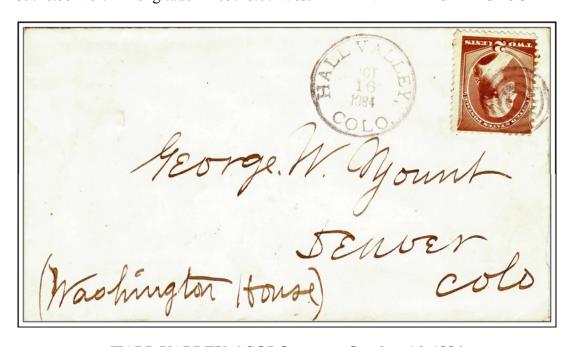
The Whale and other mines were located a short distance below the Continental Divide and apparently continued to produce limited amounts of ore until late in the nineteenth century. The Hall Valley Post Office, with a spelling change in 1894 to Hallvale, lasted until 1898.

The site of Hall Valley is now the Forest Service's Hall Valley or Handcart Gulch Campground and there are no remnants of the original settlement.

HALL VALLEY - Continued

Starting at US Highway 285, about four miles west of Grant, turn northwest on to Forest Service Road 120. The campground is five miles from US 285. This road is rough in spots but should be no problem for a four-wheel drive vehicle.

Latitude = 39:28:55 North Longitude = 105:48:07 West HALL VALLEY CAMPGROUND



HALL VALLEY, / COLO.

October 16, 1884

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 4 1874 Unsurveyed, but when surveyed will be in seventy-five West six South On the west side of the South Fork of the North Fork of the South Platte River The sketch map, attributed to a survey, places it in the N/4 Section 28 T6S R75W. **Established** Aug 10 1874 Aug 10 1874 Brownell, A. W. Jul 9 1875 Hall, Cassius G. Nov 27 1876 Discontinued Dec 22 1876 Hall, Cassius G. Dec 27 1876 Re-established Sep 10 1877 Tracey, James Mar 31 1885 ---Not reported 100 yards east of a branch of the Platte River NOTE: The land is not divided & can't procure a map but think it is 74 or 75 west, section 5, township 7. Nov 15 1890 Kline, James M. Nov 5 1894 Name changed to Hallvale

	nearly per or postar marinings		
1.A	Hall Valley Col		Jul 3 1876
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel	
1.B	Hall Valley		Jun 18 1882
	MS	Mscp As a receiver	
1.C	Hall Valley Colo.		Mar 19 1883
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel	

HALL VALLEY – Continued

HALL VALLEY, / COLO. CI 20P 28.0/26.0

3 HALL VALLEY / COLO. Jun 17 1884 Aug 1 1887

Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm Oct 4 1888

Hall Naccey 18/6/82 Holl Nally col 3/19/13





HALLVALE

In 1894 the name of the Hall Valley Post office was modified to Hallvale. The change was part of the effort by the Post Office Department to shorten and simplify post office names.

Please refer to the discussion of Hall Valley for the history and location of this post office.

Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 31 1885 ---Not reported [Report filed for Hall Valley]

100 vards east of a branch of the Platte River

NOTE: The land is not divided & can't procure a map but think

it is 74 or 75 west, section 5, township 7.

Nov 5 1894 Name changed from Hall Valley

Nov 5 1894 Tracy, James

Mar 4 1898 **Discontinued Papers to Webster**

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM HALLVALE

HAMILTON

Placer gold was first found in this area in 1859. The first settlement was named Tarryall. The early prospectors that founded Tarryall were reluctant to admit newcomers to their community and to share the placer grounds with them. A number of the new arrivals crossed to the north side of Tarryall Creek and led by Earl Hamilton, one of the original group that discovered the placers, they set up a new town named Hamilton.

Like Tarryall, Hamilton depended solely on placer mining and its fortunes rose and fell with the availability of water to operate the sluices. Gradually, as the placers played out Hamilton declined. However, Hamilton did become the more important of the two communities and it lasted several years longer than Tarryall.

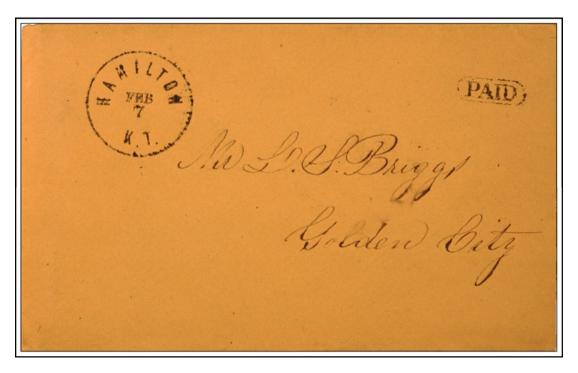
Soon, following the arrival in the area of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad, the remaining residents of Hamilton moved down to the new railroad town of Como. By 1881 Hamilton was virtually deserted and the post office was closed.

Later the mechanical dredges made their way along Tarryall Creek destroying all in their path and burying the townsite beneath mounds of gravel and cobbles.

HAMILTON – Continued

From Como, drive north on Forest Service Road 404, the road to Boreas Pass and Breckenridge. Hamilton and Tarryall were located where Road 404 crosses Tarryall Creek. Hamilton was on the north side and Tarryall on the south side of the stream. Nothing remains of the town and the ground along the stream is heavily overgrown with willows and other brush.

Please refer to the discussion of Tarryall (I) for more about the early history of this location.



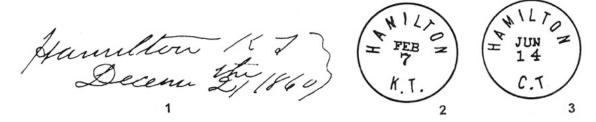
HAMILTON / K.T. February 7, (1861)

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 26 1860	Established
Jul 26 1860	Witter, Daniel
Nov 6 1862	Wilson, William
Dec 28 1863	Krebill, Henry
Dec 15 1869	Wulff, Charles
Dec 7 1870	Hopson, George L.
Mar 20 1876	Burnham, Addoniram J. [SRM: a George L. Burnham is listed in Appts list]
Jan 29 1877	SE/4 Sec 20 T8S R76W On the north side of Tarryall Creek
Jul 6 1877	Blandin, Asher
Jun 19 1879	Hopson, George L.
Jul 15 1880	Tubbs, Thomas M.
Nov 10 1881	Discontinued

1	Hamilton K.T.	Dec 21 1860
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel
2	HAMILTON / K.T.	Feb 7 1861 Jun 26 1861
	CI 10P 25.5	Hstp Stampless, PAID in rounded rectangle;
		Target, 4-ring 18mm
3	HAMILTON / C.T	Jul 5 186- Jun 14, 1864
	CI 10P 25.0	Hstp Not present

HAMILTON – Continued



HAMMOND

In my readings of Colorado history the only reference I found to Hammond stated that it was a stop on the D&RG, about 40 miles north of Guffey on a 1923 map. That would have been a pretty good trick since the Denver and Rio Grande railroad was never within twenty miles (south) of Guffey.

From all appearances Hammond was nothing more than a rural or ranch post office serving the ranches along Currant Creek, north of Guffey.

The location of Hammond was on the wagon road from the Arkansas River to the South Park and Fair Play. That route is now Colorado Highway 9.

Based on the location provided by the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report, Hammond was about six miles north of the intersection of Colorado 9 and Park County Road 59 - the road to Guffey. At that point the valley widens somewhat but there is no easily visible evidence of Hammond. The location would have been between Highway 9 and Currant Creek.

Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 21 1896 --- SW/4 SE/4 Sec 32 T14S R73W 25 yards east of Currant Creek

Proposed postmaster - John T. Whistler

Apr 10 1896 Established

Apr 10 1896 Whistler, John T.
Oct 5 1899 Bender, John
May 2 1903 Ordered closed

May 15 1903 Discontinued Papers to Guffey

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 HAMMOND / COLO. Dec - 189-CI 10P 27.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring



HARTSEL

About 1860 Samuel Hartsel came to the South Park from Pennsylvania. Failing to find gold he settled at the crossroads of the trails from Wilkerson Pass and Currant Creek Pass. Hartsel's original 1862 homestead of 160 acres was two miles east of the present day town of Hartsel, near the confluence of the Middle and South Forks of the South Platte River. The Hartsel ranch eventually grew to 200,000 acres.

HARTSEL – Continued

Hartsel built a sawmill, trading post, wagon shop and blacksmith shop. He also made a business of buying travel-worn livestock, resting and fattening them and then reselling them to other travelers. About 1866 Mr. Hartsel acquired some purebred shorthorn cattle and from that small herd he is credited with founding the stock raising industry in the South Park.

The town that developed and was named for Sam Hartsel, became a supply town for the cattle ranches of the area. In addition it developed into a modest health center, resort and recreation area. The focus of the resort was the Hartsel Hot Springs. Hartsel became a stop on the Colorado Midland Railroad when it was built across South Park.

The town of Hartsel is at the intersection of Colorado Highway 9, from the south, with US Highway 24. It is a small residential community with some services for the surrounding ranches and traffic on US 24 and Colorado 9.

To check out the 1875 site of Hartsel, from the intersection at modern Hartsel, drive east on Park County Road 59 to where it turns north to cross the river. The location was near this crossing.

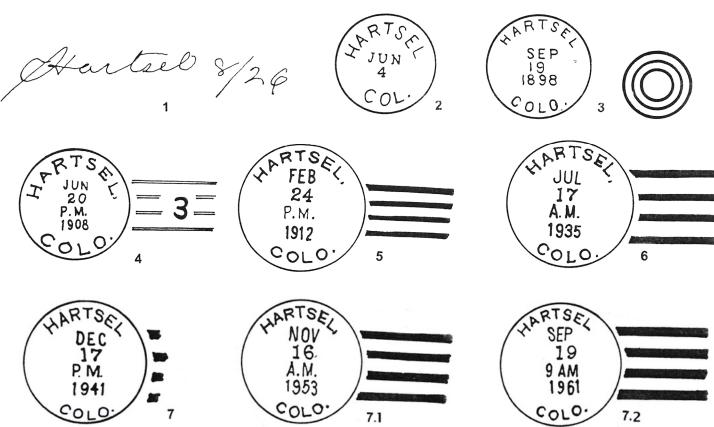
Latitude = 39:01:18 North Longitude = 105:47:43 West

Chronology of the Post Office

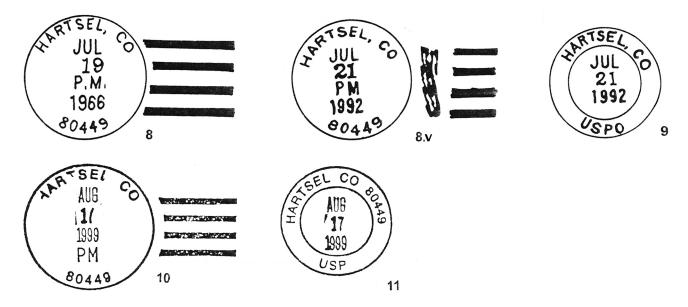
l	ronology of the	Post Office	
	Mar 16 1875	Established	
	Mar 16 1875	Hartsel, Samuel	
	Apr 15 1875	Sec 11 T12S R75W On the we	st bank of the South Platte in the forks
	Jul 14 1908	Lurtey, William L.	
	Sep 14 1910	Davids, William B.	
	Sep 26 1916	NE/4 Sec 8 T12S R75W 1/4 m	ile north of the South Fork of the
		South Platte River North side	of the Colorado Midland Railroad
	Sep 28 1922	Ballagh, Harold	Acting
	Jan 16 1923	Ballagh, Harold	Appointed
	Feb 24 1923	Block 8-28 Lot 5 T12S R75W	1400 feet north of the South Fork of the South Platte River
	Apr 12 1928	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora M.	Acting
	Nov 11 1927	Buckley, Arthur R.	Acting
	Dec 29 1927	Buckley, Arthur R.	Confirmed
	Jan 21 1928	Buckley, Arthur R.	Commissioned
	Jan 26 1928	Buckley, Arthur R.	Assumed charge
	Nov 22 1938	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora	Assumed charge
	Dec 6 1938	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora	Acting
	Feb 3 1939	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora	Confirmed
	Feb 23 1939	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora	Commissioned
	Mar 1 1939	Clevinger, Mrs. Dora	Assumed charge
	Oct 25 1941	Sec 9 T12S R75W	
	Aug 31 1953	Spencer, Mrs. Rose	Assumed charge
	Oct 19 1953	Spencer, Mrs. Rose	Acting
	Dec 31 1953	Gribble, Mrs. Clyde	Assumed charge
	Feb 15 1954	Gribble, Mrs. Clyde	Acting
	Jun 15 1954	Gribble, Mrs. Clyde	Confirmed
	Jul 21 1954	Gribble, Mrs. Clyde	Commissioned
	Sep 30 1954	Gribble, Mrs. Clyde	Assumed charge
	Dec 29 1972	Cantebury, Dorothy R.	Officer in charge
	Sep 15 1973	Cantebury, Dorothy R.	Appointed

1	Hartsel	8	Aug 26 1875
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel	
2	HARTSEL / COL.		Jun 418
	CI 10P 25.0	Hstp Not recorde	ed

HARTS	SEL – Continued	
3	HARTSEL / COLO.	May 5 1893 Apr 21 1899
	CI 10P 27.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring 17mm
4	HARTSEL, / COLO.	Apr 14 1905 Nov 2 1909
	CI 10P 28.5	Doane Type 2 with 3, S-23x13
5	HARTSEL, / COLO.	Feb 24 1912 Dec 21 1927
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-??x14mm
6	HARTSEL, / COLO.	Feb 14 1933 Sep 13 1940
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm
7	HARTSEL / COLO.	Dec 17 1941
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x18mm
7.1	HARTSEL, / COLO.	Nov 16 1953 Apr 7 1959
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x18mm
7.1.1	HARTSEL, / COLO.	1950s
	RC 10P 34.0x16.5	Hstp No killer, Parcel Post Box style
		[NOT AVAILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION]
7.2	HARTSEL / COLO.	Sep 19 1961 Nov 9 1962
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-25x18mm
8	HARTSEL, CO / 80449	Sep 20 1962 Feb 6 1987
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x18mm
8.v	HARTSEL, CO / 80449	Dec 17 1991 Jun 1 1993
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x18mm (with wrapping to hold bars
		in place)
9	HARTSEL, CO / USPO	Jul 21 1992
	CI 11P 28.0/17.0	Hstp No killer
10	HARTSEL CO / 80449	Apr 1 1995 Aug 17 1999
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-20x15mm
11	HARTSEL CO 80449 / USPS	Aug 17 1999
	CI 11P 29.5/19.5	Hstp No killer



HARTSEL - Continued



HAYMAN

Hayman was a post office that served a variety of occupations by its patrons. There was some logging, agriculture - mostly livestock, ice harvesting and short-lived mining. Logging and ranching have survived in the area.

I have not learned the source of the post office name. The post office moved more than once, which suggests the lack of an organized community and classes it as a rural or ranch post office. The original location was northwest of the Conrad Post Office and about two miles west of the later (1914) location.

About three miles west of the intersection of US Highway 24 and Park County Road 77 there is a farm road to the north from US 24. This leads into a ranch some three-quarters of a mile from the highway. It is a large well-kept ranch at the right place. However, a conversation with a resident failed to confirm that it was once the location of the Hayman Post Office. The USGS topographic map for Park County (Sheet 4) indicates a mine site a short distance to the northeast of that ranch.

The 1914 location of Hayman is on Park County Road 77, three miles north of the intersection with US 24. That location is in a strip of meadowland in Tappan Gulch. There are several buildings, most of some age, along a half-mile plus section of the road.

The name Hayman has become an infamous name in Colorado history. The name was attached to perhaps the worst forest fire in the state's history. The Hayman wildfire began on June 8, 2002 at a campground a short distance north of the 1914 site of the Hayman Post Office. By the time it was controlled, it had burned to a point north of Deckers, consuming more than 150,000 acres.

Chronology of the Post Office

Jun 6 1904	 SE/4 Sec 2 T12S R72W 3-1/2 miles south of Tarryall Creek
	Proposed postmaster - John Harris
Aug 13 1904	Established
Aug 13 1904	Harris, John
Nov 21 1904	Herring, Blanche E.
Dec 28 1908	Van Dyke, Blanche H.
Oct 26 1912	Ryan, John B.
Feb 26 1914	Evans, Elanor C.

HAYMAN - Continued

Sep 21 1914 --- NE/4 Sec 1 T12S R72W A move 1/2 mile northeast of a previous location

1-1/2 miles south of Tarryall Creek

Dec 26 1916 Milky, Owen T.

Aug 10 1918 Discontinued Mail to Divide



HAYMAN, / COLO.

March 22, 1909

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 HAYMAN, / COLO.

CI 10P 29.0

2 HAYMAN / COLO.

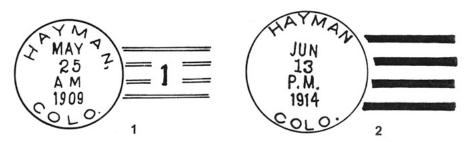
CI 10P 32.0

Aug 21 1905 Apr 24 1911

Doane Type 2 with 1, S-23x13mm

Jan 14 1913 Jul 30 1917

4bars S-25x19mm



HOLLAND

Dwight and Park Holland erected the Holland Reduction Works. Its purpose was to treat ores from the Alma-Fair Play mining districts. The facility was built in 1874 but was dismantled and sold in 1875.

At best Holland can be considered as a suburb of Fairplay. There were a number of cabins and some larger homes but, like the smelter, the post office lasted only one year.

HOLLAND – Continued

From the intersection of US Highway 285 and Colorado Highway 9, drive north about two and one-half miles on Colorado 9 to Park County Road 1 to the west. Cross the Platte River and continue on into an area that is being redeveloped. There are several newer homes scattered on the hillsides along Pennsylvania Creek but mixed in with them are a few old log structures in various states of collapse.

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 11 1873 --- SE/4 Sec 24 T9S R78W 1/2 mile west of the Platte River
1/8 mile north of Pennsylvania Creek
Feb 24 1874 Established
Feb 24 1874 Bontscau, Elijah W.
Jun 10 1874 Root, William H.
Dec 23 1874 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM HOLLAND

HORSE SHOE/HORSESHOE

The history of the post offices on Fourmile Creek is rather complex. There have been three different names used for those post offices. All three names were used for a single location and one name was used at two different periods and two different locations.

Horse Shoe was the first post office in the area. It came into existence when prospectors crossed the Mosquito Range from Leadville and found shallow silver ore deposits near the headwaters of the stream.

A glacial cirque carved into the mountain that dominates the scene west of the camp location is so prominent and so well defined in its shape, that it gave the obvious name to the mountain - Horseshoe Mountain. From the mountain the name was passed down to the mining camp at its base. Sometimes the town was also called East Leadville and may have also included the site of a camp called Mudsill.

The town that developed at Horseshoe reached a population of several hundred and included a smelter to process the rich ores from the local mines - The Badger Boy, Crusader, Peerless, Mudsill, Sacramento and Dauntless.

By the mid-1880's production from the mines had fallen. Horse Shoe declined and in 1885 the post office closed. Five years later the post office reopened but with two significant differences. The name was now one word - Horseshoe - and it was at a different location some three or four miles down Fourmile Creek from the original location. That version of Horse Shoe lasted almost four years before it closed, a victim of the Silver Crash of 1893.

The decline was not for lack of good ore. The lengthy transport required to get ore and concentrates to the railroad at Fair Play made operation uneconomical at the new lower price of silver. In 1896 the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad built the Hilltop Branch to Horseshoe to serve the Hilltop and Lost Chance Mines. Initially the railroad end of track was at the second site of Horseshoe. Soon the railroad built on up the valley to the original site and the later camp faded away, the post office closing on July 2, 1894.

In December 1896 a new post office opened at the site of the original Horse Shoe but with the name Leavick. That office lasted until August 1899 when it too closed. The third and final post office on Fourmile Creek was named Doran. It too was at the site of the original Horse Shoe.

From Fair Play and the intersection with Colorado Highway 9, drive south on US Highway 285 one and three-tenths miles to Park County Road 8. Turn west and go ten and three-tenths miles to the original site of Horse Shoe and of Leavick and Doran.

HORSE SHOE/HORSESHOE – Continued

My first visit to this site was in 1991. At that time there was a large complex mine structure on the north side of the road and it was in decent condition. When Jim Ozment and I returned in 2002 the deterioration of the buildings was obvious. Unless some remediation has taken place, I suspect the buildings have continued to deteriorate and they may soon be little more than a large pile of rubble.

The second location of Horseshoe is more difficult to determine. In 1991 I found a place that I believed to be correct and behind some trees found the remains of a brick foundation that seemed to confirm my selection. In 2002 we came back four and two-tenths miles from the upper site to what I believe was the place where I stopped in 1991. It is now the Horseshoe Campground, but I could not relocate the foundation ruins I had found previously.

Please refer to the discussions of Leavick and Doran for more on this group of post offices.

Latitude = 39:12:14 North Longitude = 106:05:05 West



Remnants of mine buildings near the original site of Horseshoe and Leavick, Colorado Photograph by James L. Ozment May 13, 2002

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 9 1880 --- T10S R78W An alternate suggested name may have been East Leadville

On north side of Four Mile Creek Proposed postmaster - Henry E. Allen

Aug 23 1880 Established

Aug 23 1880 Allen, Henry E.
Nov 17 1880 Terpenning, H. A.
Sep 9 1881 Hanlin, Mitchel R.
Jun 21 1882 Henderson, Harry J.

HORSE SHOE/HORSESHOE – Continued

Jan 9 1883 Hanlin, Mitchel R.

Mar 29 1885 --- SW/4 Sec 2 T10S R78W On Four Mile branch of the Platte River

Dec 4 1885 Mason, Richard T.

Jul 8 1886 Discontinued

Mar 8 1890 --- NW/4 Sec 8 T10S R78W

Proposed postmaster - Wilson H. Eckles

Apr 4 1890 Re-established Office name now spelled HORSESHOE

Apr 4 1890 Eckles, Wilson H. Feb 4 1891 Fishel, Mattie Nov 14 1891 Eckles, Wilson H.

Jul 2 1894 Discontinued Mail to Fairplay

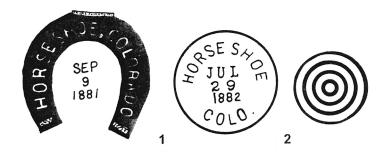
Confirmed types of postal markings

1 HORSESHOE, COLORADO Aug 4 1881 Sep 9 1881

IR 00R 32.0x33.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring 20mm

HORSE SHOE / COLO.

CI 10P 27.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm



HOWBERT

Howbert began as a camp on the South Platte River and the Colorado Midland Railroad. At first it was known as Dell's Camp, for Benjamin R. Dell who owned and operated a store at the site. Occasionally the place was also called Freshwater Station.

When a post office was added to the store, with Mr. Dell as postmaster, the post office and the community were named Howbert for a Colorado Springs banker and investor in the Colorado Midland.

Howbert was on the southeastern edge of the South Park where the South Platte River entered the Eleven Mile Canyon. That position gave it an advantage to serve the railroad, ranchers to the north and west and logging activity to the south and east. With these advantages a small community developed at Howbert.

Unfortunately, all is gone. Construction of the Eleven Mile Reservoir downstream from Howbert flooded the valley and the Howbert townsite lies beneath the waters of the reservoir.

From the town of Lake George drive west on Park County Road 92. This will take you by the sites of Rocky and Sulphur Springs and then turns south to the reservoir. Howbert was in the center of the reservoir, directly out from the parking lot and boat launch.

Chronology of the Post Office

Nov 23 1887 --- SE/4 Sec 13 T13S R73W 100 feet north of the Colorado Midland tracks

Proposed postmaster - Benjamin R. Dell

Dec 22 1887 Established

Dec 22 1887 Dell, Benjamin R.
Jul 27 1895 Baxter, Lillian M.
Nov 1 1898 Epperson, Josephine

HOWBERT – Continued

 Jul 25 1900
 Spurlock, Jesse O.

 Oct 17 1902
 Hale, Ansil B.

 Jun 3 1905
 Jones, James F.

 Aug 14 1906
 Rush, Terrell L.

 Jun 27 1907
 Rowell, Fred R.

 Dec 27 1910
 Rogers, Henry E.

 Aug 25 1920
 Fighter Graph.

Aug 25 1920 Fiedler, Gus W. Confirmed

Oct 14 1926 --- Sec 13 T13S R73W 1/4 mile southwest of the South Platte River

Jun 12 1933 Ordered closed

Jun 30 1933 Discontinued Mail to Lake George

Jun 27 1933 Modified Mail to Guffey

Jun 30 1933 Discontinued

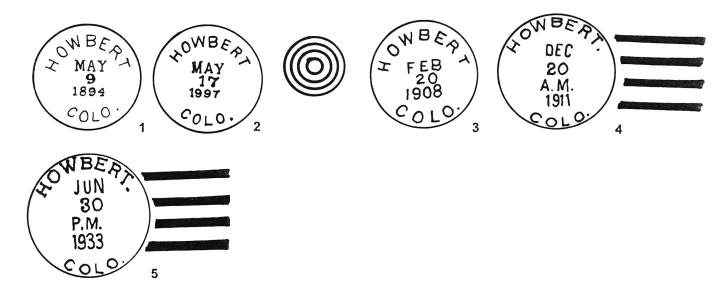


HOWBERT / COLO.

May 19, 1914

4	HOWDERT / COLO	N 11000 I 1 / 100/
1	HOWBERT / COLO.	Nov 1 1888 Jul 6 1896
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 16mm
2	HOWBERT / COLO.	May 17 1897 Apr 26 1899
	CI 10P 28.5	Hstp Not recorded
3	HOWBERT / COLO.	Jun 1 1903 May 29 1908
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 16mm
4	HOWBERT, / COLO.	Mar 20 1910 Apr 9 1921
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-24x19mm
5	HOWBERT, / COLO.	Feb 17 1933 Jun 30 1933
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x20mm

HOWBERT – Continued



IDAVILLE

It is not clear to me as to when settlement first began at this location. It is certain that by the early 1890's there was activity here and if indeed this was the original location of Kester there may have been a settlement of some sort as early as 1874.

In the early 1890's gold was discovered. This was an overflow of prospecting from the Cripple Creek excitement. In 1895 the town of Freshwater was established and soon grew to over 500 residents. Because the town was located on Freshwater Creek that would have been an appropriate name for a post office. However, there was a Freshwater Post office in Humboldt County California so the Post Office Department rejected that name.

The residents then chose the name Idaville, for Ida McClavery Wagner, owner of several mining claims. In little more than a year the name was changed to Guffey and as such it is still an active post office.

Idaville (Guffey) is on Park County Road 59, a mile and a half north of Colorado Highway 9.

Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 16 1895 --- Sec 14 T15S R73W 1-1/2 miles east of Currant Creek

Proposed postmaster - William E. McNabb

Apr 12 1895 Established

Apr 12 1895 McNabb, William E.
Apr 3 1896 Cohen, Gustav
May 23 1896 Name changed to Guffey

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM IDAVILLE

INSMONT

In 1900 the Denver Wheel Club established this community, first called Cycle Park. It became a resort with a number of small cabins for use of the cycle club members. Harry Insley was president of the group and when he later acquired title to the land he changed the name to Insmont, a variation of his name.

INSMONT – Continued

Insmont was also a station stop on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad, midway between Estabrook and Bailey. With the advent of motorized travel the resort shifted focus and like nearby Estabrook welcomed vacationers, hunters and fishermen.

In more recent years Insmont became home to a small religious sect and in 1993 there was still a large rustic, structure that once served as a church. Its use in 1993 was not clear to me. A short distance downhill from the church building and where the road turns parallel to the South Platte River, there are some other small buildings that are likely seasonal in use. One of these, a stucco structure with surrounding cobblestone walls, may have been one site of the Insmont Post Office.

To visit Insmont, begin at Bailey and follow the directions to Estabrook, herein previously described. About three miles from US Highway 285 a side road to the north leads to Insmont. There should be an appropriate sign at the intersection.

Latitude = 39:23:31 North Longitude = 105:27:09 West

Chronology of the Post Office

SE/4 Sec 33 T7S R72W South side of the South Platte and west side of Rock Creek Apr 9 1902 150 yards south of the Colorado & Southern RR Proposed postmaster - David Mitchell Lang Jun 5 1902 **Established** Jun 5 1902 Laing, David M. Gibbs, Calvin D. Mar 10 1905 May 12 1909 Quiner, George H. Feb 25 1911 McConnell, James M. Mar 30 1912 Jardine, John E. Mar 24 1913 King, Walter M. SE/4 Sec 33 T7S R72W 100 feet southeast of the North Fork of the South Platte River Apr 6 1915 ---100 feet northwest of Rock Creek 200 feet southeast of the Colorado & Southern RR May 14 1915 Connell, James W. F. Feb 21 1917 Michaels, August H. Dec 15 1917 **Discontinued Mail to Bailey**

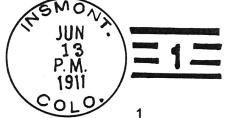
Confirmed types of postal markings

1 INSMONT, / COLO.
CI 10P 31.0 Jun 27 1906 Aug 15 1912

2 Insmont / Colo.
MS Mscp Pen cancel, undated

3 INSMONT, / COLO.
CI 10P 32.5 Jul -2 1914 Aug 31 1914

4bars S-25x20mm





JEFFERSON (I)

The lack of a Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report for this post office has made it difficult to pinpoint its location. However, there are a few historical references that do permit an approximation of the location.

JEFFERSON (I) – Continued

Virginia McConnell, writing in *Bayou Salado, the Story of South Park* states: "Jefferson City or Jefferson Diggings came into existence in 1860 near the foot of Georgia Pass, six miles northeast of Tarryall."

Kenneth Jessen, in *Ghost Towns Colorado style – Volume Two – Central Region* adds to the discussion that, "A real estate development in 1861 established the new towns of Jefferson and Palestine, down stream from the Jefferson City site. Buyers from the South Park and towns of Hamilton and Tarryall City purchased lots. Some homes were constructed and the second town of Jefferson got a post office this same year. The post office closed in 1864. The sales of lots apparently did not go well and the townsite was abandoned."

Jessen further states that in 1879, the final town using the name Jefferson was established near the site of the second Jefferson. Willard Heal laid out the town and was its first resident. He knew the Denver, South Park, and Pacific would cross over his cattle ranch and that rail service was required for a successful town.

The 1861 version recorded by Jessen would fit with the establishment that same year of a Jefferson Post Office, and its subsequent discontinuance. The 1879 version is the present day Jefferson located on US Highway 285

These reports still leave a question as to where the first Jefferson Post Office was located. It is acceptable that it was reasonably close to the present day Jefferson and most likely that it was along Jefferson Creek which crosses US 285 at Jefferson.

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 3 1861 Established

Sep 3 1861 Richardson, Thomas M.

Apr 4 1863 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM JEFFERSON (I)

JEFFERSON (II)

The existence of a Jefferson Post Office preceding present day Jefferson has been discussed above. In 1879 the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad reached this location: milepost 81.12 and elevation 9,508 feet. The railroad built a wye, a water tank, a two-story section house and a frame depot, which served as living quarters for the station agent. Located near the foot of the western ascent to Kenosha Pass the railroad facilities were important to maintenance and travel on that route. The Jefferson depot is still standing, across the highway from the Jefferson Store and Post Office. The building serves as a combination residence and ice cream shop - good ice cream and an essential stop when traveling through South Park with Jim Ozment.

With the arrival of the railroad, Jefferson was a shipping point for ore from and supplies to the mines up Jefferson Creek. When that activity died away, Jefferson remained an important shipping and supply point for the ranches in the northern portion of the South Park.

There are still several occupied residences and small businesses at Jefferson. The Post Office is now a Community Post Office under the jurisdiction of Fairplay.

Latitude = 39:22:38 North Longitude = 105:48:00 West

JEFFERSON (II) - Continued



The Jefferson Store and Community Post Office Photograph by William H. Bauer September 19, 2002

Chronology of the Post Office

mi unulugy ui	tiit	1 UST OTHEC		
Sep 25 1879		Sec 5 T8S R75W Immediately on the east side of Jefferson Creek		
		On the south side of the Den	ver & South Park	
		Proposed postmaster - Willa	rd R. Head	
Oct 3 1879		Established		
Oct 3 1879		Head, Willard R.		
Feb 14 1896		Litmer, Herman		
May 24 1905		Schattinger, Peter		
Jul 10 1905		Peak, Charles F.		
Jun 22 1907		Yutz, Charles M.		
May 18 1908		Lilley, William K.		
Oct 5 1914		NE/4 NW/4 Sec 8 T8S R72V	V 250 feet west of Jefferson Creek	
		20 feet south of the C&S rai	lroad	
Feb 6 1915		Cray, Evan A.		
Mar 7 1918		Lilley, William H.	Declined	
Jan 14 1919		Hays, Irving W.		
May 25 1921		Green, George B.		
Feb 24 1922		Sanborn, Mattie C.	Confirmed	
Mar 23 1922		Sanborn, Mattie C.	Commissioned	
Mar 31 1922		Sanborn, Mattie C.	Assumed charge	
Oct 22 1928		SE/4 Sec 5 T8S R75W 500 f	eet south of Jefferson Creek	
		100 feet west of the Colorad	o and Southern track	
Oct 23 1941		SW/4 Sec 5 T8S R75W Jeffe	erson Creek is 400 feet northeast of post office	
Jul 1 1943		Young, Mrs. Mamie H.	Assumed charge	

JEFFERSON (L	I) - Continued	
Jul 28 1943	Young, Mrs. Mamie H.	Acting
May 10 1944	Young, Mrs. Mamie H.	Confirmed
Jun 15 1944	Young, Mrs. Mamie H.	Commissioned
Jul 1 1944	Young, Mrs. Mamie H.	Assumed charge
Nov 30 1964	Harvey, Earl E.	Acting
Jun 24 1965	Harvey, Earl E.	Commissioned
Jul 2 1965	Harvey, Earl E.	Assumed charge
Jul 31 1991	Became a C.P.O. of Fairplay	_

Confirmed	types	of pos	tal	mar	kings
1 II	FFFF	ON / C	\mathbf{OI}		

Confiri	med types of postal markings	
1	JEFFERSON / COL.	12 1882 Oct 28 1882
	CI 10P 24.0	Dplx Grid, oval with circle, without number
2	JEFFERSON, / COLORADO.	Apr 20 1885 Nov 14 1891
	CI 21H 32.0/28.0/18.0	Hstp Not present
3	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	Apr 2 1895 Mar 14 1897
	CI 10P 28.5	Dplx Grid, 17-bar oval
4	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	Mar 31 1899 Apr 13 1899
	CI 10P 29.0	Hstp Grid, 9-bar circular
5	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	Aug 7 1900
	CI 11P 32.0/19.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge
6	JEFFERSON / COLO.	Apr 30 1901
	CI 11P 32.0/19.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge
7	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	Aug 7 1906 Nov 13 1907
	CI 10P 33.0	Doane Type 3 with 3
8	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	Dec 31 1908 Feb 3 1912
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x13mm
9	JEFFERSON / COLO.	Dec 14 1934
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-??x18mm
10	JEFFERSON. / COLO.	Jun 17 1935 Apr 13 1946
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm
11	JEFFERSON / COLO.	Sep 10 1948 Apr 13 1950
	CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-24x20mm
11.1	JEFFERSON, / COLO.	1950s
	RC 10P 35.5x18.5	Hstp No killer, Parcel Post Box style
		[NOT AVAILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION]
12	JEFFERSON / COLO.	Dec 29 1952 Mar 5 1965
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm
13	JEFFERSON, CO / 80456	Apr 5 1965 Apr 30 1971
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x20mm
14	JEFFERSON, CO / 80456	Oct 16 1967 Mar 4 1976
	CI 10P 32.5	4bars S-23x19mm
15	JEFFERSON, CO / 80456	May 3 1982 Jul 31 1991
	CI 10P 31.5	4bars S-24x18mm

This device continued in use after the conversion to a Community Post Office.



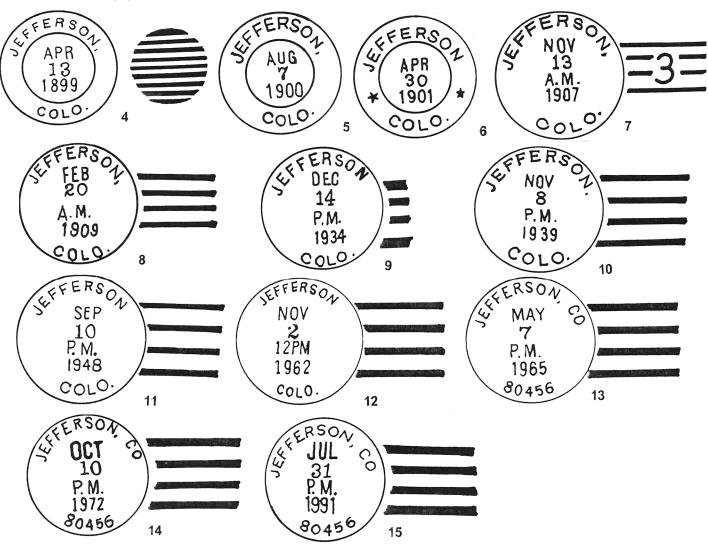








JEFFERSON (II) - Continued



KAISERHEIM

I have not found any specific historical reference to Kaiserheim or to its successor Grousemont. From its location on the North Fork of the South Platte River and the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad (by 1913 the Colorado and Southern), I assume that Kaiserheim was another of the small weekend and summer resorts that were located along the road from Bailey to Kenosha Pass. The fact that Kaiserheim was a summer post office, in operation from April 1 to October 1, lends support to this hypothesis.

It could easily be assumed that the name Kaiserheim was a reference to Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany. However the founder of the settlement and its postmaster was Amandus Kaiser. In early 1918 the name of the post office was changed to Grousemont. Undoubtedly this was in reaction to the anti-German sentiment that prevailed after America's entry into World War I.

It is also interesting that the Post Office Department Geographic Site Location Report seems to indicate that Grousemont was the post office name requested and that Kaiserheim was a substitute.

Kaiserheim/Grousemont is on the south side of US Highway 285, about three miles west of Bailey. In recent years it has been the location of a combination restaurant and motel. For more information, please refer to the discussion of Grousemont.

KAISERHEIM – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 1 1913 --- NW/4 Sec 26 T7S R73W 90 rods south of the Colorado and Southern Railroad

Apr 2 1914 Established

Apr 3 1914 Kaiser, Amandus

Feb 4 1918 Name changed to Grousemont

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 KAISERHEIM, / COLO. CI 10P 32.0 Aug 10 1916 Aug 16 1917

4bars S-24x20mm



KENOSHA

A stage coach driver from Kenosha, Wisconsin is credited with naming the 10,001 foot pass on US Highway 285. Supposedly Kenosha is a Chippewa word meaning pike (the fish).

The Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad crossed through this pass on the way to the South Park and beyond. At the summit of the pass the railroad erected a depot, water tank and a repair shop. There was a siding and a wye for turning helper engines for their return trips down from the pass.

There were lumbering and sawmills in the immediate vicinity and Kenosha was a place from which a large number of ties were shipped for the railroad.

Kenosha was in the flats at the summit, which lie east of the highway. An access road leads to a rest stop and campground. A small section of narrow gauge track has been re-laid as an exhibit, supported by an historical marker.

Latitude = 39:24:48 North Longitude = 105:45:22 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Jan 31 1891 --- NE/4 Sec 27 (or 26?) T7S R75W The sketch map seems to indicate section 26

50 feet east of the Union Pacific tracks 1/2 mile west of Kenosha Creek

Proposed postmaster - Samuel S. Carruthers

May 16 1891 Established

May 16 1891 Carruthers, Samuel S.
Oct 2 1893 Discontinued Mail to Jefferson

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 KENOSHA / COLO. CL 10P 27.0 Jul 20 1893

Hstp Target Dated by receiver on reverse



KESTER

George Crofutt described Kester as, "A post office on West [sic] Currant Creek, surrounded by stock-raisers, mountains, timber, and an abundance of game, trout, etc." Another reference calls it an 1880's site at the same location as modern Guffey.

Crofutt's description seems apt but I do have doubts about equating Kester with Guffey. The Idaville Post Office, to become Guffey, did not open until 1895. But prior to then the place was known as Freshwater, for the location on Freshwater Creek.

Unfortunately the 1874 Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report does not provide a definitive location. It merely states that the site was on the north side of Currant Creek in unsurveyed lands.

Kester was on the wagon road from the Arkansas Valley to the South Park and Fair Play. I have no information as to the source of the name. I suspect that it was another rural post office and perhaps a stage station.

There may have been a loose, scattered community at Kester. The *Fairplay Flume* for February 26, 1880 reported the following: "The people in the south part of the county, along Currant Creek, have been enjoying themselves this winter through the medium of a number of dancing parties held at Kester Post Office and other places in that neighborhood."

The original Kester Post Office lasted until 1887 when it was briefly closed. It quickly reopened and apparently at a new location. However, the physical description of the new site, referenced to the original location, does not fit the direction from Kester (1887) to Guffey. It could fit the direction and distance to the later (1896) site of the Hammond Post Office.

The known location for Kester is about two miles north of the Park-Fremont County line. It is on Currant Creek and Colorado Highway 9. The site is in a small valley where Colorado 9 comes down a hill to Currant Creek and crosses over the Louis Gulch stream. Nothing is visible at that location.

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 14 1874	Not surveyed On north side of Currant Creek
Aug 10 1874	Established
Aug 10 1874	Sweet, Job K.
Jun 25 1877	White, William B.
May 3 1880	Dell, Benjamin R.
Aug 2 1881	Dunn, Rielly G.
May 11 1882	Smith, William R.
Jul 10 1883	Littleton, Amanda J.
Jul 23 1883	Istrum, Peter A.
Mar 17 1884	Littleton, Miss Ella
Nov 11 1886	Discontinued Papers to Currant Creek
Apr 23 1887	NW/4 Sec 25 T15S R73W On Currant Creek NOTE: The late Kester P.O.
_	is about 5 miles from the present proposed site in a northwesterly direction
	Proposed postmaster - Aaron C. Davis
May 16 1887	Re-established
May 16 1887	Davis, Aaron C.
Dec 21 1891	Discontinued Mail to Currant Creek

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 Kester Colo Aug 30 18-- Oct 28 18-MS Mscp Pen cancel

Nester colo at 28-1

KING

In 1871 George Lechner discovered semi-bituminous coal deposits in the northwestern corner of the South Park. A small community soon developed and was at first named Como. With the approach of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad, the name Como was transferred to the end-of-track settlement some two miles to the northwest.

At first the South Park Coal Company operated the mines. On January 9, 1883 the Union Coal Company, a consolidation of several small coal mining operations, assumed control of the mines at King. In 1890 this company was in turn succeeded by the Union Pacific Coal Company, which operated and managed the coal properties belonging to the railroad.

Between 1875 and 1893 the mines at King were worked on a large scale. But by 1893 the best and most accessible coal had been mined out. There are also reports that fires in one or more of the five mines at King contributed to the cessation of operations.

A spur railroad was built from Como to the mines at King. A typical, unimpressive company town was built at King to house the mine workers. The town consisted of sixty two- or three-room wooden tenement houses, a saloon, four stables, blacksmith shop, carpenter shop, school house and the usual structures associated with a good sized mining operation. Only concrete foundations and mine dumps remain to mark the site.

The expanded settlement was named King for a Mr. King. This may have been either W. H King, or Adolph J. King. Adolph King was the first postmaster at King. It is stated that at the time W. H. King was Park County Clerk, Postmaster of King and manager of the company store. Clarification of this conflicting information is needed.

Starting from US Highway 285, a short distance north of Como, turn east on Park County Road 15 and go one and six-tenths miles to a dirt track to the south. It is another six-tenths miles to the site of King. In 1996 this track was open but I can not guarantee that it remains open to travel. It is not a county road and is not maintained.

Latitude = 39:17:43 North Longitude = 105:51:29 West

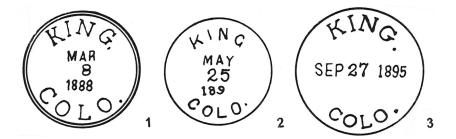
Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 31 1884 ---NW/4 Sec 11 T9S R76W Near the south side of Tarryall Creek Proposed postmaster - Adolph J. King Apr 14 1884 **Established** King, Adolph J. Apr 14 1884 Apr 4 1890 Sweet, Willard G. Jan 5 1891 Wallace, Harry S. Rescinded Jun 20 1895 Sep 25 1892 Hymer, James P. Apr 13 1896 Martin, George H. Oct 24 1896 **Discontinued Mail to Como**

Confirmed types of postal markings

1	KING, / COLO.	Mar 8 1888 Sep 28 1888
	CI 20P 31.0/28.5	Hstp No killer
2	KING / COLO.	May 25 189-
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge
2	KING. / COLO.	Aug 16 1895 Sep 27 1895
	CI 10P 33.0	Hstp not present

KING - Continued



LAKE GEORGE

In 1886 George Washington Frost brought his family to this area and acquired a large ranch. He believed that eventually a railroad would come through the area.

Frost constructed a dam across the South Platte River below where it exits from Eleven Mile Canyon. At first the reservoir was called Liddledale Reservoir but it soon became known as George's Lake. A townsite was also platted near the lake.

The Colorado Midland Railroad did come and when the post office opened in 1891 it was given the name of Lake George.

One of the reasons Mr. Frost built the dam and reservoir was that he anticipated cutting ice from the lake and selling the ice to the railroad to refrigerate the railroad's boxcars. In this he made another good assumption and for many years the production and marketing of ice was a principal industry at Lake George.

When the Colorado Midland ceased operation during World War I the ice business at Lake George virtually ended. There was, and still is, ranching and lumbering to support the community.

Another attraction of Lake George was the Wildflower Excursion Trains that the Colorado Midland ran from Colorado Springs to Lake George. These trips were extremely popular as day-long excursions into the mountains.

In 1921 a severe flood washed out the Lake George dam and for several years there was no lake at Lake George. In 1937 E. C. Stevens saw potential in the area. He acquired a large share of the land around the old lakebed, rebuilt the dam and Lake George was once more on a lake.

Lake George is located on US Highway 24 where that highway crosses the South Platte River. It is a small but thriving community with a number of residences and some small businesses. Lake George is also benefiting from the growth that surrounds Colorado Springs.

In 1975 the post office was in a combination service station and grocery store on the eastern edge of Lake George (south side of US 24). It now occupies a modern building of its own on the western edge of the town

Latitude = 38:58:47 North Longitude = 105:21:25 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Apr 24 1891 --- SW/4 Sec 29 T12S R71W On the east bank of the South Platte and on Twin Creek Will be on north side of the Colorado Midland within a few yards of it or in depot Proposed postmaster - Thomas H. Stratton

May 15 1891 Stratton, Thomas H.

Oct 31 1891 --- SW/4 SW/4 Sec 29 T12S R71W 600 feet east of the South Platte River About 500 feet north of Twin Creek

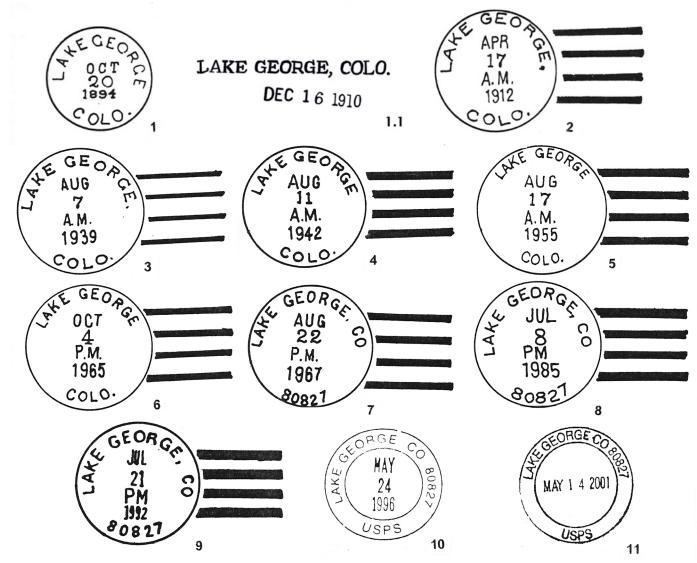
Jan 21 1899 Stratton, Laura T.

LAKE GEORGE	– Continued	
Jan 4 1901	Frost, Stella	
Sep 10 1905	Ordered closed	
Sep 30 1905	Discontinued Mail to Conra	d
Mar 25 1910	NW/4 Sec 29 T12S R71V	Colorado Midland RR is 1 mile south of post office
Sep 27 1910	Re-established	1
Sep 27 1910	Wymore, James	
Apr 21 1914	Rockett, Adella	
May 1 1914	The state of the s	1 mile north of Twin Creek
•	1 mile north of the Color	ado Midland RR
Dec 22 1924	Ryan, James C.	Confirmed
Jan 6 1925	Ryan, James C.	Commissioned
Jan 26 1925	Ryan, James C.	Assumed charge
Feb 19 1937	Sumner, Lawson D.	Confirmed
Mar 10 1937	Sumner, Lawson D.	Commissioned
Mar 21 1937	Sumner, Lawson D.	Assumed charge
Aug 26 1937	NW/4 Sec 29 T12S R71V	V 1628 feet northeast of the South Platte River
Oct 20 1941	NW/4 Sec 29 T12S R71V	V US-24 is 10 feet north of Post Office
Feb 11 1942	Sumner, Lawson D.	Military Leave
Feb 27 1942	Snare, Mrs. Loree D.	Assumed charge
Mar 24 1942	Snare, Mrs. Loree D.	Acting
Jul 1 1944	Snare, Max	Assumed charge
Jul 8 1944	Snare, Max	Acting
Oct 1 1944	Rausch, George F.	Assumed charge
Oct 11 1944	Rausch, George F.	Acting
Sep 12 1945	Sumner, Lawson D.	Returned to duty
May 12 1973	Gay, Lynn E.	Officer in charge
Jun 30 1973	Gay, Mrs. Kathryn L.	Appointed

Confirmed types of postal markings 1 LAKE GEORGE / COLO.

	in med types of postal markings		
1	LAKE GEORGE / COLO.		Oct 20 1894
	CI 10P 27.0	Hstp Cork, Smudge	
1.	LAKE GEORGE, COLO.		Dec 16 1910
	SL 10P 51.0x13.0	Hstp Pen cancel	
2	LAKE GEORGE, / COLO.		Sep 26 1911 Mar 17 1913
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x20mm	
3	LAKE GEORGE. / COLO.		May 8 1934 May 6 1941
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x19mm	
4	LAKE GEORGE / COLO.		Aug 11 1942 Sep 11 1948
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x18mm	
5	LAKE GEORGE / COLO.		May 10 1955 Apr 14 1959
	CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-25x21mm	
6	LAKE GEORGE / COLO.		Oct 4 1965 Mar 5 1966
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-24x19mm	
7	LAKE GEORGE, CO / 80827		Aug 22 1967 Apr 30 1976
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x18mm	
8	LAKE GEORGE, CO / 80827		Jul 8 1985 Jul 8 1985
	CI 10P 31.5	4bars S-24x19mm	
9	LAKE GEORGE, CO / 80827		May 20 1991 May 29 1993
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-23x18mm	
10	LAKE GEORGE CO 80827 / USPS		May 24 1996
	CI 11P 30.0/19.5	Hstp No killer	
11	LAKE GEORGE CO 80827 / USPS		May 14 2001 May 17 2004
	CI 11P 30.0/22.0	Hstp No killer	

LAKE GEORGE – Continued



ORIENTEERING STATION

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 3 1991 Operated as a Special Commemorative Station

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 LAKE GEORGE, COLORADO 80827 // ORIENTEERING STATION Aug 3 1991 RC 10P 100.0x50.0 Pict Scene - Map, flag and compass within frame; Text - RMOC / CLASS A / MEET / 1991 / U.S. TEAM / TRIALS



LAURETTE (LAURET)

In August 1859 a party of prospectors led by Joseph Higganbottom and including A. Fairchilds, D. Berger, W. H. K. Smith, David J. Griest and C. W. Darling made an important placer discovery on what became known as Buckskin Creek. Higganbottom, an old time mountaineer, had a penchant for wearing clothes made of buckskin, hence his nickname Buckskin Joe. The new camp was quickly named Buckskin Diggings and at first the stream was Fairchilds Branch.

A year later the town that had grown as Buckskin was officially given a new name - Laurette or Lauret. It is believed that the new name combined the names of the daughters of Horace Dodge - Laura and Jeanette. A variant identifies the ladies as the wives of two brothers named Dodge.

There were numerous mines along Buckskin Creek and on the mountains bordering the stream. However, the community of Laurette/Buckskin never grew to any significance and it soon became little more than a scattering of cabins for the miners.

The residents preferred the name Buckskin and in December 1865 the name of the post office was changed to Buckskin. At the time Horace A. W. Tabor was the postmaster and operating a store in Buckskin.

From the south end of Alma, turn west on to Forest Service Road 416. It is about one mile to an open, level area that was the location of the community. Almost nothing remains but there are signs of the mining activity and the Buckskin Cemetery is hidden in the trees to the north of Buckskin Creek.

To enjoy the scenery I suggest continuing west on Road 416. Another mile or so west there is a large, well preserved mine building complex that is worth the visit.

Chronology of the Post Office

Oct 14 1861 --- Not surveyed There is an answer to the question of nearest office on the other side:

Oro City California Gulch but merely a supply office but not in operation

Nov 14 1861 Established

Nov 14 1861 Morey, Franklin
Jun 26 1862 Tabor, Horace A. W.
Dec 21 1865 Name changed to Buckskin



LAURET / C.T.

December 21, 186-

LAURETTE (LAURET) – Continued Confirmed types of postal markings 1 LAURET / C.T

CI 10P 25.5

Feb 22 186- Nov 19, 1862

Hstp Target, 4-ring



LEAVICK

Leavick was the second name to be applied to the silver camp on the headwaters of Fourmile Creek. It was preceded by Horse Shoe and followed by Doran.

Leavick was named for Felix Leavick who had mining interests in the Mosquito Range that borders the South Park on the west.

Felix Leavick had acquired the Hilltop Mine in 1892 but the Silver Crash of 1893 delayed further exploitation of the silver ores. In 1896 the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad built the Hilltop Branch to the site and made resumption of mining an economic proposition. The mine owners financed 49% of the railroad construction costs. The railroad hauled in coal, supplies and passengers and hauled out concentrates from the mill at Leavick.

This was the most successful of the operations in the area and as a result the name Leavick is the name most frequently applied to the town. Please refer to Horse Shoe and Doran for more of the story of this location and for directions to the site.

Latitude = 39:11:42 North Longitude = 106:08:13 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 18 1896 --- NW/4 Sec 8 T10S R78W 350 feet northerly from Four Mile Creek

Proposed postmaster - Samuel Cohen

Dec 29 1896 Established

Dec 29 1896 Cohen, Samuel

Aug 31 1899 Discontinued Papers to Fair Play

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM LEAVICK

LONDON

The London mines were located on the upper reaches of Mosquito Creek. However, the London Post Office was near where the roadbed of the London, South Park, and Leadville Railroad and the present day road to Mosquito Pass, cross the Middle Fork of the South Platte River.

The mines were extensive and were worked for more than fifty years. Near the end of the twentieth century there were repeated attempts to reopen the mines or to dig new shafts into the deposits. I am not certain if those attempts were successful.

There were camps at the mines but the principal communities were at the town of Park and at the lower site, which over time was known as London Junction, Alma Junction or Alma Station. The junction was the junction of the road west over Mosquito Pass to Leadville with the road north over Hoosier Pass to Breckenridge.

Dec 3 1883 May 17 1886

LONDON – Continued

Drive north from Fair Play on Colorado Highway 9 to the intersection with the road to Mosquito Pass. Cross the South Platte and you are in the vicinity of London. There are scattered homes, mostly hidden in the trees and it is difficult to determine if any date from the nineteenth century.

Chronology of the Post Office

Jun 11 1883 ---NE/4 Sec 13 T9S R78W 600 feet west of the Platte River

300 feet north of Mosquito Creek North side of track, 200 feet

from London Junction Depot

Proposed postmaster - William Baker

Jun 25 1883 **Established**

Jun 25 1883 Baker, William Jul 17 1886 Nichols, James P. Aug 27 1886 Discontinued Mail to Alma

Confirmed types of postal markings

LONDON, PARK CO. / COLO. OC 21C 30x30/26x26/17

Hstp Target



1

MONTGOMERY

Mining in this area began in 1859 and for several years gold was produced from placers and some lode mines. A town grew at the site and was named Montgomery City and acquired a post office by that name. By the early 1870's the gold mines had played out, most of the miners left for other districts and in 1872 the post office closed.

Ten years later, following some good silver discoveries, the community revived. The post office was reopened but with the simpler name Montgomery. Based on several period photographs, Montgomery was a modest sized community with stores, mine offices and residences for the miners. The 1893 repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase Act brought an end to Montgomery's prosperity. In 1898 there was another revival but it too did not last long.

In 1954 the City of Colorado Springs began construction of a municipal reservoir on the Middle Fork of the South Platte River. The last building in Montgomery served as headquarters for the San-Ore Construction Company building the dam. The dam was completed in 1959 and the site of Montgomery/Montgomery City now lies beneath the waters of the reservoir.

From Alma, drive north on Colorado Highway 9 and begin the ascent to Hoosier Pass. A side road leads downhill to the Montgomery Reservoir, which is part of the Colorado Springs water system.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 25 1882 ---NW/4 Sec 21 T8S R78W On the northeast side of the headwaters of the Platte

Proposed postmaster - Jonathan Clark Christy

Jun 7 1882 **Established**

Jun 7 1882 Christy, John C. Jan 22 1884 Welch, James L. Dec 23 1885 Bostwick, Willis A.

May 3 1888 **Discontinued Papers to Alma**

MONTGOMERY – Continued Confirmed types of postal markings 1 MONTGOMERY/COL.

Ma- 5 188-

Hstp No killer



MONTGOMERY CITY

In late 1859 gold was discovered where the Middle Fork of the South Platte River emerges from a canyon on the north side of Mount Lincoln. The discovery party, including John H. Smith, Cornelius Griswold, Willis Bryant and George W. Lechner, opened the Snow Blind District of Gilpin Gulch.

The town of Montgomery City was founded in June 1861 and the Montgomery Mining District was laid out on August 22, 1861, superseding the Snow Blind District.

The gold mines lasted only a few years and by 1872 there was insufficient patronage to continue operation of the post office.

From Alma, drive north on Colorado Highway 9 and begin the ascent to Hoosier Pass. A side road leads downhill to the Montgomery Reservoir, which is part of the Colorado Springs water system.



MONTGOMERY CITY / C.T.

July 29, (186-)

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 21 1862 Established

Jul 21 1862 Bailey, George W. Jul 5 1866 Valiton, Louis F.

Dec 3 1867 Myers, Ralph H. First name may be Joseph

MONTGOMERY CITY – Continued

Jun 10 1872 Hansbrough, Peter M.

Oct 31 1872 Moved to Dudley

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 MONTGOMERY CITY / C.T. Jul 29 186- Feb 16 1868 CI 10P 29.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring 19mm



MOUNTAINDALE

In 1880 a post office was established on the ranch of William M. Farnum and he became the first postmaster of Mountaindale. In 1886 Charlotte S. Allen became postmaster and the Mountaindale Post Office was moved to the Allen ranch.

From the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report it appears that Tipton was the first choice for the post office name. I have no information as to the source of that name. Tipton was rejected in favor of Mountaindale which, considering the location, was an appropriate choice.

There is no evidence that there was any organized community and Mountaindale is classed as a rural or ranch post office.

Mountaindale was on Tarryall Creek in a scenic area where ranching, growing hay, hunting and fishing were the occupations.

From Tarryall (II) continue north on Park County Road 77 three miles. At that point the road passes through a small group of log buildings and corrals. I believe this to have been the second location of Mountaindale. A half-mile or so further north, there are some more old log buildings between the road and Tarryall Creek. I suspect they were at or near the first location of Mountaindale. I admit that my choices for the locations of Mountaindale are perhaps not very accurate.

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 2 1879 --- SW/4 Sec 15 T10S R73W 500 feet south of Tarryall Creek
Proposed postmaster - William M. Farnum

Jan 5 1880 Established
Jan 5 1880 Farnum, William M.
Sep 22 1886 Allen, Charlotte S.

Feb 18 1887 --- NE/4 Sec 23 T10S R73W 1/4 mile south of Tarryall Creek Sketch map places it in the NW/4 NE/4 Sec 23

Oct 11 1899 Discontinued Papers to Tarryall (II)

Confirmed types of postal markings

 1
 MOUNTAINDALE, / COLO.
 Jul 20 1889 Jul 21 1898

 CI 21P 31.0/28.5/18.0
 Hstp Target, 3-ring 20mm

 2
 MOUNTAINDALE / COLO.
 Jan 22 1898 May 28 1898

 CI 10P 27.5
 Hstp No killer

MOUNTAINDALE – Continued





MULLENVILLE

Mullenville, a post office that lasted less than two years, has been noted in a few historical reports. The community is described as a ranching community and post office, with some nearby mining.

George Crofutt in *Crofutt's Gripsack Guide to Colorado* describes Mullenville as, "A cross-roads post office on Four Mile Creek, two miles below Horseshoe; six miles southwest from Fairplay and ten miles northwest from Garo's."

Virginia McConnell writing in *Bayou Salado, the Story of South Park* states: "In 1880 Mullenville, just two miles below the mining camp of Horseshoe, had a post office and a population of 30. Four years later it was a stage station with a population of 50, but there was no longer a post office apparently, having been absorbed by Horseshoe."

It is difficult to reconcile these statements with the location information from the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report for Mullenville. The report states that Mullenville was three miles from Fourmile Creek. The Federal Land Survey description locates Mullenville on High Creek, about a mile south of Fourmile Creek and two miles southeast of the second location of Horseshoe.

From that location it is reasonable to accept the description of Mullenville as a ranch post office. As to mining, there was some minor activity above 11,000 feet on Sheep Mountain to the west of the site of Mullenville.

Daniel B. Mullen was the first postmaster for Mullenville; therefore it is logical to conclude that the post office was named for him.

To visit the location of Mullenville, begin at the intersection with Colorado Highway 9 at Fair Play. Drive south on US Highway 285 two and three-tenths miles to Park County Road 20. Turn west on that road and go three and three-tenths miles into the Warm Springs Ranch. This is a development that has altered the roads in the area and thus it is difficult to pin down a location. Most of the buildings in the area are new but there are a couple of older ranch buildings. I am not sure how close those buildings are to what was the site of Mullenville.

Chronology of the Post Office

Jun 12 1880 --- NE/4 NW/4 Sec 24 T10S R78W Four Mile creek 3 miles north

Four Mile Creek 3 miles south(?)

Proposed postmaster - Daniel B. Mullen

Jun 28 1880 Established

Jun 28 1880 Mullen, Daniel B. May 13 1881 De Beque, R. N.

Jan 31 1882 Discontinued Mail to Fair Play

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM MULLENVILLE

OLAVA

The only historical references I have found to Olava merely mention it as being another name for nearby Grant.

The Olava Post Office was established eighteen years after the first closure of the Grant Post Office. It seems likely that the initial postmaster, Thomas W. Offerle, believed a post office for the area was necessary and he was willing to serve as postmaster. When the application and the Geographical Site Location Report were filed, the requested name was Offerle. The report noted that the site was also known as Grant but when the Post Office Department rejected the name Offerle they named it Olava. I have no idea where that came from or what it meant to the residents.

The name Olava was apparently not popular and in 1948 the post office name was changed to the original Grant. With the change in name, the post office moved 1,000 feet back west to the original location.

Please refer to the discussion of Grant for more information relative to Olava/Grant.

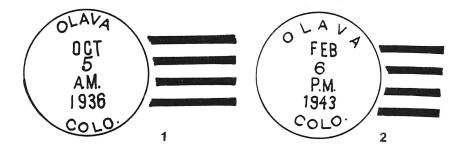
Chronology of the Post Office

 ronology of the	of ost office			
Jun 22 1936	NW/4 NW/4 Sec 10 T7S R74W 150 feet north of the North Fork of the South Platte River			
	1/4 mile east of Geneva Creek	1/4 mile east of Geneva Creek Site also known as Grant		
	Applicant for postmaster - Tho	mas W. Offerle		
Aug 27 1936	Established			
Aug 27 1936	Offerle, Thomas W.	Confirmed		
Sep 17 1936	Offerle, Thomas W.	Commissioned		
May 2 1937	Menaugh, William	Acting		
May 13 1937	Menaugh, William	Assumed charge		
Jun 9 1937	Menaugh, William	Confirmed		
Jun 28 1937	Menaugh, William	Commissioned		
Jul 1 1937	Menaugh, William	Assumed charge		
Jan 22 1939	Grady, Owen M.	Acting		
Feb 4 1939	Grady, Owen M.	Assumed charge		
Feb 10 1939	Grady, Owen M.	Confirmed		
Feb 20 1939	Grady, Owen M.	Commissioned		
Feb 24 1939	Grady, Owen M.	Assumed charge		
Jan 1 1941	Grady, Mrs. Margaret T.	Assumed charge		
Jan 6 1941	Grady, Mrs. Margaret T.	Acting		
Jul 9 1941	Grady, Mrs. Margaret T.	Confirmed		
Jul 25 1941	Grady, Mrs. Margaret T.	Commissioned		
Aug 1 1941	Grady, Mrs. Margaret T.	Assumed charge		
Oct 22 1941	Part of the N/2 NW/4 NW/4 Sec	c 10 T7S R74W, and part of section 9		
	Office is on Highway 285 Nort	h Branch of Platte 100 feet south of office		
Oct 17 1942	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Assumed charge		
Oct 30 1942	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Acting		
Jan 29 1943	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Confirmed		
Feb 13 1943	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Commissioned		
Feb 19 1943	Pharnes, Mrs. Mary D.	Assumed charge		
Jan 1 1948	Name changed to Grant			

Confirmed types of postal markings

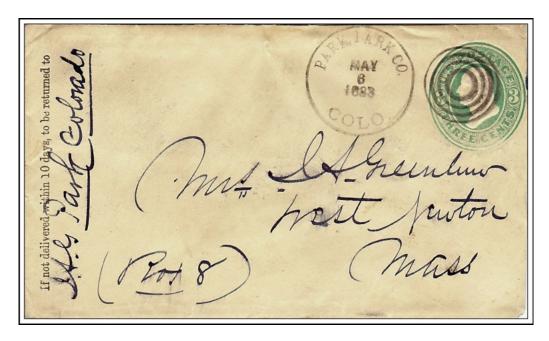
1	OLAVA / COLO.	_	Oct 5 1936 Aug 11 1941
	CI 10P 33.5	4bars S-24x19mm	_
2	OLAVA / COLO.		Feb 6 1943 Dec 31 1947
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-23x19mm	

OLAVA - Continued



PARK

There is some reason to believe that this community was a successor to an early settlement and post office named Sterling (also called Mosquito). The Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report was submitted under the name of Sterling but that was rejected and Park was the assigned name.



PARK, PARK CO. / COLO. May 6, 1883

The revival of the settlement in 1879 was related to the greatly increased traffic using the Mosquito Pass Route to cross the mountains to Leadville. In addition to providing services for travelers on the Mosquito Pass Road Park was the supply center for a number of mines along Mosquito Creek and on the surrounding mountains. The best known of those mines was the London, which produced for fifty years or more.

There were stores, hotels and a number of cabins and other residences. Today the residents of Park rely on nearby Alma and Fair Play for supplies

Park was on the route of the London, South Park, and Leadville Railroad that continued up Mosquito Creek to the London Mine west of the forks of the creek.

PARK - Continued

Drive north from Fair Play on Colorado Highway 9 to Park County Road 1, the Mosquito Pass Road, turn west and it is three miles to Park. Park is a scattered community of older buildings that have been renovated and some new buildings. It is most often shown on maps, old and new, as Park City.

Latitude = 39:16:42 North Longitude = 106:05:33 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Nov 10 1879 --- SE/4 Sec 10 T9S R78W 2 miles west of the South Platte River on the north side of Mosquito Creek
Proposed postmaster - Henry J. Bagley

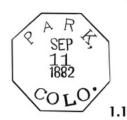
Nov 26 1879 Established
Nov 26 1879 Bagley, Henry J.
Jul 26 1882 Hart, Ronald A.
Jan 30 1888 Eagan, Mrs. Annie

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 PARK, PARK CO., / COLO.
CI 10P 27.5 Hstp Target, 4 thin rings 20mm
1.1 PARK, / COLO.
OC 10P 26.0? Hstp No killer Size estimated from Ebay scan
2 PARK / COLO.
Feb 28 1891
CI 10P 27.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring



Apr 14 1891



Discontinued Papers to Alma



PLATTE

For little more than a month this was the official name applied to Platte Station. The change in name might have been the result of an attempt to install a new postmaster and perhaps relocate the post office to a different ranch.

It is logical to assume that whatever was planned, it failed and a week after the post office name reverted to Platte Station, the Platte Station Post Office was discontinued.

Lacking evidence to the contrary I will, with caution, place Platte at the same location as Platte Station.

Chronology of the Post Office

No document was found in the Park County Geographical Site Location Reports.

For little more than a month, this was the official name for Platte Station.

Nov 5 1894 Name changed from Platte Station

Nov 5 1894 Mikel, Della I.

Dec 12 1894 Order changing name rescinded

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM PLATTE

PLATTE STATION

Platte Station was a stage station located at the eastern foot of Weston Pass, on the Weston Pass Wagon Road. Until 1880 this was a busy toll road that served as a shortcut for travel from the north through the South Park on the way to the Arkansas Valley and Leadville.

With the construction of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad through the South Park, use of the Weston Pass Road declined. The stage station became merely a ranch on the South Fork of the South Platte River, at the foot of the mountains.

For one month, in late 1894, the name of the post office was shortened to Platte. A week after the name reverted to Platte Station, the post office was closed.

At Fairplay, from the intersection with Colorado Highway 9, drive south on US Highway 285 four and seven-tenths miles to Park County Road 5. Turn west on that road and go seven miles to Park County Road 22. Continue west on Road 22 about two miles towards Weston Pass. There is a private road to the left from Road 22 that leads in to the Weston Pass Ranch.

When Jim Ozment and I visited the site in May 2002, the private road was gated but not locked and there was no Keep Out sign, so we went on in. It was less than a half mile to a large complex of ranch buildings and cabins. Everything gave the appearance that this was a seasonal guest ranch. The buildings are of log construction with some modifications. One building is a large two-story log building that serves as a barn and stables.

Returning from Platte Station you can stay on Road 22, which will take you back to US 285. If you were coming from the south, then Road 22 would be the choice to go to Platte Station.

Do not confuse Platte Station on the Weston Pass Road with Platte Station at milepost 113.54 on the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad.



The Weston Park Ranch, view to the east
This was the location of the Platte and Platte Station Post Offices.
Photograph by William H. Bauer May 13, 2002

PLATTE STATION – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 7 1878 SW/4 Sec 22 T11S R78W 1/2 mile west of the Platte River NOTE: Some other name would be preferable as there is now a Platte Canon, Platte Valley, & Platteville in Colorado. Sep 27 1878 **Established** Sep 27 1878 Collins, Allen H. Apr 6 1880 Lauth, John N. Rider, Nathaniel A. Aug 21 1880 Apr 19 1886 Radford, John Nov 5 1894 Name changed to Platte Change in name rescinded Dec 12 1894 Dec 12 1894 Dec 18 1894 Discontinued Mail to Fair Play

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM PLATTE STATION

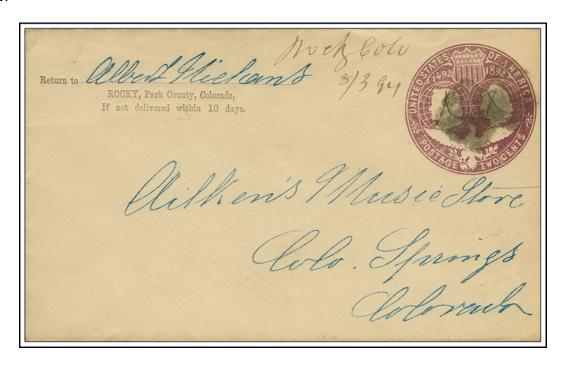
ROCKY

Rocky was an early stage station on the route to Wilkerson Pass. A small community of perhaps twenty-five persons did develop. For many years the post office at Rocky served ranches in the southern part of the South Park and in the South Platte Valley. Rocky was also a ranching and logging center.

Rocky was a stopping place for freighters bound westward. The post office was a log building with a dirt roof. All that remains of the community of Rocky is a small cemetery.

From Lake George and US Highway 24 drive west on Park County Road 92. About three miles from Lake George there is a ranch complex to the north of the road. This is in the vicinity of the location of Rocky.

Another half mile will bring you to an intersection with the road that leads to the Eleven Mile Reservoir.



ROCKY – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 23 1874 Post office moved from Sulphur Springs

Dec 23 1874 Hotchkins, John C.

May 28 1875 --- SW/4 NW/4 Sec 26 T12S R72W 4 miles west of the Platte River

About 4-1/2 miles south of Tarryall Creek

Sep 6 1875 Seitz, Charles E. Jun 5 1878 Weed, John

Sep 30 1879
Jun 14 1880
Jul 12 1880
Nov 17 1880
Feb 11 1885
Shute, Mrs. Augusta A.
Mahany, Augusta A.
Martland, George C.
Raynor, James
Caylor, Michael

Oct 31 1898 Discontinued Papers to Lake George

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 Rocky Col Feb 3 187- Aug 15 1898
MS Mscp Pen cancel

Mot bobs 88

SHAWNEE

The first post office in the vicinity of Shawnee was Fairville established in 1878. In 1882 the name was changed to Slaghts. Both of these offices were on the ranch belonging to Azel Slaght. In 1900 the post office was moved a half-mile and renamed Shawnee.

As Slaghts faded, neighboring Shawnee grew. The construction of a large hotel to serve visitors is attributed to a W. J. Price. Although the hotel was supposedly at Slaghts, it more likely was to the west and it is possible that the Slaghts Post Office was in the hotel prior to the move reported to the Post Office Department and the coincident change in name to Shawnee.

Although the name ties directly to the Shawnee Indian Tribe, it is more specifically tied to 11,822 foot Shawnee Peak located to the southwest of the community. Shawnee was also the name of the hotel built by Mr. Price.

Lumbering was a major activity in the area but a small resort community soon developed. Today Shawnee is still an active community with a number of summer homes and cabins. In 1972 the Shawnee Post Office was in the Shawnee Store, a small, red, single story building. In 1991 the post office was in a much larger, white, two-story building - the Shawnee Trading Post.

Shawnee is on US Highway 285, about four miles west of Bailey. The Shawnee Trading Post and Post Office are on a frontage road to the south of the highway.

As postmaster, the family name Price is dominant from 1886. In attempting to make sense of the Post Office Department Records of Postmaster Appointments I have difficulty squaring those records with the article, reproduced below, that appeared in the December 6, 1939 issue of the *Denver Post*.

61 YEARS IN POSTAL SERVICE - SHAWNEE POSTMASTER SERVES 61 YEARS

After sixty-one years of service, during which his office has had three different names, W. H. (Harry) Price, veteran postmaster at Shawnee, Colo., known to thousands of visitors and Denverites who have spent vacations in Park County, will be retired from the postal service on Jan. 31, 1940.

SHAWNEE – Continued

For twenty-one years before he was named postmaster, Harry Price was assistant to his father, the late James W. Price, who was postmaster at Slaghts, the name of which was changed to Fairville and later to Shawnee.

Slaghts, during the regime of the elder Price, was the first overnight stop for the Denver-Leadville stage coaches. And the elder Price, according to Park County legend, was the man who killed the last wild buffalo in Colorado in Lost Park, southeast of Shawnee.

W. H. Price was appointed postmaster at Shawnee April 19, 1900 by then postmaster general Charles Emory Smith. With the advent of civil service, Price took the examination in 1908 and during his almost forty-year tenure of office, he has not missed a single day of handling incoming and outgoing mail.

Azel Slaghts was the first settler and the first postmaster in the community now known as Shawnee, Price says. When he sold his 640-acre ranch to Ezra Fairchild—the ranch comprised the town of Slaghts, a sawmill, a good hotel, several store buildings and an expanse of mountain and valley—a problem arose about the handling of mail.

Nobody wanted the office because in those days it paid only \$6 or \$8 a month. If the post office closed, the people would have to go either to Bailey or Webster for mail—and there were no automobiles in those days, you traveled afoot or drove a horse.

So my father took the postmastership at Slaghts to keep the office from being closed. I was his assistant and a Price has been postmaster ever since.

Fairchild, Price recalls, was a real estate man who had visions of establishing a new resort town one-half mile west of Slaghts. The town was platted and given the name Fairview, but the promotion did not catch the public fancy. The platted streets remained ranch land.

Then came the railroad, the building of a large rustic lodge (which burned to the ground several years ago) and the town got its name Shawnee with Harry Price's appointment as postmaster in 1900. The post office has been housed in the same building ever since.

With Price's retirement next month the question of a post office for Shawnee again arises. There have been a number of applicants who desire to take the examination, but the question of a building for the post office is the present day problem.

Price is an amateur horticulturist and his general store adjacent to the post office for years has been the wonder of flower lovers because of his unusual success in growing plants usually considered difficult to grow. Among them is a lemon tree grown from a seed. While dwarf in size, the tree has been producing oversize fruit for a number of years.

He operated a soda fountain in the store for a time but when the increasing number of plants demanded more room, he closed the fountain to make space for them.

THE DENVER POST, 12/6/1939

Indeed, William H. Harry Price was appointed Shawnee Postmaster in 1900. But, that is only forty-one years of service, not sixty-one. John W. Price was postmaster at Slaghts from 1886 until 1888 and James W. Price followed him as Slaghts' postmaster from 1888 to 1900. Thus, the Price family served the area as postmasters for fifty-four years but still not sixty-one.

Then, there is W. J. Price who is credited with building the hotel at Slaghts/Shawnee. Could it be, and I think so, that the man's initials were transposed and it was James W. Price who built the hotel.

Note also the other error in this article: Fairville was the first name of the post office preceding Slaghts, not the reverse.

Latitude = 39:25:16 North Longitude = 105:33:13 West

SHAWNEE – Continued

Dec 15 1979

Sep 6 1980

Killen, Carolyn

Ottinger, Mrs. Dorothy M.

Chronology	of	the	Post	Office
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Sep 5 1878 SW/4 Sec 22 T7S R73W [Report filed for Fairville] 1/8 mile south of the North Fork of the South Platte River Azel Slaght - P.M. Apr 19 1900 Post Office Moved 1/2 mile from Slaghts Apr 19 1900 Price, William H. Jun 5 1900 ---NW/4 Sec 21 T7S R73W 1/4 mile south of the North Fork of the South Platte River Apr 30 1914 ---North Corner Sec 21 T7S R73W 1174 feet south of the North Fork of the Platte River 1254 feet south of the Colorado & Southern RR Mar 16 1940 ---N/4 Sec 21 T7S R73W New site, 35 feet west of previous site Platte River 1/4 mile north DeBernardi Lake 1/4 mile east of office Feb 1 1940 Bass, McDonald Assumed charge Feb 13 1940 Bass, McDonald Acting Nov 1 1940 Davis, Catherine A. Assumed charge Nov 16 1940 Davis, Catherine A. Acting Jan 8 1941 Davis, Catherine A. Confirmed Jan 29 1941 Davis, Catherine A. Commissioned Feb 1 1941 Davis, Catherine A. Assumed charge Oct 28 1941 ---NW/4 Sec 21 T7S R73W North Fork of the South Platte is 300 yards northeast of office Jan 6 1942 Thompson, Mrs. Ava E. Assumed charge Jan 21 1942 Thompson, Mrs. Ava E. Acting Mar 28 1942 Thompson, Mrs. Ava E. Confirmed Apr 9 1942 Thompson, Mrs. Ava E. Commissioned Thompson, Mrs. Ava E. Apr 16 1942 Assumed charge Jun 23 1945 Jordan, John C. Confirmed Jordan, John C. Commissioned Aug 3 1945 Aug 15 1945 Jordan, John C. Assumed charge Oct 10 1949 Hubbert, Don C. Assumed charge Oct 28 1949 Hubbert, Don C. Acting Jan 12 1950 Hubbert, Don C. Confirmed Feb 1 1950 Hubbert, Don C. Commissioned Feb 13 1950 Hubbert, Don C. **Assumed charge** Nov 30 1950 Landers, Lester F. Assumed charge Dec 11 1950 Landers, Lester F. Acting Mar 13 1951 Snedeker, Mrs. Lucia E. Assumed charge Mar 27 1951 Snedeker, Mrs. Lucia E. Acting Apr 4 1951 Snedeker, Mrs. Lucia E. Confirmed Apr 18 1951 Snedeker, Mrs. Lucia E. Commissioned Jun 30 1951 Snedeker, Mrs. Lucia E. Assumed charge Nov 30 1955 Murphy, Mrs. Edith J. Assumed charge Dec 16 1955 Murphy, Mrs. Edith J. Acting Feb 10 1956 Murphy, Mrs. Edith J. Confirmed Feb 17 1956 Murphy, Mrs. Edith J. **Appointment Rescinded** May 18 1956 Robinson, Mrs. Gladys A. Assumed charge May 31 1956 Robinson, Mrs. Gladys A. Acting Oct 19 1956 Robinson, Mrs. Gladys A. Assumed charge Oct 23 1956 Robinson, Mrs. Gladys A. **Appointed** Oct 31 1969 Schepler, Mrs. Iva L. Officer in charge Jul 31 1971 Schepler, Mrs. Iva L. **Appointed** Jul 31 1971 Schepler, Mrs. Iva L. Commissioned Jul 31 1971 Schepler, Mrs. Iva L. **Possession** Sep 27 1974 Baxley, Robert A. Jr. Officer in charge Mar 1 1975 Ottinger, Dorothy M. Appointed

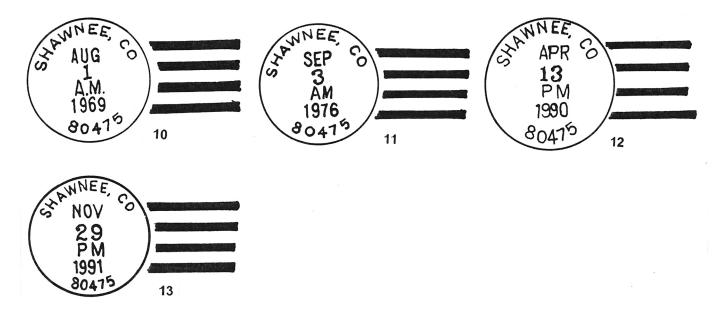
Officer in charge

Appointed

SHAWNEE – Continued

SHAW	NEE – Continued		
Confirm	ned types of postal markings		
1	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Nov 19 1901 Aug 29 1906
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Target, 4-ring	
2	SHAWNEE, / COLO.	1 0 /	Aug 7 1907 Aug 29 1912
	CI 10P 31.0	4bars P-23x14mm	
3	SHAWNEE, / COLO.		Aug 10 1919 Jul 31 1924
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x20mm	-
4	SHAWNEE. / COLO.		Aug 15 1928 Apr 5 1944
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-23x20mm	
5	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Aug 21 1944 Sep 3 1949
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x19mm	
6	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Jan 21 1957 Aug 5 1959
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x20mm	
7	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Sep 19 1961
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-??x20mm	
8	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Dec 26 1962 Feb 11 1963
	CI 10P 33.0	4bars S-25x19mm	
9	SHAWNEE / COLO.		Oct 11 1962 Sep 6 1963
4.0	CI 10P 34.0	4bars S-24x20mm	0 . 44 40 (
10	SHAWNEE, CO / 80475	42	Oct 31 1966 Oct 10, 1972
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x20mm	G 2407(G 2407(
11	SHAWNEE, CO / 80475	41 C 27 10	Sep 3 1976 Sep 3 1976
10	CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-25x18mm	T 100 1000 NF 00 1000
12	SHAWNEE, CO / 80475	41 6 25 20	Jul 29 1989 May 29 1990
12	CI 10P 34.5	4bars S-25x20mm	I 24 1001 Mar. 20 1002
13	SHAWNEE, CO / 80475 CI 10P 31.0	4bars S-25x18mm	Jun 24 1991 May 29 1993
(S)	NOV m 19 1901 CO10:	JL 2 M. 10	AUG 10 P.M. 1919
	AUG 22 P.M. 1942 COLO: 4	SWAWNER AUG 16 P.M. 1949 COLO:	JAN 21 P.M. 1957 COLO. 6
(c)	SEP 19 11AM 1961 COLO. 7	OCT 11 11AM 1962 COLO.	DEC 26 3 PM 1902 COLO: 9

SHAWNEE - Continued

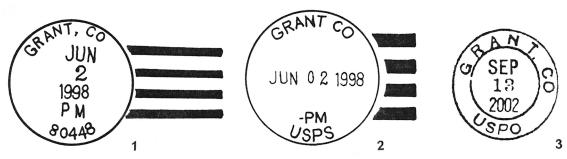


GRANT COMMUNITY POST OFFICE

Chronology of the Post Office

--- -- CPO Established

Confirmed types of postal markings



SLAGHTS

It has been reported that Azel Slaght established his ranch on the North Fork of the South Platte as early as 1860. For many years the ranch served as a stage station providing accommodations, changes of horses, food and water for travelers going to the South Park mines. With the arrival in 1878 of the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad, a post office was established at this location. The post office took the name of the railroad station—Fairville. It operated under that name until 1882 when the name was changed to Slaghts for rancher Azel Slaghts.

SLAGHTS – Continued

In addition to ranching, the lumber industry was a major activity. By 1888 Slaghts had become a popular summer resort. W. J. Price built a large hotel to serve visitors.

It does not seem that a community developed on the Slaghts ranch; however, there was growth to the west of the original location. In 1900 the post office was moved a half mile west and renamed Shawnee.

As previously described, Slaghts (Fairville) was located in the broad flats along the river that lie between present day Shawnee and the modern Platte Valley School. The location was on the south side of the river.



SLAGHTS, / COLO. May 11, 1887

Chronology of the Post Office

Sep 5 1878	 SW/4 Sec 22 T7S R73W [Report filed for Fairville]
_	1/8 mile south of the North Fork of the South Platte River
	Azel Slaght - P.M.
Feb 23 1882	Name changed from Fairville
Feb 23 1882	Herrick, William P.
Jun 20 1882	Clay, Washington K.
Oct 20 1884	Price, William H.
Dec 15 1884	Snyder, Charles T.
Jun 9 1886	Price, John W.
Jun 26 1886	Price, James W.
Apr 19 1900	Moved to Shawnee

Confirmed types of postal markings

01111	inea cypes of postar marinings		
1	Slaghts Colo		Jan 20 1886 Apr 5 1886
	MS	Mscp Pen cancel	
2	SLAGHTS, / COLO.	-	May 11 1887
	CI 21P 32.0/29.0/17.5	Hstp No killer	·
3	SLAGHTS / COL.	•	Feb 6 1893
	CI 10P 26.0	Hstp Not present	
4	SLAGHTS / COLO.		Nov 9 1893 Jul 15 1897
	CI 10P 27.5	Hstp Cork, Smudge	e

SLAGHTS – Continued









SOUTH PARK

South Park was an early stage station at the foot of the western slope of Kenosha Pass. That is the only definitive information that I have found.

It is easy to misinterpret references when attempting to locate this post office site. Fairplay was often referred to as South Park City and there is the South Park itself to help confuse the issue. The modern South Park City attraction at Fairplay has no relation to this 1870's post office.

Based solely on the reported location at the foot of Kenosha Pass, it is my belief that the South Park stage station and post office were at a large ranch complex on Snyder Creek, a short distance from where that stream emerges from the ridge that must be climbed to reach Kenosha Pass. The ranch is also visible from the scenic overlook at Kenosha Pass

To reach this location, drive north on US Highway 285 a little more than a mile from Jefferson. Turn east on Park County Road 56 and go two miles to the entrance to the Columbine Ranch. The ranch is a mixture of old and new buildings and its location would have made it a desirable place to rest before or after crossing Kenosha Pass.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 30 1874 --- Located on unsurveyed land Seven miles north of the Platte River

3 miles southwest of Tarryall Creek Grant 12 miles easterly Hamilton 12 miles westerly

May be in T8S R74W, according to second page of the document

Jun 18 1874 Established

Jun 18 1874 Brubaker, William A.

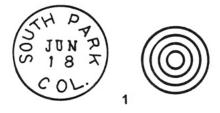
Jun 24 1879 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

SOUTH PARK / COL. CI 10P 24.0

Jul 18 187-

Hstp Target, 4-ring 17mm



SPINNEY

In my reading, I have found no mention of Spinney in the literature of Colorado. What is known is that Spinney was established as a station on the Colorado Midland Railroad. Located on the southern edge of the South Park I assume that it was a shipping point for livestock and timber. It seems doubtful that there was any organized community. It was only a few miles from the larger Howbert, which likely preempted the need for a post office at Spinney.

SPINNEY – Continued

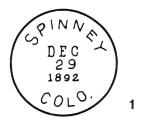
Follow the directions to Howbert and the Eleven Mile Reservoir via Park County Road 92 from Lake George. At the reservoir continue west along the north side of the reservoir six miles to Park County Road 59. Go south on Road 59 to where it turns southeast on the old Colorado Midland Railroad grade. Before the turn to the southeast there is a dirt road to the west. Spinney was about a mile west on that road. Nothing remains at that location but there are scattered ranches in the general area.

Chronology of the Post Office

Oct 7 1887 ---SW/4 Sec 31 T12S R73W 1/8 mile south of the South Platte River 118 feet east of Three Mile Creek A new station on a new road (Colorado Midland) **Proposed postmaster - Benjamin F. Spinney** Feb 14 1889 **Established** Feb 14 1889 Spinney, Benjamin F. Herring, Clyde L. May 22 1902 Aug 5 1904 Ordered closed Aug 31 1904 **Discontinued Mail to Howbert** Feb 4 1908 Re-established Feb 4 1908 Merideth, Henry Y. Sep 1 1908 Re-establishment order rescinded

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 SPINNEY / COLO. Dec 29 1892 Feb 13 1900 CI 10P 28.0 Hstp No killer



SPRINGER

I have found no reference to this place in the history of Colorado that I have read. Fortunately the Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report provides enough information to locate the Springer Post Office.

It was on the South Platte River in Eleven Mile Canyon, and on the north bank of the river opposite the mouth of Wagon Tongue Gulch.

Given the location of this post office and its short period of operation I do not have a good idea of why it was established. It is possible that it was somehow connected to the railroad or it was thought it might serve fishermen and campers along this stretch of the river.

The initial establishment (August 1901) was rescinded but was reinstated in June 1902. Four months later the post office was closed and did not reopen.

From US Highway 24 at Lake George, go south and around lake. Just after passing the lake there is a fork in the road. Keep to the left along the river. There is a sign that reads "7 Miles to Springer Gulch Campground". It lies. I clocked it at five and a half miles. The campground is marked and is located where the road crosses the river from the south side to the north side. The only structure there (2001) is a modern outhouse.

SPRINGER – Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

Aug 23 1901 Established

Aug 23 1901 Young, Owen A.
Jan 10 1902 Establishment rescinded

May 19 1902 --- NE/4 Sec 15 T13S R72W On north bank of the South Platte

100 yards north of the mouth of Wagon Tongue Creek

Proposed postmaster - Jesse O. Spurlock

Jun 2 1902 Establishment reinstated Jun 2 1902 Goetz, Louis J. Oct 3 1902 Ordered closed

Oct 15 1902 Discontinued Papers to Howbert

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM SPRINGER

STERLING

In the historical literature of Colorado there are several references to Sterling in Park County. All of them place it on Mosquito Creek and the road over Mosquito Pass to Oro City, later Leadville. What is not certain from the literature is where exactly on Mosquito Creek the town of Sterling was located. Some references equate it with the later Park or Park City, while others place it a short distance away. Most references also equate Sterling with the settlement of Mosquito.

There is no Post Office Geographical Site Location Report on file for Sterling. There is such a report for Park. The name on that document, as submitted, is Sterling. That was crossed out and Park was written in. However, that document is dated fourteen years after the Sterling Post Office was discontinued.

Norma Flynn in her *History of the Famous Mosquito Pass* reproduced the following document.

Certificate Of Incorporation

Of

The Mosquito Pass Wagon Road Company

Whereas we the undersigned being desirous of associating ourselves together as a company or body corporate under and by virtue of the general laws of the State of Colorado do hereby make this our certificate in writing, namely:

First, that the corporation name of the said company shall be the Mosquito Pass Wagon Road Company.

Second, the object of said company is to promote the industrial interests of the State of Colorado by building a wagon road commencing at or near the forks of Mosquito Creek above the town of Mosquito (sometimes called Sterling) in the County of Park and State of Colorado thence in a westerly direction and by the most feasible route over what is known as the Mosquito Range of mountains and through the Mosquito Pass and from thence down the western side of said mountain into *Evans gulch* in the County of Lake, State of Colorado.

This document would place Sterling (Mosquito) about two miles west of Park.

What I have come to suspect is that in 1862 Sterling was at or near the forks of Mosquito Creek. It was briefly a supply town for mining operations in that immediate area. Apparently those mines were of poor quality and soon played out. However, mining continued in the general area but settlement drifted down the valley to a more open area. The name Sterling may have still been attached to the newer community but in 1879 when a post office was again granted the Post Office Department decided it should be called Park.

Drive north from Fair Play on Colorado Highway 9 to Park County Road 1—the Mosquito Pass Road. Go west through the community of Park to the fork in the road. The road to the left follows South

STERLING - Continued

Mosquito Creek to some abandoned mining activity. The road to the right is along the main stream and goes on to Mosquito Pass.

The area at the forks of Mosquito Creek is heavily overgrown. There are signs of recent activity that may be related to attempts to reopen the London Mine but there is nothing visible that can be connected to an early 1860's settlement.

Chronology of the Post Office

Dec 23 1862 Established
Dec 23 1862 Leach, Samuel
Nov 17 1865 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM STERLING

SULPHUR SPRINGS

Sulphur Springs was an early way station along the road from Colorado Springs to Fair Play. It was named for the sulfur springs that are common in the area. The post office at Sulphur Springs lasted almost two years before it was moved to Rocky.

The scant mention of this Sulphur Springs in Colorado history provides very little information as to the reason for the post office, the activities there and the size of the settlement. From observation of what I believe was the location of Sulphur Springs I doubt that it was more than the way station and a rural post office. The move to Rocky would suggest that the new location had some advantage over Sulphur Springs – perhaps better water or a willing postmaster.

The Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report provides no definitive location for Sulphur Springs. One clue is that when the post office closed it was moved to Rocky, which suggests some degree of proximity.

After stopping at the site of Rocky, Jim Ozment and I continued west a half-mile to an intersection where we started to turn left towards the Eleven Mile Reservoir. Looking back and up the other branch of the intersection we saw a group of ranch buildings that were obviously old. There being little else in the area to recommend itself I suspect that this ranch may have been the location for Sulphur Springs.

Chronology of the Post Office

Mar 22 1873 --- Not reported Two miles north of the Platte River

13 miles south of Tarryall Creek 20 miles from both Fairplay and Florissant

Feb 7 1873 Established

Feb 7 1873 Sherman, Earl S. Jan 23 1874 Girton, Thompson Dec 23 1874 Moved to Rocky

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM SULPHUR SPRINGS

TARRYALL (I)

In July of 1859 a party from Gregory Gulch, led by William Holman and Earl Hamilton, and joined by six men from Wisconsin, succeeded in finding color on a stream in the northern portion of the South Park. A camp was established two miles downstream from their discovery. At first this camp was called Pound's Diggings in honor of Daniel Pound.

The camp soon took the name of Tarryall. There are several, similar versions for the origin of the name but all trace the origin to someone's statement that the camp was a good place to tarry all.

TARRYALL (I) - Continued

There was a rapid influx of prospectors that quickly led to conflict when the newcomers found all the best placer ground had been claimed and the claimants were unwilling to share with the new arrivals.

Many moved across the creek, by then called Tarryall Creek and established another community to be named Hamilton. Others went deeper into the South Park and settled at Fair Play. That name was a backhanded reference to Tarryall, which the refugees labeled Grab All.

Early in the history of the settlement it became obvious that a frequent lack of water would be a serious hindrance to placer mining. By 1875 the water problems had intensified and the best placers had played out. Eventually the few remaining residents moved to nearby Como.

In later years extensive dredging of the area obliterated all remnants of Tarryall.

From Como drive north on Forest Service Road 404 – the road to Boreas Pass and Breckenridge. Tarryall and Hamilton were in the brush-covered flats and dredge tailings where Road 404 crosses Tarryall Creek. Do not confuse this early Tarryall with the later turn-of-the-century Tarryall that was located many miles further down Tarryall Creek and a few miles north of US Highway 24.

Chronology of the Post Office

No document was found in the Park County Geographic Site Location Reports.

Jan 4 1860 Established

Jan 4 1860 Sansom, Irwin T. Dec 5 1861 Curtice, William J.

Sep 29 1863 Discontinued



Tarry All K.T. November 1, 1860

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 Tarry All K.T Nov 1 1860 Dec 13 1860 MS Mscp Pen cancel

2 Tarry All Nov 28 1861

MS Mscp Pen cancel

Tany all KIB Tarry all Nov 28 Paid

TARRYALL (II)

In 1896 Rocky Mountain Jim, a veteran gold-seeker, found an outcropping of gold, silver and lead ore in the southeastern corner of the South Park in the Puma Hills. Rocky Mountain Jim may have been J. V. Malone.

C. W. Dilman from Denver laid out a 50-acre townsite that took the name Puma City for its location. However, when the post office opened it was under the name of Tarryall, for nearby Tarryall Creek.

Within a year the population had peaked at 1,000, but the ores were not extensive and by 1905 the population was down to only twenty-five. There was some recovery, as the settlement became a summer resort with access to lots of good fishing. The surrounding ranches also helped to keep the town going.

Today, Tarryall is a mixture of abandoned buildings, renovated cabins and some new buildings. One of the derelicts is a large building that appears to have been a store and could quite likely have been home to the post office. As you approach Tarryall from the south, the well-maintained former school building has become the Tarryall Community Center. Although it no longer has a post office, this Tarryall is not a ghost town.

Starting from US Highway 24, west of Lake George, drive north on Park County Road 77 three miles to the 1914 location of Hayman and then another ten miles to Tarryall. From Tarryall you can continue north to the sites of Mountaindale and Bordenville and then on to US Highway 285 at Jefferson.

Latitude = 39:07:19 North Longitude = 105:28:30 West



Abandoned building at Tarryall – This building may have been a store and possibly the post office.

Photograph by William H. Bauer

May 17, 2004

TARRYALL (II) - Continued

Chronology of the Post Office

May 16 1896 ---Secs 5-6 T11S R72W NE/4 SE/4 Sec 6, SE/4 NE/4 Sec 6, NW/4 SW/4

Sec 5, SW/4 NW/4 Sec 5 1 mile west of Tarryall Creek

Proposed postmaster - John H Gilman

Sep 19 1896 **Established**

Gilman, John H. Sep 19 1896 Jan 17 1900 Lewis, Della S. Aug 21 1903 Bay, Mary C. Sep 14 1906 Kleinknecht, Emil

Sep 30 1909 **Discontinued Mail to Florissant**

Dec 19 1914 Re-established

Dec 19 1914 Denny, Charlotte A.

Jun 19 1916 ---SE/4 Sec 32 T10S R72W A move 3/4 mile northeast of a previous location

1/4 mile south of Tarryall Creek

Jul 28 1916 Peterson, Bettie C.

Jul 16 1917 SW/4 Sec 5 T11S R72W A move 3/4 mile southwest of previous location

3/4 mile south of Tarryall Creek

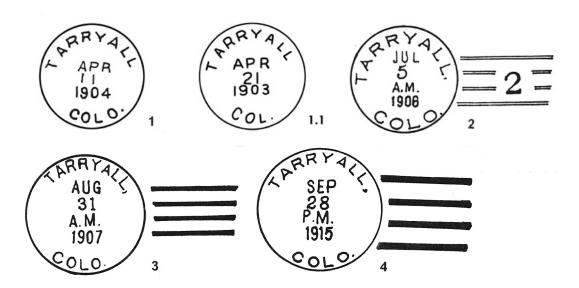
Jul 27 1917 Patten, May M. Jul 25 1923 Derby, Sidney M. Confirmed Hayslip, Mrs. Jessie D. Jan 1 1932 Assumed charge Jan 5 1932 Hayslip, Mrs. Jessie D. Acting

Mar 2 1933 **Ordered closed**

Mar 31 1933 Discontinued Mail to Lake George

Confirmed types of postal markings

1	TARRYALL / COLO.	Sep 20 1898 Apr 11 1904
	CI 10P 28.0	Hstp Not recorded
1.1	TARRYALL / COL.	Apr 21 1903
	CI 10P ??.0	Hstp Target May be type B1 with final O removed
2	TARRYALL, / COLO.	May 26 1905 Jan 28 1907
	CI 10P 28.0	Doane Type 2 with 2, S-25x13mm
3	TARRYALL, / COLO.	Aug 31 1907 Dec 9 1907
	CI 10P 31.5	4bars S-23x13mm
4	TARRYALL, / COLO.	Jul 2 1915 Dec 23 1924
	CI 10P 32.0	4bars S-24x19mm



TIMBERTON

A post office was authorized for this place but the establishment was soon rescinded and there is no Geographical Site Location Report for Timberton.

The name in itself implies that this might have been a lumber camp or perhaps high up in the timber. The name does not appear in the Colorado history that I have read.

Kenneth Jessen in *Ghost Towns Colorado Style, Volume Two - Central Region* does describe a site that could possibly be Timberton.

High in Mill Gulch at an elevation of 11,000 feet, south of Guanella Pass, stands a ghost camp, which supported a small lumber mill. The name of this place is a mystery. The remains of two substantial log cabins sit in an open meadow, while below in the trees a short distance away once sat a larger structure, possibly a boarding house. Facing into the gully is the foundation of a small lumber mill as evidenced by the piles of slash and mounds of sawdust.

This lumber camp is but a short distance west of the abandoned Geneva Basin ski area, however, access up Mill Gulch is restricted to foot travel.

Unfortunately I can not find Mill Gulch on my maps. Mr. Jessen also mentions Quartzville in the same chapter. Perhaps these two places were one and the same and the foundation of a small lumber mill might place Timberton at the same place.

Until more definitive information can be found, Timberton remains one of the two post offices in Park County for which I have no location information.

Chronology of the Post Office

No document was found in the Park County Geographic Site Location Reports.

May 26 1898 Established

May 26 1898 McConnell, James H.
Oct 27 1898 Establishment rescinded

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM TIMBERTON

TRUMP

Trump was a ranch post office several miles south of modern US Highway 24. There may also have been a store at Trump – a logical combination with a remote ranch post office. In spite of reports of a town it seems unlikely that there was more than a single ranch at either of the locations that were reported to the Post Office Department.

I have no information relative to the source of the name for this post office. The Post Office Department Geographic Site Location Report requested La Crosse but that was rejected in favor of Trump.

From Antero Junction, drive east on US 24 about four miles to a road to the south. The start of this road is not well marked and Jim Ozment and I missed it and had to backtrack to it. It is Park County Road 55. Follow it south for six miles on a somewhat wandering course. Road 55 ends when it intersects the east-west Park County Road 136. Be careful to stay with the main route of travel. This portion of Park County contains an abundance of ranch roads going in all directions.

The 1930 location of Trump was three-quarters of a mile to the west of this intersection. In 2002, the only thing at that location was a stock water tank. However, the presence of water could be indicative of previous habitation.

TRUMP – Continued

Return to the intersection of Roads 55 and 136 and continue east on Road 136 for one mile plus. A couple hundred yards south of the road and fence line there are remnants of a collapsed building. That would be the 1927 location of Trump.

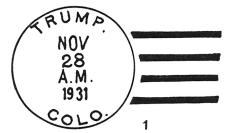
Latitude = 38:50:57 North Longitude = 105:47:16 West

Chronology of the Post Office

Jul 23 1927	NW/4 Sec 1 T14S R76W 10 miles so	outh of the South Platte 1 mile west of Aget Creek
	Applicant for postmaster - G. Wood	burn
May 1 1928	Established	
May 1 1928	Woodburn, Gustavus W.	
Jan 9 1930	Coleman, Mrs. Elizabeth	Possession
Jan 16 1930	Coleman, Mrs. Elizabeth	Acting
Aug 8 1930	Wilmot, Mrs. Vangelle E.	Possession
Aug 23 1930	NW/4 Sec 3 T14S R76W A move 2-	1/2 miles west of a previous location
	6 miles south of the South Platte	-
Sep 4 1930	Wilmot, Mrs. Vangelle E.	Acting
Nov 26 1930	Wilmot, Mrs. Vangelle E.	Appointed
Nov 26 1930	Wilmot, Mrs. Vangelle E.	Confirmed
Oct 30 1931	Ordered closed	
Nov 30 1931	Discontinued Mail to Buena Vista	

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 TRUMP, / COLO. Nov 28 1931 Nov 30 1931 CI 10P 32.0 4bars S-24x19mm



TRURO

Truro is another of the Park County post offices whose location is debatable. The Post Office Department Geographical Site Location Report gives only a township and range for the location and that it was located on West Four Mile Creek.

Notations in the Rogers File state that Truro was on Fourmile Creek and Slater Creek and that it was two miles west of the Teller County line; another reference places Truro one mile west of the county line.

I have no information as to the source of the name Truro. There is no evidence that Truro was more than a ranch post office, although there might have been some nearby minor mining activity during the time of the Cripple Creek boom.

Since the Post Office Department considered Truro to be in Park County, the location at Fourmile and Slater Creeks does not fit. I suspect that the location was in the vicinity of where both Cottonwood and Cobb Creeks, from the northwest, join Fourmile Creek.

TRURO - Continued

That location is on Park County Road 132 about two miles west of the Park-Teller County line. Drive northeast from Guffey on Park County Road 59 to Park County Road 132 and turn east. Go to the county line and then backtrack to the location. There is an active ranch north of the road.

Do not confuse this Fourmile Creek with the Fourmile Creek near Fair Play, on which Horseshoe and Leavick were located.

Chronology of the Post Office

May 14 1887 --- T15S R71W 25 miles north of the Arkansas River

On the north bank of West Four Mile or Oil Creek

Proposed postmaster - Richard Tremayne

Aug 11 1887 Established

Aug 11 1887 Tremayne, Richard

Sep 11 1895 Discontinued Mail to Cripple Creek

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 TRURO / COLO. Aug 18 18--

CI 10P? Hstp Not recorded [NOT AVAILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION]

WADLEIGH

This is the second of the two post offices in Park County for which I have no location. The only mention of Wadleigh that I have found is in the Rogers File and that is no help as it simply states, "Once a post office."

The post office was authorized but the establishment was soon rescinded. Such action usually means that there was a problem in confirming the postmaster. He changed his mind, moved or could not post the required bond. Had it come into existence it is unlikely that it would have been more than a rural or ranch post office. Any information you can offer relative to this place would be appreciated.

Chronology of the Post Office

No document was found in the Park County GeographicSite Location Reports.

Jun 24 1895 Established

Jun 24 1895 Bryant, Mack Alexander Nov 11 1895 Establishment rescinded

Confirmed types of postal markings

NO POSTAL MARKINGS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM WADLEIGH

WEBSTER

George A Crofutt states that, For some time Webster, *first known as Hall Valley*, was the jumping off place for the thousands who were headed for the mining camps [SRM: a paraphrase, not a direct quote]. The equating of Webster to Hall Valley appears incorrect since the post offices that bore those names were for many years in operation concurrently. Hall Valley was about five miles further up the Platte River towards Webster Pass.

In 1878 William and Emerson Webster opened a road from the Platte River via Handcart Gulch to Montezuma in Summit County. The crossing of the Continental Divide became known as Webster Pass. In 1878 the Denver, South Park, and Pacific Railroad reached the foot of the final grade to Kenosha Pass. They established an end of track settlement to serve as a construction camp for the railroad. The station and the town took the name of Webster. Until the railroad was completed over Kenosha Pass Webster was the transshipment point for freight and passengers going further to the west and as such was a busy and thriving settlement.

WEBSTER – Continued

Surprisingly Webster survived beyond the end of construction. It was at a favorable location to service the railroad's activities over the pass and reportedly there were coke ovens at Webster.

The site of Webster is at the eastern foot of Kenosha Pass, somewhat east of the junction of US Highway 285 with Forest Service Road 120, and about three miles west of Grant. As late as 1988 there were still some old buildings on the slope north of US 285. Unfortunately someone thought they would make a nice bonfire and the old buildings are gone.

Latitude = 39:27:27 North Longitude = 105:43:11 West

Chronology of the Post Office

May 7 1877 **Established** May 7 1877 Smith, James J. NW/4 Sec 7 T7S R74W 50 feet north of the South Platte Mar 30 1885 ---500 feet west of Kenosha Creek Dec 11 1885 Dake, C. W. May 3 1886 Grow, Mrs. Sarah H. Jun 5 1886 Carrell, Chauncy C. Jun 22 1892 Lamping, Joseph A. May 9 1904 Ordered closed May 31 1904 **Discontinued Mail to Grant** Jun 1 1904 Closing order rescinded Re-established Jun 11904 Jun 11904 Street, Claude E. Jan 14 1905 Tracy, Gladwin Sep 30 1909 **Discontinued Mail to Grant**



WEBSTER, / PARK CO. / COLORADO.

WEBSTER - Continued

Confirmed types of postal markings Webster Col. Jan 22 1879 Feb 16 1879 MS Mscp Cork, smudge 2 WEBSTER / COLO. Oct 28 188-Hstp Not recorded [NOT AVAILABLE FOR ILLUSTRATION] CI 10P 26.0 3 WEBSTER, / COLO. Jun 23 1883 Jul 29 1885 CI 20P 27.5/25.5 Hstp Target, 4-ring 17mm 4 WEBSTER, / PARK CO. / COLORADO. Dec 13 1887 Jan 19 1890 OV 20P 39x21/37x19 Hstp Fancy, Star in circle 5 WEBSTER, / COLO. Aug 2 1890 Dec 26 1894 CI 20P 33.0/29.5 Hstp Fancy, 5 double line, closed bars, P=20x20

6 WEBSTER / COLO.

CI 10P 27.0

WEBSTER / COLO.

TO WEBSTER / COLO.

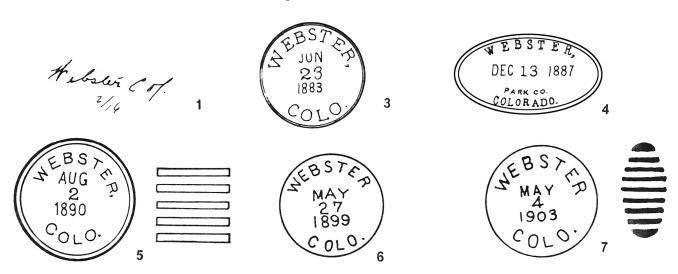
CI 10P 29.0

May 27 1899 Sep 11 1901

Hstp Not recorded

May 4 1903 Jul 17 1903

Dplx Grid, 9-bar oval



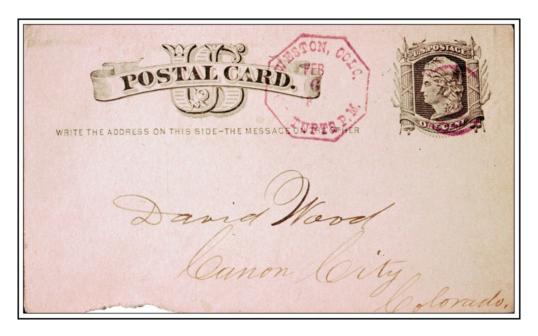
WESTON

In 1879 construction of the Denver, South Park and Pacific Railroad reached this location. Weston was developed as an end-of-track town and for short time was a booming community. During the period of construction Weston was the place where freight and passengers were offloaded from the trains for shipment further west. A large volume of the traffic went over Weston Pass to the Arkansas Valley and then north to booming Leadville. Once Leadville was connected by rail the need for the Weston Pass route was virtually eliminated and the town of Weston disappeared.

In late May 2001 Jim Ozment and I were returning from the Arkansas Valley. As we approached the road to Weston Pass (Park County Road 22) we remarked on the scattered construction activity to the east of US Highway 285. We decided to investigate and about a mile north of Road 22 turned east on a side road. This is a good road but was unidentified. It goes nearly straight east for a bit more than four miles. At that point the road turns sharply to the north. I realized that we were close to where I had spotted the location of Weston. There was a road to south, apparently a farm road but with no fences or gates to stop us. We drove a mile south and encountered the old railroad grade at the section corner where I had plotted Weston. From the Jeep, other than the railroad grade, nothing was to be seen. We got out and began examining the site. We quickly found much evidence of previous habitation – rusted tin cans, broken glass – typical trash to be expected from an ephemeral railroad camp.

From where we turned south, you can continue north and east and in about two miles will come to Colorado Highway 9 at Garo.

WESTON – Continued



WESTON, COLO. / C. W. TUFTS, P.M.

February 6, 1880

Chronology of the Post Office

Nov 12 1877 --- SE/4 Sec 28 T11S R76W 2-1/2 miles south of the South Platte River

1/2 mile north of High Creek 200 feet from Depot, Denver & South Park RR.

Proposed postmaster - Charles W. Tufts

Nov 4 1879 Established

Nov 4 1879 Tufts, Charles W.

1

Feb 24 1880 Discontinued

Confirmed types of postal markings

1 WESTON, COLO. / C.W.TUFTS P.M. Dec 13 1879 Feb 6 1880 OC 10P 27.0 Hstp Target, 4-ring 18mm





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ROGERS FILE

This is a card file of information on places and place names in Colorado, collected by James Grafton Rogers. It is available on microfilm at the History Colorado Library, Denver.

NEWSPAPERS

PARK COUNTY REPUBLICAN & FAIRPLAY FLUME; Thursday March 3, 1955; Thursday March 17, 1955; Thursday November 10, 1955

GEOGRAPHIC SITE LOCATION REPORTS OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

These are documents filed with applications for the approval of a new post office, at the time of a move of a post office and upon periodic requests of the Post Office Department. The documents may include a detailed location using the Federal Land Survey System, references of distance to local streams and rivers, to railroads and to nearby existing post offices.

A GALLERY OF PARK COUNTY COVERS

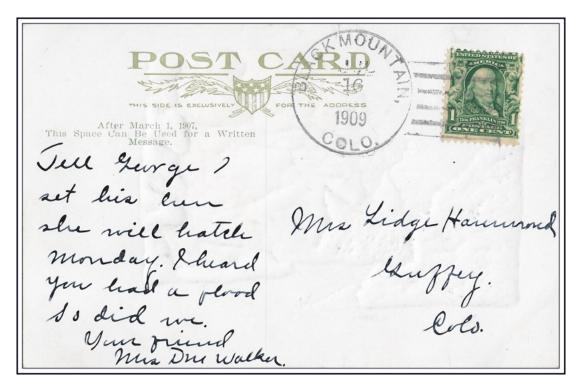


Alma Col February 16th (187-)



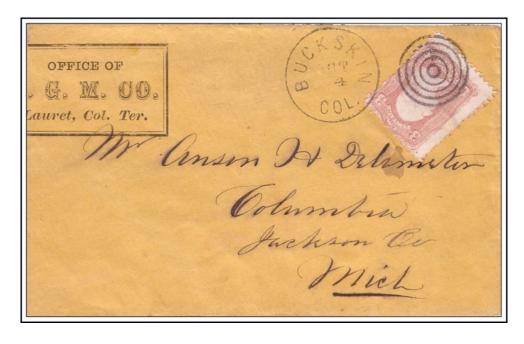
ALMA / COLO.

August 12, (187-)



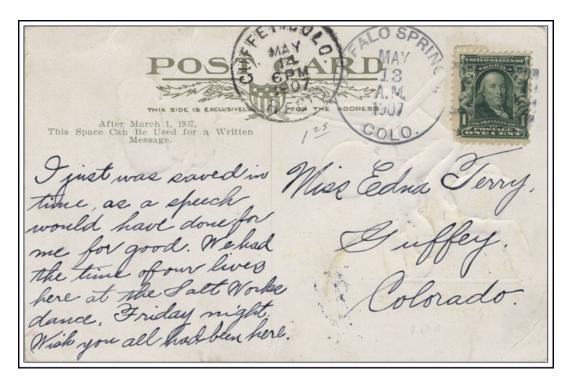
BLACK MOUNTAIN, / COLO.

July 16, 1909



BUCKSKIN / COL.

October 4, (186-)



BUFFALO SPRINGS, / COLO.

May 13, 1907



CASSELLS / COLO.

September 5, 1909 Note wavy bars

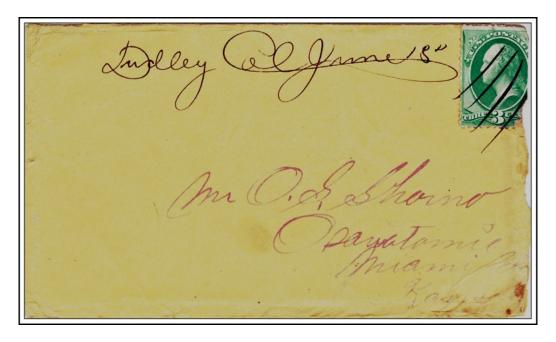


COMO, PARK CO., / COLORADO. October 21, 1883



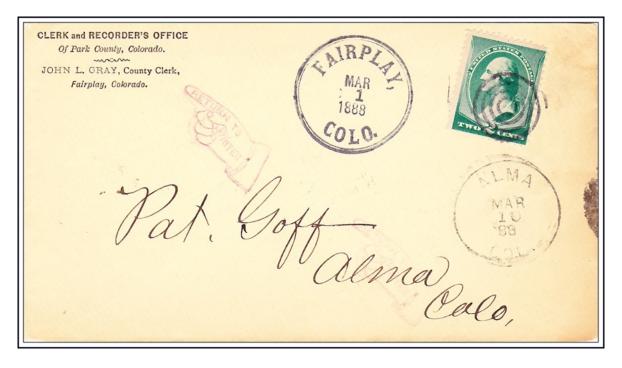
DAKE / COL.

May 16, 188-



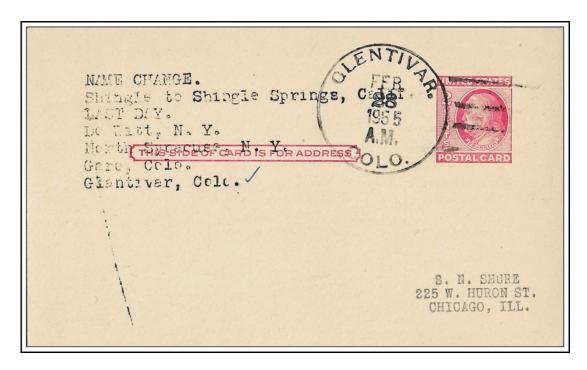
Dudley Col

June 15 (1873)



FAIRPLAY, / COLO.

March 1, 1888



GLENTIVAR, / COLO.

February 28, 1955



Grant Colo

June 24, 1871



GUFFEY, / COLO.

August 4, 1910



Hall Valley Col

July 3, 1876



HAMILTON / K.T.

May 17, (1861)



HAMILTON / C. T

September 29 (186-)



Hartsel

August 26 (1875)



HARTSEL, / COLO.

November 2, 1909



HORSESHOE, COLORADO

September 9, 1881



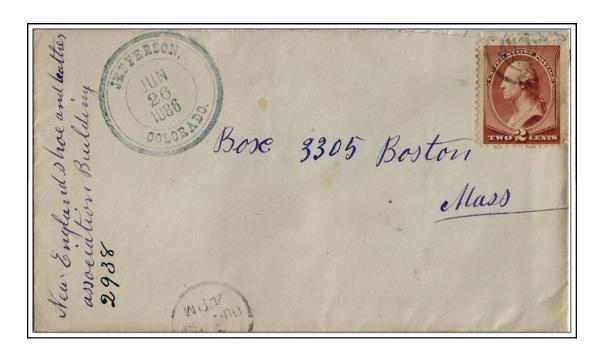
HOWBERT, / COLO.

May 19,



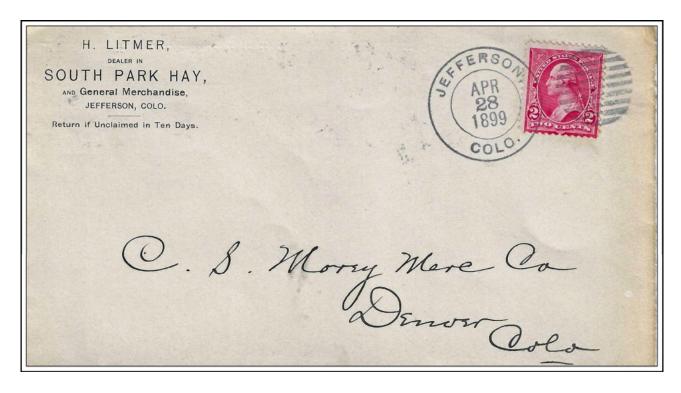
INSMONT, / COLO.

July 30, 1907



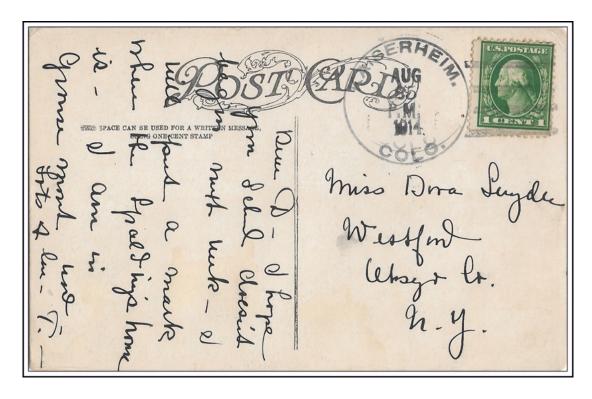
JEFFERSON, / COLORADO.

June 26, 1886



JEFFERSON, / COLO.

April 28, 1899



KAISERHEIM, / COLO.

August 25, 1914



KING, / COLO.

September 28, 1888



LAURET / C.T

February 22 (186-)



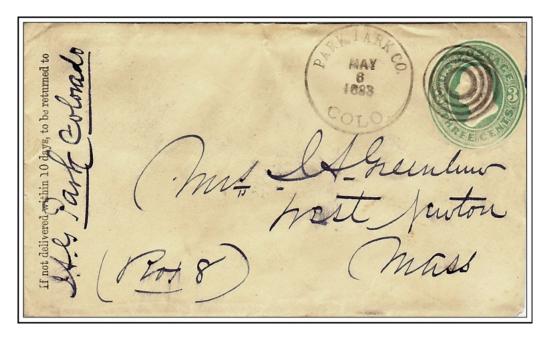
LONDON, PARK CO. / COLO.

December 3, 1883



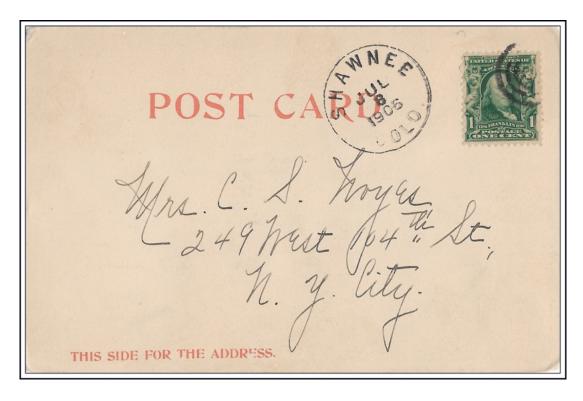
MONTGOMERY CITY / C. T.

July 29, (186-)



PARK, PARK CO. / COLO.

May 6, 1883



SHAWNEE / COLO.

July 8, 1906



WEBSTER, / COLO.

August 2, 1890